# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q	
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MUUTIVA DIEDI A DEDUDI DIIDSII	ANT TO SECTION 13 (	OR 15(d) OF THE SECTION	DITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1034
⊠□QUARTERLY REPORT PURSU.			MITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1954
	For the quarterly perio	od ended June 30, 2018	
□□TRANSITION REPORT PURSU.	ANT TO SECTION 13 (	OR 15(d) OF THE SECUI	RITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the tr	ansition period from	to	
	Commission File N	Number 001-35272	
		<b>S BANCORP,</b> as specified in its charter)	INC.
ILLINOIS (State of other jurisdiction of incorporat	ion or organization)	(I.R.S. E	37-1233196 mployer Identification No.)
1201 Network Centre D Effingham, IL (Address of principal executiv			<b>62401</b> (Zip Code)
(	, ,	<b>42-7321</b> mber, including area code)	
Indicate by check mark whether the registra Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months been subject to such filing requirements for	(or for such shorter perio	d that the registrant was re	
Indicate by check mark whether the registra Data File required to be submitted and poste months (or for such shorter period that the r	ed pursuant to Rule 405 of	Regulation S-T (§232.405	of this chapter) during the preceding 12
Indicate by check mark whether the registra company, or an emerging growth company. company," and "emerging growth company	See the definitions of "lar	ge accelerated filer," "accel	
Large accelerated filer $\square$ Acceler Emerging growth company $\boxtimes$	ated filer ⊠	Non-accelerated filer $\square$	Smaller reporting company $\square$
If an emerging growth company, indicate by with any new or revised financial accounting			
Indicate by check mark whether the registra	nt is a shell company (as c	defined in Rule 12b-2 of the	e Act). □ Yes ⊠ No
As of July 31, 2018, the Registrant had 23,6	75,274 shares of outstand	ing common stock, \$0.01 p	ar value.

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# PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION ITEM 1 – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# MIDLAND STATES BANCORP, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	_	June 30, 2018 (unaudited)	De	cember 31, 2017
Assets	(	unuuuneuj		
Cash and due from banks	\$	274,568	\$	214,519
Federal funds sold		1,763		683
Cash and cash equivalents		276,331	_	215,202
Investment securities available for sale, at fair value		704,585		450,525
Equity securities, at fair value		3,416		_
Loans		4,095,811		3,226,678
Allowance for loan losses		(18,246)		(16,431)
Total loans, net		4,077,565		3,210,247
Loans held for sale, at fair value		41,449		50,089
Premises and equipment, net		94,783		76,162
Other real estate owned		3,911		5,708
Nonmarketable equity securities		44,278		34,796
Accrued interest receivable		14,800		11,715
Mortgage servicing rights, at lower of cost or fair value		52,381		56,352
Mortgage servicing rights held for sale		4,806		10,176
Intangible assets		41,081		16,932
Goodwill		164,044		98,624
Cash surrender value of life insurance policies		137,681		113,366
Accrued income taxes receivable		4,569		8,358
Deferred tax assets, net		11,956		12,024
Other assets		52,964		42,425
Total assets	\$	5,730,600	\$	4,412,701
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity				
Liabilities:				
Deposits:				<b>=</b> 0.4.4.0
Noninterest-bearing	\$	1,001,802	\$	724,443
Interest-bearing		3,158,055		2,406,646
Total deposits		4,159,857		3,131,089
Short-term borrowings		114,536		156,126
FHLB advances and other borrowings		678,873		496,436
Subordinated debt		94,053		93,972
Trust preferred debentures		47,559		47,330
Accrued interest payable		3,737		2,531
Other liabilities	_	39,450		35,672
Total liabilities		5,138,065		3,963,156
Shareholders' Equity:				
Preferred stock, Series H, \$2 par value; \$1,000 per share liquidation value; 2,636 shares authorized, issued and outstanding at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017		2,876		2,970
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 40,000,000 shares authorized; 23,664,596 and 19,122,049 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively		237		191
Capital surplus		472,207		330,148
Retained earnings		119,522		114,478
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income		(2,307)		1,758
Total shareholders' equity		592,535		449,545
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	5,730,600	\$	4,412,701

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME—(UNAUDITED)

(dollars in thousands, except per share data)

		Three Mo		nded				
		2018		2017		2018		2017
Interest income:								
Loans:								
Taxable	\$	50,699	\$	30,254	\$	91,730	\$	58,327
Tax exempt		802		323		1,269		640
Loans held for sale		295		720		723		1,489
Investment securities:								
Taxable		3,756		1,563		6,399		2,802
Tax exempt		1,235		942		2,251		1,854
Nonmarketable equity securities		482		239		881		457
Federal funds sold and cash investments		1,014		487		1,535		798
Total interest income		58,283		34,528		104,788		66,367
Interest expense:						,		
Deposits		5,005		2,807		9,122		5,193
Short-term borrowings		116		82		240		162
FHLB advances and other borrowings		2,582		841		4,453		1,407
Subordinated debt		1,514		873		3,028		1,746
Trust preferred debentures		780		525		1,474		998
Total interest expense	_	9,997	_	5,128	_	18,317		9,506
Net interest income	_	48,286		29,400		86,471		56,861
Provision for loan losses		1,854		458		3,860		1,991
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	_	46,432		28,942		82,611		54,870
	_	40,432	-	20,342	-	02,011	-	34,070
Noninterest income:		226		4.150		2.050		10.040
Commercial FHA revenue		326		4,153		3,656		10,848
Residential mortgage banking revenue		2,116		2,330		3,534		5,246
Wealth management revenue		5,417		3,406		9,599		6,279
Service charges on deposit accounts		2,693		1,122		4,660		2,014
Interchange revenue		2,929		1,114		4,974		2,092
(Loss) gain on sales of investment securities, net		(70)		55		(5)		122
Gain (loss) on sales of other real estate owned		166		(4)		473		32
Other income	_	2,371		1,443		5,662		3,328
Total noninterest income	_	15,948		13,619		32,553	_	29,961
Noninterest expense:								
Salaries and employee benefits		23,467		21,842		51,862		38,957
Occupancy and equipment		4,708		3,472		8,960		6,655
Data processing		4,852		2,949		9,138		5,746
FDIC insurance		539		468		1,087		838
Professional		3,575		3,142		7,649		6,134
Marketing		1,411		804		2,617		1,446
Communications		699		386		2,246		932
Loan expense		552		482		1,076		902
Other real estate owned		166		167		256		579
Amortization of intangible assets		1,576		579		3,251		1,104
Other expense		5,008		3,354		8,013		5,149
Total noninterest expense		46,553		37,645		96,155		68,442
Income before income taxes	_	15,827		4,916		19,009		16,389
Income taxes		3,045		1,377		4,421		4,360
Net income		12,782		3,539		14,588		12,029
Preferred stock dividends and premium amortization		36		19		72		19
Net income available to common shareholders	\$	12,746	\$	3,520	\$	14,516	\$	12.010
Per common share data:	Ψ	12,770	Ψ	5,520	Ψ	14,010	Ψ	12,010
	\$	0.53	\$	0.21	\$	0.64	\$	0.73
Basic earnings per common share	\$ \$	0.53	\$	0.21	\$	0.64	\$	0.73
Diluted earnings per common share				16,803,724		22,365,927		
Weighted average diluted common shares outstanding		23,815,436						16,272,929
Weighted average diluted common shares outstanding		24,268,111	-	17,320,089	4	22,817,472		16,838,416

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME—(UNAUDITED)

#### (dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Mont June		nded
		2018		2017		2018	2017	
Net income	\$	12,782	\$	3,539	\$	14,588	\$	12,029
Other comprehensive (loss) income:								
Investment securities available for sale:								
Unrealized (losses) gains that occurred during the period		(2,252)		2,173		(5,589)		2,941
Reclassification adjustment for realized net losses (gains) on sales of								
investment securities included in net income		70		(55)		5		(122)
Income tax effect		595		(822)		1,519		(1,095)
Change in investment securities available for sale, net of tax		(1,587)		1,296		(4,065)		1,724
Investment securities held to maturity:								
Amortization of unrealized gain on investment securities transferred								
from available-for-sale		_		(33)		_		(58)
Income tax effect		_		13		_		23
Change in investment securities held to maturity, net of tax		_		(20)		_		(35)
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax		(1,587)		1,276		(4,065)		1,689
Total comprehensive income	\$	11,195	\$	4,815	\$	10,523	\$	13,718

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# ${\bf CONSOLIDATED\ STATEMENTS\ OF\ SHAREHOLDERS'\ EQUITY} \color{red} \color{blue} \textbf{-(UNAUDITED)}$

# SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017

(dollars in thousands, except per share data)

							Accumulated other	Total
	P	referred stock		mmon stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	comprehensive (loss) income	shareholders' equity
Balances, December 31, 2017	\$	2,970	\$	191	\$ 330,148	\$ 114,478	\$ 1,758	
Net income				_	_	14,588	_	14,588
Compensation expense for stock option grants		_		_	202	_	_	202
Amortization of restricted stock awards		_		_	629	_	_	629
Preferred dividends declared		_		_	_	(166)	_	(166)
Preferred stock, premium amortization		(94)		_	_	94	_	_
Common dividends declared (\$0.44 per share)				_	_	(9,472)	_	(9,472)
Acquisition of Alpine Bancorporation, Inc.				45	139,876	_	_	139,921
Issuance of common stock under employee benefit plans		_		1	1,352	_	_	1,353
Other comprehensive loss		_			_	_	(4,065)	(4,065)
Balances, June 30, 2018	\$	2,876	\$	237	\$ 472,207	\$ 119,522	\$ (2,307)	\$ 592,535
Balances, December 31, 2016	\$	_	\$	155	\$ 209,712	\$ 112,513	\$ (610)	\$ 321,770
Net income		_	_	_		12,029		12,029
Compensation expense for stock option grants		_		_	273		_	273
Amortization of restricted stock awards		_		_	393	_	_	393
Preferred dividends declared		_		_	_	(19)	_	(19)
Common dividends declared (\$0.40 per share)		_		_	_	(6,322)	_	(6,322)
Acquisition of CedarPoint Investment Advisors, Inc.		_		1	3,350		_	3,351
Acquisition of Centrue Financial Corporation		3,134		32	112,480	_	_	115,646
Issuance of common stock under employee benefit plans				3	3,139	_	_	3,142
Other comprehensive income		_		_	í —	_	1,689	1,689
Balances, June 30, 2017	\$	3,134	\$	191	\$ 329,347	\$ 118,201	\$ 1,079	\$ 451,952

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS—(UNAUDITED)

(dollars in thousands)

(works in allowants)		Siv Mont	be End	a.d
	Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2018		2017
Cash flows from operating activities:	\$	14.500	œ.	12.020
Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	Э	14,588	\$	12,029
Provision for loan losses		3,860		1,991
Depreciation on premises and equipment		3,083		2,339
Amortization of intangible assets		3,251		1,104
Compensation expense for stock option grants		202		273
Amortization of restricted stock awards		629		393
Increase in cash surrender value of life insurance Investment securities amortization, net		(1,737)		(1,227) 671
Loss (gain) on sales of investment securities, net		1,814 5		(122)
Gain on sales of other real estate owned		(473)		(32)
Impairment of other real estate owned		126		171
Origination of loans held for sale		(251,501)		(434,547)
Proceeds from sales of loans held for sale		269,899		472,979
Proceeds from sales of mortgage servicing rights held for sale		13,101		
Gain on loans sold and held for sale		(5,372)		(15,679)
Amortization of mortgage servicing rights		1,671		2,747
Impairment of mortgage servicing rights		633		1,726
Loss on mortgage servicing rights held for sale  Net change in operating assets and liabilities:		188		_
Accrued interest receivable		1,329		256
Accrued interest payable		667		235
Accrued income taxes receivable		3,789		3,153
Other assets		(8,994)		8,466
Other liabilities		(640)		(5,526)
Net cash provided by operating activities		50,118		51,400
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Investment securities available for sale:				
Purchases		(59,031)		(134,037)
Sales		16,869		8,623
Maturities and payments		71,483		137,464
Investment securities held to maturity: Purchases				(2,707)
Maturities				5,835
Equity securities:				3,033
Purchases		(29)		_
Sales		7,733		_
Net increase in loans		(86,122)		(179,387)
Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment		183		250
Purchases of premises and equipment		(4,087)		(2,767)
Purchases of nonmarketable equity securities		(14,045)		(5,056)
Sales of nonmarketable equity securities Proceeds from sales of other real estate owned		6,601 3,226		3,818 3,340
Net cash acquired (paid) in acquisition		36,153		(18,519)
Net cash used in investing activities		(21,066)	_	(183,143)
Cash flows from financing activities:		(21,000)		(105,145)
Net (decrease) increase in deposits		(82,362)		186,821
Net (decrease) increase in short-term borrowings		(41,590)		24,638
Proceeds from FHLB borrowings		657,000		177,357
Payments made on FHLB borrowings		(491,257)		(149,857)
Proceeds from other borrowings		_		39,964
Payments made on other borrowings		(1,429)		(341)
Cash dividends paid on preferred stock		(166)		(19)
Cash dividends paid on common stock		(9,472)		(6,322)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock under employee benefit plans  Net cash provided by financing activities		1,353 32,077		3,142 275,383
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$	61,129	\$	143,640
	D.	01,129	J.	143,040
Cash and cash equivalents:  Beginning of period	\$	215,202	\$	190,716
End of period	¢	276,331	\$	334.356
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:	Ф	270,331	Ψ	554,550
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:  Cash payments for:				
Interest paid on deposits and borrowed funds	\$	17,111	S	8,996
Income tax paid	Ψ	528	Ψ	630
Supplemental disclosures of noncash investing and financing activities:		020		000
Transfer of loans to other real estate owned	\$	765	\$	2,004
Transfer of premises and equipment to assets held for sale		_		1,748
Transfer of mortgage servicing rights at lower of cost or market to mortgage servicing rights held for sale		3,649		_

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(UNAUDITED)

#### Note 1 - Business Description

Midland States Bancorp, Inc. (the "Company," "we," "our," or "us") is a diversified financial holding company headquartered in Effingham, Illinois. Its wholly owned banking subsidiary, Midland States Bank (the "Bank"), has branches across Illinois and in Missouri and Colorado, and provides a broad array of traditional community banking and other complementary financial services, including commercial lending, residential mortgage origination, wealth management, merchant services and prime consumer lending. We also originate and service government sponsored mortgages for multifamily and healthcare facilities through our subsidiary, Love Funding Corporation ("Love Funding"), based in Washington, D.C. Our commercial equipment leasing and finance business, which operates on a nationwide basis, was brought directly into the Bank under the name Midland Equipment Finance beginning in January 2018.

On February 28, 2018, we completed the acquisition of Alpine Bancorporation, Inc. ("Alpine") and its banking subsidiary, Alpine Bank & Trust Co. ("Alpine Bank"), as more fully described in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements. Through the Alpine acquisition, we greatly expanded our commercial and retail banking presence in northern Illinois. After the acquisition, Alpine Bank operated as a subsidiary of the Company until its merger into the Bank in July 2018.

Our principal business activity has been lending to and accepting deposits from individuals, businesses, municipalities and other entities. We have derived income principally from interest earned on loans and leases and, to a lesser extent, from interest and dividends earned on investment securities. We have also derived income from noninterest sources, such as: fees received in connection with various lending and deposit services; wealth management services; residential mortgage loan originations, sales and servicing; and, from time to time, gains on sales of assets. Our income sources also include Love Funding's commercial Federal Housing Administration ("FHA") loan origination and servicing income. Our principal expenses include interest expense on deposits and borrowings, operating expenses, such as salaries and employee benefits, occupancy and equipment expenses, data processing costs, professional fees and other noninterest expenses, provisions for loan losses and income tax expense.

#### Note 2 – Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The consolidated financial statements of the Company are unaudited and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on March 6, 2018. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") and conform to predominant practices within the banking industry. Management of the Company has made a number of estimates and assumptions related to the reporting of assets and liabilities to prepare the consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Actual results may differ from those estimates. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring accruals considered necessary for a fair presentation of the results of operations for the interim periods presented herein, have been included. Certain reclassifications of 2017 amounts have been made to conform to the 2018 presentation. Management has evaluated subsequent events for potential recognition or disclosure. Operating results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2018.

#### **Principles of Consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the parent company and its subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. Assets held for customers in a fiduciary or agency capacity, other than trust cash on deposit with the Bank, are not assets of the Company and, accordingly, are not included in the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements.

#### **Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Standards**

FASB Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" - In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") amended existing guidance related to revenue from contracts with customers. This amendment supersedes and replaces nearly all existing revenue recognition guidance, including industry-specific guidance, establishes a new control-based revenue recognition model, changes the basis for deciding when revenue is recognized over time or at a point in time, provides new and more detailed guidance on specific topics and expands and improves disclosures about revenue. The Company adopted ASU 2014-09 and all subsequent amendments to the ASU (collectively referred to as Topic 606) on January 1, 2018. Topic 606 does not apply to revenue associated with financial instruments, including revenue from loans and investment securities. In addition, certain noninterest income streams such as commercial FHA revenue, residential mortgage banking revenue and gain on sales of investment securities, net are also not in scope of the new guidance. Topic 606 is applicable to noninterest income streams such as wealth management revenue, service charges on deposit accounts, interchange revenue, gain on sales of other real estate owned, and certain other noninterest income streams. The impact of applying this standard to the Company's consolidated financial statements was determined to be immaterial because the Company's revenue recognition pattern for revenue streams within the scope of ASU 2014-09 did not change significantly from current practice. We elected to implement this standard using the modified retrospective approach, with the cumulative effect recorded as an adjustment to opening retained earnings at January 1, 2018. Since the impact of applying the standard was determined to be immaterial, the Company did not record a cumulative effect adjustment to beginning retained earnings on January 1, 2018. See "Note 17 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers" for further discussion on the Company's policies for revenue sources within the scope of Topic 606.

FASB ASU 2016-01, "Financial Instruments - Overall (Subtopic 825-10) - Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities." — In January 2016, the FASB issued this standard, which is intended to improve the recognition and measurement of financial instruments. This standard, among other things: (i) requires equity investments, with certain exceptions, to be measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in net income; (ii) simplifies the impairment assessment of equity investments without readily determinable fair values by requiring a qualitative assessment to identify impairment; (iii) eliminates the requirement for public business entities to disclose the methods and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value that is required to be disclosed for financial instruments measured at amortized cost on the balance sheet; (iv) requires public business entities to use the exit price notion when measuring the fair value of financial instruments for disclosure purposes; (v) requires an entity to present separately, in other comprehensive income, the portion of the total change in the fair value of a liability resulting from a change in the instrument-specific credit risk when the entity has elected to measure the liability at fair value in accordance with the fair value option for financial instruments; (vi) requires separate presentation of financial assets and financial liabilities by measurement category and form of financial asset on the balance sheet or the accompanying notes to the financial statements; and (vii) clarifies that an entity should evaluate the need for a valuation allowance on a deferred tax asset related to available-for-sale securities. The adoption of ASU No. 2016-01 on January 1, 2018 did not have a material impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

FASB ASU 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)" - In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)." This update revises the model to assess how a lease should be classified and provides guidance for lessees and lessors, when presenting right-of-use assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet. Under the new guidance, lessees will be required to recognize the following for all leases, with the exception of short-term leases, at the commencement date: (1) a lease liability, which is a lessee's obligation to make lease payments arising from a lease, measured on a discounted basis; and (2) a right-of-use asset, which is an asset that represents the lessee's right to use, or control the use of, a specified asset for the lease term. Under the new guidance, lessor accounting is largely unchanged. This update is effective for us on January 1, 2019, with early adoption permitted. We have not yet decided whether we will early adopt the new standard. A modified retrospective transition approach is required for leases existing at, or entered into after, the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the consolidated financial statements, with certain practical expedients available. In July 2018, the FASB issued supplementary ASU No. 2018-11, which provides for an additional transition method permitting application of the new leases standard at the beginning of the year of adoption. The Company developed and is currently executing on a project plan for implementing the provisions of the new lease standard. While we have not yet determined the overall impact of the new guidance on the Company's consolidated financial statements, we expect to report increased assets and liabilities on our consolidated statement of financial condition as a result of recognizing right-of-use assets and lease liabilities related to non-cancelable operating lease agreements for office space and certain equipment, which currently are not on our consolidated statement of financial condition.

FASB ASU 2016-13, "Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments" - In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, "Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments." The objective of this update is to improve financial reporting by providing timelier recording of credit losses on loans and other financial instruments held by financial institutions and other organizations. The ASU requires an organization to measure all expected credit losses for financial assets held at the reporting date based on historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts. Financial institutions and other organizations will use forward-looking information to better understand their credit loss estimates. For public companies that are filers with the SEC, this update is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2019. Early application is permitted for any organization for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2018. The Company has formed a cross functional committee that has overseen the enhancement of existing technology required to source and model data for the purposes of meeting this standard. The committee is also in the process of finalizing the contract with a vendor to assist in generating loan level cash flows and disclosures. While the Company generally expects to recognize a one-time cumulative effect adjustment to the allowance for loan losses as of the beginning of the first reporting period in which the new standard is effective, the Company cannot yet determine the magnitude of any such one-time adjustment or the overall impact of the new guidance on the Company's consolidated financial statements. The Company is continuing to evaluate the potential impact on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets.

FASB ASU 2017-02, Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Targeted Improvements to Accounting for Hedging Activities" — In August 2017, the FASB issued this standard the objectives of which are to (1) improve the transparency and understandability of information conveyed to financial statement users about an entity's risk management activities by better aligning the entity's financial reporting for hedging relationships with those risk management activities; and (2) reduce the complexity of and simplify the application of hedge accounting by preparers. This standard is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018; early adoption is permitted. The Company currently does not designate any derivative financial instruments as formal hedging relationships, and therefore, does not utilize hedge accounting. However, the Company is currently evaluating this standard to determine whether its provisions will enhance the Company's ability to employ risk management strategies, while improving the transparency and understanding of those strategies for financial statement users.

FASB ASU 2018-02, "Income Statement – Reporting Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income" – In February 2018, ASU 2018-02 was issued following the enactment of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, which changed the Company's federal income tax rate from 35% to 21%. This standard allows an entity to elect a reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings for stranded tax effects resulting from the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act. The standard is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018 although early adoption is permitted. The impact of this ASU on the Company's consolidated financial statements was not material.

#### Note 3 – Acquisitions

Alpine Bancorporation, Inc.

On February 28, 2018, the Company completed its acquisition of Alpine and its banking subsidiary, Alpine Bank, which operated 19 locations in northern Illinois. In the aggregate, the Company acquired Alpine for consideration valued at approximately \$173.2 million, which consisted of approximately \$33.3 million in cash and the issuance of 4,463,200 shares of the Company's common stock. The acquisition was accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting. Accordingly, the Company recognized amounts for identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed at their estimated acquisition date fair values, while \$13.0 million of transaction and integration costs associated with the acquisition have been expensed during 2017 and the first six months of 2018, and remaining integration costs will be expensed in future periods as incurred.

Management's preliminary valuation of the tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed, which are based on assumptions that are subject to change, and the resulting allocation of the consideration paid for the allocation is reflected in the table below. Prior to the end of the one-year measurement period for finalizing the consideration paid allocation, if information becomes available which would indicate adjustments are required to the allocation, such adjustments will be included in the allocation in the reporting period in which the adjustment amounts are determined.

#### Centrue Financial Corporation

On June 9, 2017, the Company completed its acquisition of Centrue Financial Corporation ("Centrue") and its banking subsidiary, Centrue Bank, which operated 20 full-service banking centers located principally in northern Illinois. In the aggregate, the Company acquired Centrue for consideration valued at approximately \$176.6 million, which consisted of approximately \$61.0 million in cash and the issuance of 3,219,238 shares of the Company's common stock, 181 shares of Series G preferred stock and 2,635.5462 shares of Series H preferred stock. The acquisition was accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting. Accordingly, the Company recognized amounts for identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed at their estimated acquisition date fair values, while \$17.4 million of transaction and integration costs associated with the acquisition have been expensed during 2017 and the first six months of 2018.

As of June 30, 2018, the Company finalized its valuation of all assets acquired and liabilities assumed in its acquisition of Centrue, resulting in no material change to acquisition accounting adjustments. A summary of the fair value of the assets acquired, liabilities assumed and resulting goodwill are included in the table below.

Assets acquired:         \$ 69,459 \$ 42,461           Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 69,459 \$ 42,461           Investment securities, at fair value         301,800         149,013           Loans         786,186         679,582           Loans held for sale         3,416         531           Premises and equipment         181,25         17,147           Other real estate owned         53         4,983           Nomarketable equity securities         2,038         8,168           Accrued interest receivable         4,414         2,376           Mortgage servicing rights         —         1,933           Mortgage servicing rights held for sale         3,942         —           Intangible assets         27,400         11,070           Cash surrender value of life insurance policies         22,578         36,349           Deferred tax assets, net         —         3,432         —           Total assets acquired         1,244,182         990,208           Liabilities assumed:         —         1,343           Deposits         1,111,130         739,867           Short-term borrowings         —         14,434           FHLB advances and other borrowings         18,227         95,332 <tr< th=""><th>(dollars in thousands)</th><th>Alpine</th><th>_</th><th>Centrue</th></tr<>	(dollars in thousands)	Alpine	_	Centrue
Investment securities, at fair value         301,800         149,013           Loans         786,186         679,828           Loans held for sale         3,416         531           Premises and equipment         18,126         17,147           Other real estate owned         53         4,983           Nommarketable equity securities         2,038         8,168           Accrued interest receivable         4,414         2,376           Mortgage servicing rights         —         1,933           Mortgage servicing rights held for sale         3,942         —           Intangible assets         27,400         11,070           Cash surrender value of life insurance policies         22,578         36,349           Deferred tax assets, net         —         34,339           Other assets         4,770         2,256           Total assets acquired         1,111,130         739,867           Total assets acquired         1,111,130         739,867           Short-term borrowings         —         14,434           FHLB advances and other borrowings         18,127         95,332           Tust preferred debentures         —         7,565           Accrued interest payable         53         2,75	<u> </u>			
Loans         786,186         679,582           Loans held for sale         3,416         531           Premises and equipment         18,126         17,147           Other real estate owned         53         4,983           Nonmarketable equity securities         2,038         8,168           Accrued interest receivable         4,414         2,376           Mortgage servicing rights         -         1,933           Mortgage servicing rights held for sale         3,942         -           Intangible assets         27,400         11,070           Cash surrender value of life insurance policies         22,578         36,349           Deferred tax assets, net         -         34,339           Other assets         4,770         2,256           Total asset acquired         1,244,182         990,208           Liabilities assumed:         -         14,434           Epoposits         1,111,130         739,867           Short-term borrowings         18,127         95,332           Trust preferred debentures         -         7,565           Accrued interest payable         539         2,75           Other liabilities net         1,994         -           Other liabilities as	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 69,459	\$	42,461
Loans held for sale         3,416         531           Premises and equipment         18,126         17,147           Other real estate owned         53         4,983           Nonmarketable equity securities         2,038         8,168           Accrued interest receivable         4,414         2,376           Mortgage servicing rights         -         1,933           Mortgage servicing rights held for sale         3,942         -           Intangible assets         27,400         11,070           Cash surrender value of life insurance policies         22,578         36,349           Deferred tax assets, net         4,770         2,256           Total assets acquired         1,244,182         990,208           Libilities assumed         1,111,130         739,867           Short-term borrowings         1,111,130         739,867           Short-term borrowings         1,111,130         739,867           Short-term borrowings         1,111,130         739,867           Short-term borrowings         1,111,130         7,565           Accrued interest payable         53         2,75           Deferred tax liabilities, net         1,904         -           Other liabilities assumed         1,00	Investment securities, at fair value	301,800		149,013
Premises and equipment         18,126         17,147           Other real estate owned         53         4,983           Nonmarketable equity securities         2,038         8,168           Accrued interest receivable         4,414         2,376           Mortgage servicing rights         —         1,933           Mortgage servicing rights held for sale         3,942         —           Intangible assets         27,400         11,070           Cash surrender value of life insurance policies         22,578         36,349           Deferred tax assets, net         —         34,339           Other assets         4,770         2,256           Total assets acquired         1,244,182         990,208           Liabilities assumed:         1,111,130         739,867           Short-term borrowings         18,127         95,332           Thus preferred debentures         —         7,565           Accrued interest payable         539         275           Deferred tax liabilities, net         1,994         —           Other liabilities         4,500         3,000           Total liabilities assumed         1,136,290         861,073           Net assets acquired         10,7892         12,913 </td <td>Loans</td> <td>786,186</td> <td></td> <td>679,582</td>	Loans	786,186		679,582
Other real estate owned         53         4,983           Nonmarketable equity securities         2,038         8,168           Accrued interest receivable         4,414         2,376           Mortgage servicing rights         —         1,933           Mortgage servicing rights held for sale         3,942         —           Intangible assets         27,400         11,070           Cash surrender value of life insurance policies         22,578         36,349           Deferred tax assets, net         —         4,770         2,256           Total assets acquired         1,244,182         990,208           Liabilities assumed:         —         1,434           Short-term borrowings         1,111,130         739,867           Short-term borrowings         18,127         95,332           Trust preferred debentures         —         7,565           Accrued interest payable         539         275           Deferred tax liabilities, net         1,194         —           Other liabilities assumed         1,136,290         861,073           Net assets acquired         107,892         129,135           Goodwill         65,335         47,444           Total consideration paid         \$ 173,227	Loans held for sale	3,416		531
Nommarketable equity securities         2,038         8,168           Accrued interest receivable         4,414         2,376           Mortgage servicing rights         -         1,933           Mortgage servicing rights held for sale         3,942         -           Intangible assets         27,400         11,070           Cash surrender value of life insurance policies         22,578         36,349           Deferred tax assets, net         -         34,339           Other assets         4,770         2,256           Total assets acquired         1,244,182         990,208           Liabilities assumed:         -         14,434           Epopsits         1,111,130         739,867           Short-tern borrowings         18,127         95,332           Trust preferred debentures         -         7,565           Accrued interest payable         539         275           Accrued interest payable         539         275           Other liabilities, net         1,994         -           Other liabilities assumed         1,136,290         861,073           Net assets acquired         107,892         129,135           Goodwill         65,335         47,444           Total	* *	18,126		17,147
Accrued interest receivable         4,414         2,376           Mortgage servicing rights         —         1,933           Mortgage servicing rights held for sale         3,942         —           Intangible assetts         27,400         11,070           Cash surrender value of life insurance policies         22,578         36,349           Deferred tax assets, net         —         34,339           Other assets         4,770         2,256           Total assets acquired         1,244,182         990,208           Liabilities assumed:         —         1,434           Elabilities assumed summers         —         14,434           FHLB advances and other borrowings         18,127         95,332           Trust preferred debentures         —         7,565           Accrued interest payable         539         275           Deferred tax liabilities, net         1,994         —           Other liabilities assumed         1,136,290         861,073           Net assets acquired         107,892         129,135           Goodwill         65,335         47,444           Total consideration paid         \$ 173,227         \$ 176,579           Intangible assets:         \$ 21,100         \$ 11,070	Other real estate owned	53		4,983
Mortgage servicing rights         —         1,933           Mortgage servicing rights held for sale         3,942         —           Intangible assets         27,400         11,070           Cash surrender value of life insurance policies         22,578         36,349           Deferred tax assets, net         —         34,339           Other assets         4,770         2,256           Total assets acquired         1,244,182         990,208           Liabilities assumed:         —         1,434           PHLB advances and other borrowings         1,111,130         739,867           Short-term borrowings         —         1,434           FHLB advances and other borrowings         18,127         95,332           Trust preferred debentures         —         7,565           Accrued interest payable         539         275           Deferred tax liabilities, net         1,994         —           Other liabilities         4,500         3,600           Total liabilities assumed         1,136,290         861,073           Net assets acquired         107,892         129,135           Goodwill         65,335         47,444           Total consideration paid         5 173,227         176,579 </td <td>1 /</td> <td>2,038</td> <td></td> <td>8,168</td>	1 /	2,038		8,168
Mortgage servicing rights held for sale         3,942         —           Intangible assets         27,400         11,070           Cash surrender value of life insurance policies         22,578         36,349           Deferred tax assets, net         —         34,339           Other assets         4,770         2,256           Total assets acquired         1,244,182         990,208           Liabilities assumed:         —         14,448           Deposits         1,111,130         739,867           Short-term borrowings         —         14,436           FHLB advances and other borrowings         18,127         95,332           Trust preferred debentures         —         7,565           Accrued interest payable         539         275           Deferred tax liabilities, net         1,994         —           Other liabilities assumed         1,136,290         36,000           Total liabilities assumed         1,136,290         861,073           Net assets acquired         107,892         129,135           Goodwill         65,335         47,444           Total consideration paid         \$ 173,227         \$ 176,579           Intangible assets:         Core deposit intangible         6,300	Accrued interest receivable	4,414		2,376
Intangible assets         27,400         11,070           Cash surrender value of life insurance policies         22,578         36,349           Deferred tax assets, net         —         34,339           Other assets         4,770         2,256           Total assets acquired         1,244,182         990,208           Liabilities assumed:         —         1,111,130         739,867           Short-term borrowings         1,111,130         739,867           Short-term borrowings         18,127         95,332           Trust preferred debentures         —         7,565           Accrued interest payable         539         275           Deferred tax liabilities, net         1,994         —           Other liabilities         4,500         3,600           Total liabilities assumed         1,136,290         861,073           Net assets acquired         107,892         129,135           Goodwill         65,335         47,444           Total consideration paid         \$ 173,227         \$ 176,579           Intangible assets:         Core deposit intangible         6,300         —           Customer relationship intangible         6,300         —           Total intangible assets         \$	Mortgage servicing rights	_		1,933
Cash surrender value of life insurance policies         22,578         36,349           Deferred tax assets, net         34,339           Other assets         4,770         2,256           Total assets acquired         1,244,182         990,208           Liabilities assumed:		3,942		_
Deferred tax assets, net         34,339           Other assets         4,770         2,256           Total assets acquired         1,244,182         990,208           Liabilities assumed:		27,400		11,070
Other assets         4,770         2,256           Total assets acquired         1,244,182         990,208           Liabilities assumed:           Deposits         1,111,130         739,867           Short-term borrowings         1,111,130         739,867           Short-term borrowings         1,81,27         95,332           Trust preferred debentures         -         7,565           Accrued interest payable         539         275           Deferred tax liabilities, net         1,994         -           Other liabilities         4,500         3,600           Total liabilities assumed         1,136,290         861,073           Net assets acquired         107,892         129,135           Goodwill         65,335         47,444           Total consideration paid         \$ 173,227         \$ 176,579           Intangible assets:           Core deposit intangible         \$ 21,100         11,070           Customer relationship intangible         6,300         -           Total intangible assets         \$ 27,400         \$ 11,070		22,578		36,349
Total assets acquired         1,244,182         990,208           Liabilities assumed:         Toposits         1,111,130         739,867           Short-term borrowings         1,111,130         739,867           Short-term borrowings         18,127         95,332           Trust preferred debentures         -         7,565           Accrued interest payable         539         275           Deferred tax liabilities, net         1,994         -           Other liabilities         4,500         3,600           Total liabilities assumed         1,136,290         861,073           Net assets acquired         107,892         129,135           Goodwill         65,335         47,444           Total consideration paid         5,335         47,444           Total consideration paid         \$ 173,227         \$ 176,579           Intangible assets:         \$ 21,100         \$ 11,070           Customer relationship intangible         6,300         -           Total intangible assets         \$ 27,400         \$ 11,070           Estimated useful lives:	Deferred tax assets, net	_		34,339
Liabilities assumed:       739,867         Deposits       1,111,130       739,867         Short-term borrowings       —       14,434         FHLB advances and other borrowings       18,127       95,332         Trust preferred debentures       —       7,565         Accrued interest payable       539       275         Deferred tax liabilities, net       1,994       —         Other liabilities       4,500       3,600         Total liabilities assumed       1,136,290       861,073         Net assets acquired       107,892       129,135         Goodwill       65,335       47,444         Total consideration paid       \$ 173,227       176,579         Intangible assets:       21,100       11,070         Customer relationship intangible       6,300       —         Total intangible assets       \$ 27,400       11,070         Estimated useful lives:	Other assets			2,256
Deposits         1,111,130         739,867           Short-term borrowings         —         14,434           FHLB advances and other borrowings         18,127         95,332           Trust preferred debentures         —         7,565           Accrued interest payable         539         275           Deferred tax liabilities, net         1,994         —           Other liabilities         4,500         3,600           Total liabilities assumed         1,136,290         861,073           Net assets acquired         107,892         129,135           Goodwill         65,335         47,444           Total consideration paid         \$ 173,227         \$ 176,579           Intangible assets:         \$ 21,100         \$ 11,070           Customer relationship intangible         6,300         —           Total intangible assets         \$ 27,400         \$ 11,070           Estimated useful lives:	Total assets acquired	1,244,182		990,208
Short-term borrowings         —         14,434           FHLB advances and other borrowings         18,127         95,332           Trust preferred debentures         —         7,565           Accrued interest payable         539         275           Deferred tax liabilities, net         1,994         —           Other liabilities         4,500         3,600           Total liabilities assumed         1,136,290         861,073           Net assets acquired         107,892         129,135           Goodwill         65,335         47,444           Total consideration paid         \$ 173,227         \$ 176,579           Intangible assets:         Core deposit intangible         \$ 21,100         \$ 11,070           Customer relationship intangible         6,300         —           Total intangible assets         \$ 27,400         \$ 11,070           Estimated useful lives:	Liabilities assumed:			
FHLB advances and other borrowings         18,127         95,332           Trust preferred debentures         -         7,565           Accrued interest payable         539         275           Deferred tax liabilities, net         1,994         -           Other liabilities         4,500         3,600           Total liabilities assumed         1,136,290         861,073           Net assets acquired         107,892         129,135           Goodwill         65,335         47,444           Total consideration paid         \$ 173,227         \$ 176,579           Intangible assets:         Core deposit intangible         \$ 21,100         \$ 11,070           Customer relationship intangible         6,300         -           Total intangible assets         \$ 27,400         \$ 11,070           Estimated useful lives:	Deposits	1,111,130		739,867
Trust preferred debentures         —         7,565           Accrued interest payable         539         275           Deferred tax liabilities, net         1,994         —           Other liabilities         4,500         3,600           Total liabilities assumed         1,136,290         861,073           Net assets acquired         107,892         129,135           Goodwill         65,335         47,444           Total consideration paid         \$ 173,227         \$ 176,579           Intangible assets:         Core deposit intangible         \$ 21,100         \$ 11,070           Customer relationship intangible         6,300         —           Total intangible assets         \$ 27,400         \$ 11,070           Estimated useful lives:	Short-term borrowings	_		14,434
Accrued interest payable         539         275           Deferred tax liabilities, net         1,994         —           Other liabilities         4,500         3,600           Total liabilities assumed         1,136,290         861,073           Net assets acquired         107,892         129,135           Goodwill         65,335         47,444           Total consideration paid         \$ 173,227         \$ 176,579           Intangible assets:         Core deposit intangible         \$ 21,100         \$ 11,070           Customer relationship intangible         6,300         —           Total intangible assets         \$ 27,400         \$ 11,070           Estimated useful lives:	FHLB advances and other borrowings	18,127		95,332
Deferred tax liabilities, net         1,994         —           Other liabilities         4,500         3,600           Total liabilities assumed         1,136,290         861,073           Net assets acquired         107,892         129,135           Goodwill         65,335         47,444           Total consideration paid         \$ 173,227         \$ 176,579           Intangible assets:           Core deposit intangible         \$ 21,100         \$ 11,070           Customer relationship intangible         6,300         —           Total intangible assets         \$ 27,400         \$ 11,070           Estimated useful lives:	Trust preferred debentures	_		7,565
Other liabilities         4,500         3,600           Total liabilities assumed         1,136,290         861,073           Net assets acquired         107,892         129,135           Goodwill         65,335         47,444           Total consideration paid         \$ 173,227         \$ 176,579           Intangible assets:           Core deposit intangible         \$ 21,100         \$ 11,070           Customer relationship intangible         6,300         —           Total intangible assets         \$ 27,400         \$ 11,070           Estimated useful lives:	Accrued interest payable	539		275
Total liabilities assumed         1,136,290         861,073           Net assets acquired         107,892         129,135           Goodwill         65,335         47,444           Total consideration paid         \$ 173,227         \$ 176,579           Intangible assets:           Core deposit intangible         \$ 21,100         \$ 11,070           Customer relationship intangible         6,300         —           Total intangible assets         \$ 27,400         \$ 11,070           Estimated useful lives:	Deferred tax liabilities, net	1,994		_
Net assets acquired         107,892         129,135           Goodwill         65,335         47,444           Total consideration paid         \$ 173,227         \$ 176,579           Intangible assets:         \$ 21,100         \$ 11,070           Customer relationship intangible         6,300         —           Total intangible assets         \$ 27,400         \$ 11,070           Estimated useful lives:         \$ 27,400         \$ 11,070	Other liabilities	4,500		3,600
Goodwill         65,335         47,444           Total consideration paid         \$ 173,227         \$ 176,579           Intangible assets:         \$ 21,100         \$ 11,070           Customer relationship intangible         6,300         —           Total intangible assets         \$ 27,400         \$ 11,070           Estimated useful lives:         \$ 27,400         \$ 11,070	Total liabilities assumed	1,136,290		861,073
Total consideration paid \$ 173,227 \$ 176,579  Intangible assets:  Core deposit intangible \$ 21,100 \$ 11,070 \$ 10,000 \$ 11,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 1	Net assets acquired	107,892		129,135
Intangible assets:  Core deposit intangible Customer relationship intangible Total intangible assets  S 21,100 \$ 11,070  6,300 —  Total intangible assets \$ 27,400 \$ 11,070  Estimated useful lives:	Goodwill	65,335		47,444
Intangible assets:  Core deposit intangible Customer relationship intangible Total intangible assets  Signature 11,070  \$\frac{6,300}{-} \\ \$\frac{27,400}{} \\$\frac{11,070}{} \]  Estimated useful lives:	Total consideration paid	\$ 173,227	\$	176,579
Core deposit intangible\$ 21,100\$ 11,070Customer relationship intangible6,300—Total intangible assets\$ 27,400\$ 11,070Estimated useful lives:		,	-	
Core deposit intangible\$ 21,100\$ 11,070Customer relationship intangible6,300—Total intangible assets\$ 27,400\$ 11,070Estimated useful lives:	Intangible assets:			
Customer relationship intangible 6,300 — Total intangible assets \$ 27,400 \$ 11,070 Estimated useful lives:		\$ 21,100	\$	11,070
Total intangible assets \$ 27,400 \$ 11,070 Estimated useful lives:	·			
Estimated useful lives:	1 9	\$	\$	11,070
	-			
	Core deposit intangible	13 years		8 years
Customer relationship intangible 13 years N/A				•

Goodwill arising from the acquisitions consists largely of the synergies and economies of scale expected from combining the operations of Alpine and Centrue into the Company. The goodwill is assigned as part of the Company's banking reporting unit. The portion of the consideration paid allocated to goodwill will not be deductible for tax purposes.

The identifiable assets acquired from Alpine and Centrue included core deposit intangibles and customer relationship intangibles, which are being amortized on an accelerated basis as shown above.

Acquired loan data for Alpine and Centrue can be found in the table below:

(dollars in thousands) Alpine:	of A	Fair Value cquired Loans cquisition Date	An	ross Contractual nounts Receivable Acquisition Date	Ac Co Flo	est Estimate at quisition Date of ontractual Cash ws Not Expected o be Collected
			_			
Acquired receivables subject to ASC 310-30	\$	34,993	\$	45,266	\$	9,028
Acquired receivables not subject to ASC 310-30		751,193		774,836		4,244
Centrue:						
Acquired receivables subject to ASC 310-30	\$	11,381	\$	20,253	\$	7,227
Acquired receivables not subject to ASC 310-30		668,201		821,338		4,835

The unaudited pro-forma financial information below for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 gives effect to the Alpine acquisition as if it had occurred on January 1, 2017, which combines the historical results of Alpine with the Company's consolidated statements of income, adjusted for the impact of the application of the acquisition method of accounting including loan discount accretion, intangible assets amortization, and deposit premium accretion, net of taxes. The unaudited pro-forma financial information also gives effect to the Centrue acquisition that closed on June 9, 2017 as if that transaction became effective January 1, 2017. The unaudited pro-forma financial information have been prepared for comparative purposes only and are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations had the acquisition actually occurred on January 1, 2017. No assumptions have been applied regarding revenue enhancements, expense efficiencies or asset dispositions. Only the acquisition related expenses that have been incurred as of June 30, 2018 are included in net income in the table below. Acquisition related expenses associated with Alpine that were recognized and are included in the unaudited pro-forma net income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 totaled \$1.4 million and \$12.0 million, respectively, on a pre-tax basis.

	Three Months Ended June 30,					nded Six Months Ended June 30,		
(dollars in thousands, except per share data)		2018		2017		2018		2017
Revenue (1)	\$	64,235	\$	69,260	\$	132,373	\$	140,623
Net income		12,783		7,503		17,643		20,056
Diluted earnings per common share		0.52		0.31		0.72	\$	0.83

<sup>(1)</sup> Net interest income plus noninterest income

#### **Note 4 – Investment Securities**

Investment securities as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were as follows:

	June 30, 2018									
(dollars in thousands)	A	mortized cost	un	Gross realized gains	ed unrealized			Fair value		
Available for sale securities										
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	25,038	\$	3	\$	446	\$	24,595		
Government sponsored entity debt securities		77,346		21		1,091		76,276		
Agency mortgage-backed securities		367,485		299		4,723		363,061		
State and municipal securities		174,500		3,292		1,013		176,779		
Corporate securities		63,399		995		520		63,874		
Total available for sale securities	\$	707,768	\$	4,610	\$	7,793	\$	704,585		
Equity securities <sup>(1)</sup>							\$	3,416		

	December 31, 2017											
(dollars in thousands)	Α	mortized cost	un	Gross realized gains	ur	Gross realized losses		Fair value				
Available for sale securities												
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	28,005	\$	_	\$	287	\$	27,718				
Government sponsored entity debt securities		25,445		41		275		25,211				
Agency mortgage-backed securities		233,606		882		2,101		232,387				
State and municipal securities		99,449		3,632		514		102,567				
Corporate securities		58,904		1,087		179		59,812				
Equity securities <sup>(1)</sup>		2,715		140		25		2,830				
Total available for sale securities	\$	448,124	\$	5,782	\$	3,381	\$	450,525				

<sup>(1)</sup> As a result of accounting guidance adopted in the first quarter of 2018, equity securities are no longer presented within available for sale securities and are now presented within equity securities in the Consolidated Balance Sheets for the current period. For further discussion of this guidance, see Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements.

Unrealized losses and fair values for investment securities available for sale as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, are summarized as follows:

		June 30, 2018											
	Less than	12 Months	12 Month	is or more	To	otal							
(dollars in thousands)	Fair value			Unrealized loss	Fair value	Unrealized loss							
Available for sale securities													
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 19,561	\$ 446	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 19,561	\$ 446							
Government sponsored entity debt securities	74,921	1,080	489	11	75,410	1,091							
Agency mortgage-backed securities	290,472	3,671	20,292	1,052	310,764	4,723							
State and municipal securities	42,449	779	6,307	234	48,756	1,013							
Corporate securities	20,744	262	4,297	258	25,041	520							
Total available for sale securities	\$ 448,147	\$ 6,238	\$ 31,385	\$ 1,555	\$ 479,532	\$ 7,793							

	December 31, 2017											
	Less than	12 Months	12 Mont	ns or more	To	otal						
(dollars in thousands)	Fair value			Fair Unrealized value loss		Unrealized loss						
Available for sale securities												
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 19,758	\$ 251	\$ 7,960	\$ 36	\$ 27,718	\$ 287						
Government sponsored entity debt securities	24,168	275	_	_	24,168	275						
Agency mortgage-backed securities	124,192	1,500	19,530	601	143,722	2,101						
State and municipal securities	29,338	331	5,889	183	35,227	514						
Corporate securities	5,917	85	3,463	94	9,380	179						
Equity securities <sup>(1)</sup>	2,603	25			2,603	25						
Total available for sale securities	\$ 205,976	\$ 2,467	\$ 36,842	\$ 914	\$ 242,818	\$ 3,381						

<sup>(1)</sup> As a result of accounting guidance adopted in the first quarter of 2018, equity securities are no longer presented within available for sale securities and are now presented within equity securities in the Consolidated Balance Sheets for the current period. For further discussion of this guidance, see Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements.

For all of the above investment securities, the unrealized losses are generally due to changes in interest rates and continued financial market stress, and unrealized losses are considered to be temporary.

We evaluate securities for other-than-temporary impairment ("OTTI") on a quarterly basis, at a minimum, and more frequently when economic or market concerns warrant such evaluation. In estimating OTTI losses, we consider the severity and duration of the impairment; the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, which for debt securities considers external credit ratings and recent downgrades; and the intent and ability of the Company to hold the security for a period of time sufficient for a recovery in value.

At June 30, 2018, 309 investment securities available for sale had unrealized losses with aggregate depreciation of 1.60% from their amortized cost basis. The unrealized losses relate principally to the fluctuations in the current interest rate environment. In analyzing an issuer's financial condition, we consider whether the securities are issued by the federal government or its agencies and whether downgrades by bond rating agencies have occurred. The Company does not have the intent to sell and it is not more likely than not that it will be required to sell a security in an unrealized loss position prior to recovery in value; therefore, the Company does not consider these securities to be other than temporarily impaired at June 30, 2018.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, the Company did not recognize OTTI losses on its investment securities.

The amortized cost and fair value of the investment securities available for sale as of June 30, 2018 are shown by expected maturity in the following table. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities if borrowers have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

(dollars in thousands) Available for sale securities	 Amortized cost		Fair value
Within one year	\$ 46,104	\$	46,091
After one year through five years	426,747		423,903
After five years through ten years	189,939		189,527
After ten years	 44,978		45,064
Total available for sale securities	\$ 707,768	\$	704,585

Proceeds from the sale of investment securities available for sale were \$15.3 million and \$16.9 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively. Gross realized gains from the sale of securities available for sale were \$8,000 and \$73,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively. There were \$25,000 gross realized losses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018.

Proceeds from the sale of investment securities available for sale were \$5.6 million and \$8.6 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively. Gross realized gains from the sale of securities available for sale were \$55,000 and \$122,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively. There were no gross realized losses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017.

Proceeds from the sale of equity securities were \$7.7 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018. Gross realized losses from the sale of equity securities were \$53,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018. There were no gross realized gains for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company recognized unrealized gains of \$2,000 and \$180,000, respectively, and unrealized losses of \$20,000 and \$87,000, respectively, on the equity securities held at June 30, 2018, which was recorded in noninterest income in the consolidated statements of income.

#### Note 5 - Loans

The following table presents total loans outstanding by portfolio, which includes non-purchased credit impaired ("Non-PCI") loans and purchased credit impaired ("PCI") loans, as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

		June 30, 2018	}	December 31, 2017					
(dollars in thousands)	Non-PCI Loans	PCI Loans <sup>(1)</sup>	Total	Non-PCI Loans	PCI Loans <sup>(1)</sup>	Total			
Commercial	\$ 755,727	\$ 6,822	\$ 762,549	\$ 553,257	\$ 2,673	\$ 555,930			
Commercial real estate	1,695,622	15,674	1,711,296	1,427,076	12,935	1,440,011			
Construction and land development	238,695	9,194	247,889	199,853	734	200,587			
Total commercial loans	2,690,044	31,690	2,721,734	2,180,186	16,342	2,196,528			
Residential real estate	585,710	16,098	601,808	447,602	5,950	453,552			
Consumer	541,246	2,408	543,654	371,286	169	371,455			
Lease financing	228,615	_	228,615	205,143	_	205,143			
Total loans	\$ 4,045,615	\$ 50,196	\$ 4,095,811	\$ 3,204,217	\$ 22,461	\$ 3,226,678			

<sup>(1)</sup> The unpaid principal balance for PCI loans totaled \$68.2 million and \$32.8 million as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

Total loans include net deferred loan fees of \$18.2 million and \$10.1 million at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, and unearned discounts of \$23.5 million and \$20.7 million within the lease financing portfolio at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

At June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company had commercial and residential loans held for sale totaling \$41.4 million and \$50.1 million, respectively. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company sold commercial and residential real estate loans with proceeds totaling \$115.9 million and \$269.9 million, respectively, and sold commercial and residential real estate loans with proceeds totaling \$215.4 million and \$473.0 million for the comparable periods in 2017, respectively.

The Company monitors and assesses the credit risk of its loan portfolio using the classes set forth below. These classes also represent the segments by which the Company monitors the performance of its loan portfolio and estimates its allowance for loan losses.

*Commercial*—Loans to varying types of businesses, including municipalities, school districts and nonprofit organizations, for the purpose of supporting working capital, operational needs and term financing of equipment. Repayment of such loans is generally provided through operating cash flows of the business. Commercial loans are predominantly secured by equipment, inventory, accounts receivable, and other sources of repayment.

*Commercial real estate*—Loans secured by real estate occupied by the borrower for ongoing operations, including loans to borrowers engaged in agricultural production, and non-owner occupied real estate leased to one or more tenants, including commercial office, industrial, special purpose, retail and multi-family residential real estate loans.

Construction and land development—Secured loans for the construction of business and residential properties. Real estate construction loans often convert to a commercial real estate loan at the completion of the construction period. Secured development loans are made to borrowers for the purpose of infrastructure improvements to vacant land to create finished marketable residential and commercial lots/land. Most land development loans are originated with the intention that the loans will be paid through the sale of developed lots/land by the developers within twelve months of the completion date. Interest reserves may be established on real estate construction loans.

Residential real estate—Loans secured by residential properties that generally do not qualify for secondary market sale; however, the risk to return and/or overall relationship are considered acceptable to the Company. This category also includes loans whereby consumers utilize equity in their personal residence, generally through a second mortgage, as collateral to secure the loan.

Consumer—Loans to consumers primarily for the purpose of home improvements and acquiring automobiles, recreational vehicles and boats. Consumer loans consist of relatively small amounts that are spread across many individual borrowers.

*Lease financing*—Indirect financing leases to small businesses for purchases of business equipment. All indirect financing leases require monthly payments, and the weighted average maturity of our leases is less than four years.

Commercial, commercial real estate, and construction and land development loans are collectively referred to as the Company's commercial loan portfolio, while residential real estate and consumer loans and lease financing receivables are collectively referred to as the Company's other loan portfolio.

We have extended loans to certain of our directors, executive officers, principal shareholders and their affiliates. The aggregate loans outstanding to the directors, executive officers, principal shareholders and their affiliates totaled \$20.2 million and \$22.4 million at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, there were \$686,000 and \$1.7 million, respectively, of new loans and other additions, while repayments and other reductions totaled \$392,000 and \$3.9 million, respectively.

#### **Credit Quality Monitoring**

The Company maintains loan policies and credit underwriting standards as part of the process of managing credit risk. These standards include making loans generally within the Company's four main regions, which include eastern, northern and southern Illinois and the St. Louis metropolitan area. Our equipment leasing business provides financing to business customers across the country.

The Company has a loan approval process involving underwriting and individual and group loan approval authorities to consider credit quality and loss exposure at loan origination. The loans in the Company's commercial loan portfolio are risk rated at origination based on the grading system set forth below. All loan authority is based on the aggregate credit to a borrower and its related entities.

The Company's consumer loan portfolio is primarily comprised of both secured and unsecured loans that are relatively small and are evaluated at origination on a centralized basis against standardized underwriting criteria. The ongoing measurement of credit quality of the consumer loan portfolio is largely done on an exception basis. If payments are made on schedule, as agreed, then no further monitoring is performed. However, if delinquency occurs, the delinquent loans are turned over to the Company's Consumer Collections Group for resolution. Credit quality for the entire consumer loan portfolio is measured by the periodic delinquency rate, nonaccrual amounts and actual losses incurred.

Loans in the commercial loan portfolio tend to be larger and more complex than those in the other loan portfolio, and therefore, are subject to more intensive monitoring. All loans in the commercial loan portfolio have an assigned relationship manager, and most borrowers provide periodic financial and operating information that allows the relationship managers to stay abreast of credit quality during the life of the loans. The risk ratings of loans in the commercial loan portfolio are reassessed at least annually, with loans below an acceptable risk rating reassessed more frequently and reviewed by various individuals within the Company at least quarterly.

The Company maintains a centralized independent loan review function that monitors the approval process and ongoing asset quality of the loan portfolio, including the accuracy of loan grades. The Company also maintains an independent appraisal review function that participates in the review of all appraisals obtained by the Company.

#### **Credit Quality Indicators**

The Company uses a ten grade risk rating system to monitor the ongoing credit quality of its commercial loan portfolio. These loan grades rank the credit quality of a borrower by measuring liquidity, debt capacity, and coverage and payment behavior as shown in the borrower's financial statements. The risk grades also measure the quality of the borrower's management and the repayment support offered by any guarantors.

The Company considers all loans with Risk Grades of 1-6 as acceptable credit risks and structures and manages such relationships accordingly. Periodic financial and operating data combined with regular loan officer interactions are deemed adequate to monitor borrower performance. Loans with Risk Grades of 7 are considered "watch credits" and the frequency of loan officer contact and receipt of financial data is increased to stay abreast of borrower performance. Loans with Risk Grades of 8-10 are considered problematic and require special care. Further, loans with Risk Grades of 7-10 are managed and monitored regularly through a number of processes, procedures and committees, including oversight by a loan administration committee comprised of executive and senior management of the Company, which includes highly structured reporting of financial and operating data, intensive loan officer intervention and strategies to exit, as well as potential management by the Company's Special Assets Group. Loans not graded in the commercial loan portfolio are monitored by aging status and payment activity.

The following table presents the recorded investment of the commercial loan portfolio (excluding PCI loans) by risk category as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

		June 3	0, 2018		December 31, 2017								
		Commercial Real	Construction and Land			Commercial Real	Construction and Land						
(dollars in thousands)	Commercial	Estate	Development	Total	Commercial	Estate	Development	Total					
Acceptable credit quality	\$ 702,806	\$ 1,642,799	\$ 233,318	\$ 2,578,923	\$ 510,928	\$ 1,384,630	\$ 191,872	\$ 2,087,430					
Special mention	19,897	20,788	_	40,685	12,290	11,497	_	23,787					
Substandard	30,211	14,771	_	44,982	27,718	14,695	_	42,413					
Substandard – nonaccrual	1,243	16,529	765	18,537	1,266	12,482	785	14,533					
Doubtful	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_					
Not graded	1,570	735	4,612	6,917	1,055	3,772	7,196	12,023					
Total (excluding PCI)	\$ 755,727	\$ 1,695,622	\$ 238,695	\$ 2,690,044	\$ 553,257	\$ 1,427,076	\$ 199,853	\$ 2,180,186					

The Company evaluates the credit quality of its other loan portfolio based primarily on the aging status of the loan and payment activity. Accordingly, loans on nonaccrual status, loans past due 90 days or more and still accruing interest, and loans modified under troubled debt restructurings are considered to be impaired for purposes of credit quality evaluation. The following table presents the recorded investment of our other loan portfolio (excluding PCI loans) based on the credit risk profile of loans that are performing and loans that are impaired as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

		June 3	30, 2018		December 31, 2017							
	Residential		Lease		Lease							
(dollars in thousands)	Real Estate	Consumer	Financing	Total	Real Estate	Consumer	Financing	Total				
Performing	\$ 579,156	\$ 541,060	\$ 227,847	\$ 1,348,063	\$ 441,418	\$ 370,999	\$ 203,797	\$ 1,016,214				
Impaired	6,554	186	768	7,508	6,184	287	1,346	7,817				
Total (excluding PCI)	\$ 585,710	\$ 541,246	\$ 228,615	\$ 1,355,571	\$ 447,602	\$ 371,286	\$ 205,143	\$ 1,024,031				

#### **Impaired Loans**

Impaired loans include loans on nonaccrual status, loans past due 90 days or more and still accruing interest and loans modified under troubled debt restructurings. Impaired loans at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 do not include \$50.2 million and \$22.5 million, respectively, of PCI loans. The risk of credit loss on acquired loans was recognized as part of the fair value adjustment at the acquisition date.

A summary of impaired loans (excluding PCI loans) as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 is as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	J	une 30, 2018	Dec	ember 31, 2017
Nonaccrual loans:				
Commercial	\$	1,243	\$	1,266
Commercial real estate		16,529		12,482
Construction and land development		765		785
Residential real estate		5,341		5,204
Consumer		160		234
Lease financing		768		1,346
Total nonaccrual loans		24,806		21,317
Accruing loans contractually past due 90 days or more as to interest or principal payments:				
Commercial		248		2,538
Commercial real estate		_		_
Construction and land development		_		_
Residential real estate		413		51
Consumer		7		53
Lease financing				
Total accruing loans contractually past due 90 days or more as to interest or principal payments		668		2,642
Loans modified under troubled debt restructurings:				
Commercial		519		299
Commercial real estate		1,475		1,515
Construction and land development		55		58
Residential real estate		800		929
Consumer		19		_
Lease financing		_		
Total loans modified under troubled debt restructurings		2,868		2,801
Total impaired loans (excluding PCI)	\$	28,342	\$	26,760

There was no interest income recognized on nonaccrual loans during the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 while the loans were in nonaccrual status. Additional interest income that would have been recorded on nonaccrual loans had they been current in accordance with their original terms was \$346,000 and \$846,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively, and \$307,000 and \$422,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively. The Company recognized interest income on commercial and commercial real estate loans modified under troubled debt restructurings of \$28,000 and \$58,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively, and \$19,000 and \$36,000 for the comparable periods in 2017, respectively.

The following table presents impaired loans (excluding PCI loans) by portfolio and related valuation allowance as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

			June	30, 2018			December 31, 2017					
(dollars in thousands)	Reco Invest		Pr	npaid incipal alance	Va	elated luation owance		ecorded vestment	Unpaid Principal Balance	V	Related aluation llowance	
Impaired loans with a valuation allowance:												
Commercial	\$ 1	,243	\$	1,307	\$	567	\$	3,237	\$ 3,297	\$	526	
Commercial real estate	2	,275		3,175		364		2,297	3,508		329	
Construction and land development		99		99		9		103	102		10	
Residential real estate	4	,154		4,782		626		4,028	4,705		566	
Consumer		171		187		22		266	279		29	
Lease financing		447		447		273		1,064	1,064		345	
Total impaired loans with a valuation allowance	8	,389		9,997		1,861		10,995	12,955		1,805	
Impaired loans with no related valuation allowance:	· ·											
Commercial		767		4,006		_		866	5,782		_	
Commercial real estate	15	,729		21,632		_		11,700	17,359		_	
Construction and land development		721		721		_		740	780		_	
Residential real estate	2	,400		2,654		_		2,156	2,380		_	
Consumer		15		16		_		21	21		_	
Lease financing		321		321				282	282			
Total impaired loans with no related valuation allowance	19	,953		29,350		_		15,765	26,604		_	
Total impaired loans:						,						
Commercial	2	,010		5,313		567		4,103	9,079		526	
Commercial real estate	18	,004		24,807		364		13,997	20,867		329	
Construction and land development		820		820		9		843	882		10	
Residential real estate	6	,554		7,436		626		6,184	7,085		566	
Consumer		186		203		22		287	300		29	
Lease financing		768		768		273		1,346	1,346		345	
Total impaired loans (excluding PCI)	\$ 28	,342	\$	39,347	\$	1,861	\$	26,760	\$ 39,559	\$	1,805	

The difference between a loan's recorded investment and the unpaid principal balance represents: (1) a partial charge-off resulting from a confirmed loss due to the value of the collateral securing the loan being below the loan's principal balance and management's assessment that the full collection of the loan balance is not likely and (2) payments received on nonaccrual loans that are fully applied to principal on the loan's recorded investment as compared to being applied to principal and interest on the unpaid customer principal and interest balance. The difference between the recorded investment and the unpaid principal balance on loans was \$11.0 million and \$12.8 million at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. Interest income recognized on impaired loans during the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 was immaterial.

The aging status of the recorded investment in loans by portfolio (excluding PCI loans) as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were as follows:

		ccruing Loai					
	30-59	60-89	Past Due		m . 1		m . 1
(dollars in thousands)	Days Past Due	Days Past Due	90 Days or More	Nonaccrual Loans	Total Past Due	Current	Total Loans
June 30, 2018	Tust Duc	T ust Duc	or wore	Louis	Tust Duc	Current	Louis
Commercial	\$ 2,694	\$ 2,072	\$ 248	\$ 1,243	\$ 6,257	\$ 749,470	\$ 755,727
Commercial real estate	2,286	2,235	_	16,529	21,050	1,674,572	1,695,622
Construction and land development	3,031	195	_	765	3,991	234,704	238,695
Residential real estate	383	371	413	5,341	6,508	579,202	585,710
Consumer	2,793	1,056	7	160	4,016	537,230	541,246
Lease financing	1,653	593	_	768	3,014	225,601	228,615
Total (excluding PCI)	\$ 12,840	\$ 6,522	\$ 668	\$ 24,806	\$ 44,836	\$ 4,000,779	\$ 4,045,615
December 31, 2017							
Commercial	\$ 3,282	\$ 177	\$ 2,538	\$ 1,266	\$ 7,263	\$ 545,994	\$ 553,257
Commercial real estate	3,116	630	_	12,482	16,228	1,410,848	1,427,076
Construction and land development	1,953	_	_	785	2,738	197,115	199,853
Residential real estate	897	632	51	5,204	6,784	440,818	447,602
Consumer	2,824	1,502	53	234	4,613	366,673	371,286
Lease financing	392	_	_	1,346	1,738	203,405	205,143
Total (excluding PCI)	\$ 12,464	\$ 2,941	\$ 2,642	\$ 21,317	\$ 39,364	\$ 3,164,853	\$ 3,204,217

#### **Troubled Debt Restructurings**

A loan is categorized as a troubled debt restructuring ("TDR") if a concession is granted to provide for a reduction of either interest or principal due to deterioration in the financial condition of the borrower. TDRs can take the form of a reduction of the stated interest rate, splitting a loan into separate loans with market terms on one loan and concessionary terms on the other loans, receipts of assets from a debtor in partial or full satisfaction of a loan, the extension of the maturity date or dates at a stated interest rate lower than the current market rate for new debt with similar risk, the reduction of the face amount or maturity of the debt as stated in the instrument or other agreement, the reduction of accrued interest, the release of a personal guarantee in a bankruptcy situation or any other concessionary type of renegotiated debt. Loans are not classified as TDRs when the modification is short-term or results in only an insignificant delay or shortfall in the payments to be received.

Loans modified as TDRs for commercial and commercial real estate loans generally consist of allowing commercial borrowers to defer scheduled principal payments and make interest only payments for a specified period of time at the stated interest rate of the original loan agreement or lower payments due to a modification of the loans' contractual terms. TDRs that continue to accrue interest and are greater than \$50,000 are individually evaluated for impairment, on a quarterly basis, and transferred to nonaccrual status when it is probable that any remaining principal and interest payments due on the loan will not be collected in accordance with the contractual terms of the loan. TDRs that subsequently default are individually evaluated for impairment at the time of default. The allowance for loan losses on TDRs totaled \$205,000 and \$240,000 as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. The Company had no unfunded commitments in connection with TDRs at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

The Company's TDRs are identified on a case-by-case basis in connection with the ongoing loan collection processes. The following table presents TDRs by loan portfolio (excluding PCI loans) as of June 30, 2018 and December 31,

			30, 2018		December 31, 2017							
(dollars in thousands)	Acc	ruing (1)	Non-	Non-accrual (2)		Total		Accruing (1)		Non-accrual (2)		Total
Commercial	\$	519	\$	22	\$	541	\$	299	\$	_	\$	299
Commercial real estate		1,475		9,474		10,949		1,515		9,915		11,430
Construction and land development		55		_		55		58		_		58
Residential real estate		800		389		1,189		929		282		1,211
Consumer		19		_		19		_		_		_
Lease financing		_		_		_		_		_		_
Total loans (excluding PCI)	\$	2,868	\$	9,885	\$	12,753	\$	2,801	\$	10,197	\$	12,998

The following table presents a summary of loans by portfolio that were restructured during the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and the loans by portfolio that were modified as TDRs within the previous twelve months that subsequently defaulted during the three and six months ended June 30, 2018:

	Commercial Loan Portfolio						Other Loan Portfolio							
(dollars in thousands)	Commercial		Commercial Real ercial Estate		and	struction d Land elopment	Residential Real Estate		Consumer		Lease Financing		-	Total
For the three months ended June 30, 2018:														
Troubled debt restructurings:														
Number of loans		1		_		_		3		4		_		8
Pre-modification outstanding balance	\$	23	\$	_	\$	_	\$	212	\$	19	\$	_	\$	254
Post-modification outstanding balance		22		_		_		207		19		_		248
Troubled debt restructurings that subsequently defa	ulted													
Number of loans		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Recorded balance	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
For the six months ended June 30, 2018:														
Troubled debt restructurings:														
Number of loans		1		_		_		3		4		_		8
Pre-modification outstanding balance	\$	23	\$	_	\$	_	\$	212	\$	19	\$	_	\$	254
Post-modification outstanding balance		22		_		_		207		19		_		248
Troubled debt restructurings that subsequently defa	ulted													
Number of loans		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Recorded balance	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_

These loans are still accruing interest.
 These loans are included in non-accrual loans in the preceding tables.

The following table presents a summary of loans by portfolio that were restructured during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and the loans by portfolio that were modified as TDRs within the previous twelve months that subsequently defaulted during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017:

		Com	 al Loan Po	rtfolio		 Other Loan Portfolio						
			nmercial Real		struction d Land	sidential Real			т	ease		
(dollars in thousands)	Com	mercial	Estate		lopment	Estate	Cor	nsumer		ancing	-	Total
For the three months ended June 30, 2017:												
Troubled debt restructurings:												
Number of loans		_	_		_	2		_		_		2
Pre-modification outstanding balance	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_	\$ 384	\$	_	\$	_	\$	384
Post-modification outstanding balance		_	_		_	384		_		_		384
Troubled debt restructurings that subsequently defa	ulted											
Number of loans		_	_		_	_		_		_		_
Recorded balance	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
For the six months ended June 30, 2017:												
Troubled debt restructurings:												
Number of loans		1	_		_	2		_		_		3
Pre-modification outstanding balance	\$	362	\$ _	\$	_	\$ 384	\$	_	\$	_	\$	746
Post-modification outstanding balance		339	_		_	384		_		_		723
Troubled debt restructurings that subsequently defa	ulted											
Number of loans		_	_		_	_		_		_		_
Recorded balance	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_

#### **Purchased Credit Impaired Loans**

Purchased loans acquired in a business combination are recorded at estimated fair value on their purchase date without a carryover of the related allowance for loan losses. PCI loans are purchased loans that have evidence of credit deterioration since origination, and it is probable at the date of acquisition that the Company will not collect all contractually required principal and interest payments. Evidence of credit quality deterioration as of the purchase date may include factors such as past due and nonaccrual status. The difference between contractually required principal and interest at acquisition and the cash flows expected to be collected at acquisition is referred to as the non-accretable difference. Subsequent decreases to the expected cash flows will generally result in impairment, which is recorded as provision for loan losses in the consolidated statements of income. Subsequent increases in cash flows result in a reversal of the provision for loan losses to the extent of prior charges or a reclassification of the difference from non-accretable to accretable with a positive impact on interest income. Further, any excess cash flows expected at acquisition over the estimated fair value is referred to as the accretable yield and is recognized into interest income over the remaining life of the loan when there is a reasonable expectation about the amount and timing of such cash flows. Accretion recorded as loan interest income totaled \$1.2 million and \$2.4 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively.

Accretable yield of PCI loans, or income expected to be collected, was as follows:

	Three Mon	nths Ended e 30,	Six Mont June	
(dollars in thousands)	2018	2017	2018	2017
Balance, at beginning of period	\$ 7,630	\$ 8,833	\$ 5,732	\$ 9,035
New loans purchased – Alpine acquisition	_		1,245	_
New loans purchased – Centrue acquisition	_	9,849	_	9,849
Accretion	(1,190)	(950)	(2,351)	(3,193)
Other adjustments (including maturities, charge-offs and impact of changes in				
timing of expected cash flows)	354	(1,554)	1,014	(1,545)
Reclassification from non-accretable	(530)	(513)	624	1,519
Balance, at end of period	\$ 6,264	\$ 15,665	\$ 6,264	\$ 15,665

#### Allowance for Loan Losses

The Company's loan portfolio is principally comprised of commercial, commercial real estate, construction and land development, residential real estate and consumer loans and lease financing receivables. The principal risks to each category of loans are as follows:

Commercial – The principal risk of commercial loans is that these loans are primarily made based on the identified cash flow of the borrower and secondarily on the collateral underlying the loans. Most often, this collateral consists of accounts receivable, inventory and equipment. Inventory and equipment may depreciate over time, may be difficult to appraise and may fluctuate in value based on the success of the business. If the cash flow from business operations is reduced, the borrower's ability to repay the loan may be impaired. As such, repayment of such loans is often more sensitive than other types of loans to adverse conditions in the general economy.

Commercial real estate – As with commercial loans, repayment of commercial real estate loans is often dependent on the borrower's ability to make repayment from the cash flow of the commercial venture. While commercial real estate loans are collateralized by the borrower's underlying real estate, foreclosure on such assets may be more difficult than with other types of collateralized loans because of the possible effect the foreclosure would have on the borrower's business, and property values may tend to be partially based upon the value of the business situated on the property.

Construction and land development – Construction and land development lending involves additional risks not generally present in other types of lending because funds are advanced upon the estimated future value of the project, which is uncertain prior to its completion and at the time the loan is made, and costs may exceed realizable values in declining real estate markets. Moreover, if the estimate of the value of the completed project proves to be overstated or market values or rental rates decline, the collateral may prove to be inadequate security for the repayment of the loan. Additional funds may also be required to complete the project, and the project may have to be held for an unspecified period of time before a disposition can occur.

Residential real estate — The principal risk to residential real estate lending is associated with residential loans not sold into the secondary market. In such cases, the value of the underlying property may have deteriorated as a result of a change in the residential real estate market, and the borrower may have little incentive to repay the loan or continue living in the property. Additionally, in areas with high vacancy rates, reselling the property without substantial loss may be difficult.

*Consumer* – The repayment of consumer loans is typically dependent on the borrower remaining employed through the life of the loan, as well as the possibility that the collateral underlying the loan, if applicable, may not be adequately maintained by the borrower.

*Lease financing* – Our indirect financing leases are primarily for business equipment leased to varying types of small businesses. If the cash flow from business operations is reduced, the business's ability to repay may become impaired.

Changes in the allowance for loan losses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 were as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,							
		2018			2017			
(1 n · d 1 )	Non-PCI	PCI	m . 1	Non-PCI	PCI	m . 1		
(dollars in thousands)	Loans	Loans	Total	Loans	Loans	Total		
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 16,051	\$ 1,653	\$ 17,704	\$ 14,501	\$ 1,304	\$ 15,805		
Provision for loan losses	1,907	(53)	1,854	420	38	458		
Charge-offs	(2,138)	(6)	(2,144)	(1,354)	_	(1,354)		
Recoveries	832	_	832	470	45	515		
Net loan (charge-offs) recoveries	(1,306)	(6)	(1,312)	(884)	45	(839)		
Balance, end of period	\$ 16,652	\$ 1,594	\$ 18,246	\$ 14,037	\$ 1,387	\$ 15,424		

	Six Months Ended June 30,								
		2018			2017				
	Non-PCI	PCI		Non-PCI	PCI				
(dollars in thousands)	Loans	Loans	Total	Loans	Loans	Total			
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 14,902	\$ 1,529	\$ 16,431	\$ 13,744	\$ 1,118	\$ 14,862			
Provision for loan losses	3,778	82	3,860	1,825	166	1,991			
Charge-offs	(3,268)	(17)	(3,285)	(2,521)	_	(2,521)			
Recoveries	1,240	_	1,240	989	103	1,092			
Net loan (charge-offs) recoveries	(2,028)	(17)	(2,045)	(1,532)	103	(1,429)			
Balance, end of period	\$ 16,652	\$ 1,594	\$ 18,246	\$ 14,037	\$ 1,387	\$ 15,424			

The following table represents, by loan portfolio, a summary of changes in the allowance for loan losses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017:

		Commercial Loan Portfolio					Other Loan Portfolio						
(dollars in thousands)	Co	mmercial	Co	mmercial Real Estate	and	ruction Land opment		sidential Real Estate	Co	onsumer		Lease nancing	Total
Changes in allowance for loan losses for the			end				_					<u></u> _	
Balance, beginning of period	\$	5,902	\$	5,485	\$	328	\$	2,504	\$	1,309	\$	2,176	\$ 17,704
Provision for loan losses		1,224		(310)		157		279		522		(18)	1,854
Charge-offs		(1,120)		(99)		_		(103)		(349)		(473)	(2,144)
Recoveries		197		301		20		62		147		105	832
Balance, end of period	\$	6,203	\$	5,377	\$	505	\$	2,742	\$	1,629	\$	1,790	\$ 18,246
Changes in allowance for loan losses for the	thre	ee months	end	ed June 30	, 2017:								
Balance, beginning of period	\$	6,034	\$	3,930	\$	460	\$	2,842	\$	1,284	\$	1,255	\$ 15,805
Provision for loan losses		45		41		(325)		516		288		(107)	458
Charge-offs		(728)		(174)		_		(155)		(255)		(42)	(1,354)
Recoveries		30		199		12		174		68		32	515
Balance, end of period	\$	5,381	\$	3,996	\$	147	\$	3,377	\$	1,385	\$	1,138	\$ 15,424
Changes in allowance for loan losses for the	six ı	months en	ded	June 30, 2	018:								
Balance, beginning of period	\$	5,256	\$	5,044	\$	518	\$	2,750	\$	1,344	\$	1,519	\$ 16,431
Provision for loan losses		1,791		197	,	(58)		18		826	Ť	1,086	3,860
Charge-offs		(1,145)		(259)		_		(139)		(783)		(959)	(3,285)
Recoveries		301		395		45		113		242		144	1,240
Balance, end of period	\$	6,203	\$	5,377	\$	505	\$	2,742	\$	1,629	\$	1,790	\$ 18,246
Changes in allowance for loan losses for the	six 1	months en	ded	June 30, 2	017:								
Balance, beginning of period	\$	5,920	\$	3,225	\$	345	\$	2,929	\$	930	\$	1,513	\$ 14,862
Provision for loan losses		115		862		(233)		546		770		(69)	1,991
Charge-offs		(737)		(470)		_		(327)		(431)		(556)	(2,521)
Recoveries		83		379		35		229		116		250	1,092
Balance, end of period	\$	5,381	\$	3,996	\$	147	\$	3,377	\$	1,385	\$	1,138	\$ 15,424

The following table represents, by loan portfolio, details regarding the balance in the allowance for loan losses and the recorded investment in loans as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 by impairment evaluation method:

	Commercial Loan Portfolio					Other Loan Portfolio								
			(	Commercial		onstruction	R	esidential						
				Real		and Land		Real				Lease		
(dollars in thousands)	Co	mmercial		Estate	D	evelopment		Estate	<u>C</u>	onsumer	Fi	inancing		Total
June 30, 2018:														
Allowance for loan losses:														
Loans individually evaluated for impairment	\$	540	\$	284	\$	4	\$	364	\$	4	\$	255	\$	1,451
Loans collectively evaluated for impairment		27		80		5		262		18		18		410
Non-impaired loans collectively evaluated for														
impairment		5,072		4,612		496		1,636		1,458		1,517		14,791
Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality (1)		564		401				480		149				1,594
Total allowance for loan losses	\$	6,203	\$	5,377	\$	505	\$	2,742	\$	1,629	\$	1,790	\$	18,246
Recorded investment (loan balance):														
Impaired loans individually evaluated for														
impairment	\$	1,755	\$	17,252	\$	775	\$	3,895	\$	4	\$	601	\$	24,282
Impaired loans collectively evaluated for														
impairment		255		752		45		2,659		182		167		4,060
Non-impaired loans collectively evaluated for														
impairment		753,717		1,677,618		237,875		579,156		541,060		227,847		4,017,273
Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality (1)		6,822		15,674	_	9,194		16,098		2,408			_	50,196
Total recorded investment (loan balance)	\$	762,549	\$	1,711,296	\$	247,889	\$	601,808	\$	543,654	\$ :	228,615	\$	4,095,811
December 31, 2017:														
Allowance for loan losses:														
Loans individually evaluated for impairment	\$	221	\$	281	\$	5	\$	302	\$		\$	261	Ф	1.070
Loans collectively evaluated for impairment	Ф	305	Ф	48	Ф	5	Ф	264	Ф	29	Ф	84	Ф	735
Non-impaired loans collectively evaluated for		303		40		3		204		23		04		733
impairment		4,230		4,379		504		1.644		1.166		1,174		13,097
Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality (1)		500		336		4		540		149				1,529
Total allowance for loan losses	\$	5,256	\$	5,044	\$	518	\$	2,750	\$	1,344	\$	1,519	\$	16,431
Recorded investment (loan balance):	<u> </u>	0,200	4		-		-	_,	<u> </u>			-,	4	
Impaired loans individually evaluated for														
impairment	\$	1,285	\$	13,554	\$	797	\$	3,700	\$	4	\$	568	\$	19,908
Impaired loans collectively evaluated for		,		-,			•	-,						-,
impairment		2,818		443		46		2,484		283		778		6,852
Non-impaired loans collectively evaluated for														
impairment		549,154		1,413,079		199,010		441,418		370,999		203,797		3,177,457
Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality (1)		2,673		12,935		734		5,950		169				22,461
Total recorded investment (loan balance)	\$	555,930	\$	1,440,011	\$	200,587	\$	453,552	\$	371,455	\$ :	205,143	\$	3,226,678
·														

Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality were originally recorded at fair value at the acquisition date and the risk of credit loss was recognized at that date based on estimates of expected cash flows.

#### Note 6 – Premises and Equipment, Net

A summary of premises and equipment as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 is as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	J	une 30, 2018	Dec	ember 31, 2017
Land	\$	20,231	\$	16,109
Buildings and improvements		78,919		63,837
Furniture and equipment		27,595		25,843
Total		126,745		105,789
Accumulated depreciation		(31,962)		(29,627)
Premises and equipment, net	\$	94,783	\$	76,162

Depreciation expense was recorded at \$1.6 million and \$3.1 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively. Depreciation expense was recorded at \$1.2 million and \$2.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively.

#### Note 7 - Mortgage Servicing Rights

At June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company serviced mortgage loans for others with unpaid principal balances of approximately \$4.93 billion and \$5.97 billion, respectively. A summary of mortgage loans serviced for others as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 is as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2018	D	ecember 31, 2017
Commercial FHA mortgage loans	\$ 3,974,465	\$	3,976,795
Residential mortgage loans	954,863		1,989,785
Total loans serviced for others	\$ 4,929,328	\$	5,966,580

Changes in our mortgage servicing rights were as follows for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017:

	Three Moi June	nths Ended	Six Mont Jun	ıded	
(dollars in thousands)	2018	2017	 2018	. 50,	2017
Mortgage servicing rights:		·			
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 59,814	\$ 72,335	\$ 60,383	\$	71,710
Servicing rights acquired - residential mortgage loans	_	1,933	_		1,933
Servicing rights transferred to held for sale - residential mortgage loans	(3,649)	_	(3,649)		_
Servicing rights capitalized – commercial FHA mortgage loans	911	2,107	1,912		3,588
Servicing rights capitalized – residential mortgage loans	_	703	70		1,221
Amortization – commercial FHA mortgage loans	(682)	(639)	(1,358)		(1,278)
Amortization – residential mortgage loans	(126)	(734)	(313)		(1,469)
Other-than-temporary impairment - residential mortgage loans	_	_	(777)		_
Balance, end of period	56,268	75,705	56,268		75,705
Valuation allowances:					
Balance, beginning of period	3,387	3,778	4,031		3,702
Additions	500	1,650	633		1,838
Reductions	_	_	_		(112)
Other-than-temporary impairment - residential mortgage loans	_	_	(777)		_
Balance, end of period	3,887	5,428	3,887		5,428
Mortgage servicing rights, net	\$ 52,381	\$ 70,277	\$ 52,381	\$	70,277
Fair value:	<u> </u>				
At beginning of period	\$ 57,051	\$ 68,557	\$ 56,352	\$	68,008
At end of period	\$ 52,381	\$ 70,277	\$ 52,381	\$	70,277

During the second quarter of 2018, the Company transferred \$3.6 million of residential mortgage servicing rights to mortgage servicing rights held for sale. On June 29, 2018, the Company sold \$2.7 million of mortgage servicing rights held for sale. During 2017, the Company transferred \$14.2 million of residential mortgage servicing rights, net of valuation allowance, to mortgage servicing rights held for sale. The sale was completed on January 2, 2018.

The following table is a summary of key assumptions, representing both general economic and other published information and the weighted average characteristics of the commercial and residential portfolios, used in the valuation of servicing rights at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017. Assumptions used in the prepayment rate consider many factors as appropriate, including lockouts, balloons, prepayment penalties, interest rate ranges, delinquencies and geographic location. The discount rate is based on an average pre-tax internal rate of return utilized by market

participants in pricing the servicing portfolios. Significant increases or decreases in any one of these assumptions would result in a significantly lower or higher fair value measurement.

Servicing Fee	Interest Rate	Remaining Years to Maturity	Prepayment Rate	Se	ervicing Cost	Discount Rate
0.13 %	3.67 %	30.4	8.25 %	\$	1,000	11.02 %
0.26 %	4.00 %	20.2	8.26 %	\$	64	11.02 %
0.12 %	3.67 %	30.3	8.27 %	\$	1,000	11.02 %
0.26 %	3.93 %	23.2	11.52 %	\$	71	10.09 %
	0.13 % 0.26 %	Fee         Rate           0.13 %         3.67 %           0.26 %         4.00 %           0.12 %         3.67 %	Servicing Fee         Interest Rate         Years to Maturity           0.13 %         3.67 %         30.4           0.26 %         4.00 %         20.2           0.12 %         3.67 %         30.3	Servicing Fee         Interest Rate         Years to Maturity         Prepayment Rate           0.13 %         3.67 %         30.4         8.25 %           0.26 %         4.00 %         20.2         8.26 %           0.12 %         3.67 %         30.3         8.27 %	Servicing Fee         Interest Rate         Years to Maturity         Prepayment Rate         Servicing Maturity           0.13 %         3.67 %         30.4         8.25 %         \$           0.26 %         4.00 %         20.2         8.26 %         \$           0.12 %         3.67 %         30.3         8.27 %         \$	Servicing Fee         Interest Rate         Years to Maturity         Prepayment Rate         Servicing Cost           0.13 %         3.67 %         30.4         8.25 %         \$ 1,000           0.26 %         4.00 %         20.2         8.26 %         \$ 64           0.12 %         3.67 %         30.3         8.27 %         \$ 1,000

We recognize revenue from servicing commercial FHA and residential mortgages as earned based on the specific contractual terms. This revenue, along with amortization of and changes in impairment on servicing rights, is reported in commercial FHA revenue and residential mortgage banking revenue in the consolidated statements of income. Mortgage servicing rights do not trade in an active market with readily observable prices. The fair value of mortgage servicing rights and their sensitivity to changes in interest rates is influenced by the mix of the servicing portfolio and characteristics of each segment of the portfolio. The Company's servicing portfolio consists of the distinct portfolios of government-insured residential and commercial mortgages and conventional residential mortgages. The fair value of our servicing rights is estimated by using a cash flow valuation model which calculates the present value of estimated future net servicing cash flows, taking into consideration expected mortgage loan prepayment rates, discount rates, cost to service, contractual servicing fee income, ancillary income, late fees, replacement reserves and other economic factors that are determined based on current market conditions.

#### Note 8 – Goodwill and Intangible Assets

At June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, goodwill totaled \$164.0 million and \$98.6 million, respectively, reflecting an increase of approximately \$65.3 million as a result of the acquisition of Alpine on February 28, 2018, as further discussed in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Company's intangible assets, consisting of core deposit and customer relationship intangibles, as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are summarized as follows:

		Ju	ne 30, 2018			Dece	mber 31, 2017	7	
(dollars in thousands)	Gross Carrying Amount		cumulated nortization	Total	Gross Carrying Amount		cumulated nortization		Total
Core deposit intangibles	\$ 52,712	\$	(21,720)	\$ 30,992	\$ 31,612	\$	(18,943)	\$	12,669
Customer relationship intangibles	13,771		(3,682)	10,089	7,471		(3,208)		4,263
Total intangible assets	\$ 66,483	\$	(25,402)	\$ 41,081	\$ 39,083	\$	(22,151)	\$	16,932

In conjunction with the acquisition of Alpine on February 28, 2018, we recorded \$21.1 million of core deposit intangibles and \$6.3 million of customer relationship intangibles, which are both being amortized on an accelerated basis over an estimated useful life of 13 years, as further discussed in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

Amortization of intangible assets was \$1.6 million and \$3.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively, and \$579,000 and \$1.1 million for the comparable periods in 2017, respectively.

#### **Note 9 – Derivative Instruments**

As part of the Company's overall management of interest rate sensitivity, the Company utilizes derivative instruments to minimize significant, unanticipated earnings fluctuations caused by interest rate volatility, including interest rate lock commitments and forward commitments to sell mortgage-backed securities.

#### Interest Rate Lock Commitments / Forward Commitments to Sell Mortgage-Backed Securities

Derivative instruments issued by the Company consist of interest rate lock commitments to originate fixed-rate loans to be sold. Commitments to originate fixed-rate loans consist of commercial and residential real estate loans. The interest rate lock commitments and loans held for sale are hedged with forward contracts to sell mortgage-backed

securities. The fair value of the interest rate lock commitments and forward contracts to sell mortgage-backed securities are included in other assets or other liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets. Changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments are recognized in commercial FHA revenue and residential mortgage banking revenue in the consolidated statements of income.

The following table summarizes the interest rate lock commitments and forward commitments to sell mortgage-backed securities held by the Company, their notional amount, estimated fair values and the location in which the derivative instruments are reported in the consolidated balances sheets at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	Notiona	al Amount	Fair V	alue Gain	
(dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	
Derivative Instruments (included in Other Assets):					
Interest rate lock commitments	\$ 323,246	\$ 345,152	\$ 4,328	\$ 6,331	
Forward commitments to sell mortgage-backed securities	287,998	372,824	_	31	
Total	\$ 611,244	\$ 717,976	\$ 4,328	\$ 6,362	

		Notional Amount				Fair V	alue Lo	OSS	
	Ju	ıne 30,	Dec	ember 31,	Jui	ne 30,	December 31,		
(dollars in thousands)	2018			2017		2018		2017	
Derivative Instruments (included in Other Liabilities):									
Forward commitments to sell mortgage-backed securities	\$	2,871	\$		\$	5	\$	_	

Net losses of \$2.0 million and \$2.1 million were recognized on derivative instruments for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively. Net losses of \$396,000 and net gains of \$1.1 million were recognized on derivative instruments for three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively. Net gains and losses on derivative instruments were recognized in commercial FHA revenue and residential mortgage banking revenue in the consolidated statements of income.

#### **Interest Rate Swap Contracts**

The Company entered into derivative instruments related to interest rate swap contracts sold to commercial customers who wish to modify their interest rate sensitivity. These swaps are offset by contracts simultaneously purchased by the Company from other financial dealer institutions with mirror-image terms. Because of the mirror-image terms of the offsetting contracts, in addition to collateral provisions which mitigate the impact of non-performance risk, changes in the fair value subsequent to initial recognition have a minimal effect on earnings. These derivative contracts do not qualify for hedge accounting.

The notional amounts of these customer derivative instruments and the offsetting counterparty derivative instruments were \$9.8 million at June 30, 2018 and \$10.0 million at December 31, 2017. The fair value of the customer derivative instruments and the offsetting counterparty derivative instruments was \$306,000 at June 30, 2018 and \$17,000 at December 31, 2017, which are included in other assets and other liabilities, respectively, on the consolidated balance sheets.

#### Note 10 - Deposits

The following table summarizes the classification of deposits as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

(dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2018		ecember 31, 2017
Noninterest-bearing demand	\$ 1,001,802	\$	724,443
Interest-bearing:			
Checking	1,024,506		785,934
Money market	843,984		646,426
Savings	460,560		281,212
Time	829,005		693,074
Total deposits	\$ 4,159,857	\$	3,131,089

#### Note 11 - Short-Term Borrowings

The following table presents the distribution of short-term borrowings and related weighted average interest rates as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	Repurchase Agreements				
(dollars in thousands)	 June 30, 2018	Ι	December 31, 2017		
Outstanding at period-end	\$ 114,536	\$	156,126		
Average amount outstanding	134,671		163,461		
Maximum amount outstanding at any month end	173,387		196,278		
Weighted average interest rate:					
During period	0.36 %		0.23 %		
End of period	0.51 %		0.28 %		

Securities sold under agreements to repurchase, which are classified as secured borrowings, generally mature within one to four days from the transaction date. Securities sold under agreements to repurchase are reflected at the amount of cash received in connection with the transaction, which represents the amount of the Bank's obligation. The Bank may be required to provide additional collateral based on the fair value of the underlying securities. Investment securities with a carrying amount of \$118.9 million and \$157.2 million at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, were pledged for securities sold under agreements to repurchase.

The Company had available lines of credit of \$116.4 million and \$32.5 million at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, from the Federal Reserve Discount Window. The lines are collateralized by collateral agreements totaling \$139.0 million and \$36.5 million at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. There were no outstanding borrowings under these lines of credit at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

At June 30, 2018, the Company had available federal funds lines of credit totaling \$90.0 million. The lines of credit were unused at June 30, 2018.

#### Note 12 - FHLB Advances and Other Borrowings

The following table summarizes our Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") advances and other borrowings as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

(dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2018			cember 31, 2017
Midland States Bancorp, Inc.				
Term loan - variable interest rate equal to LIBOR plus 2.25%, which was 4.25% and 3.63% at				
June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, – maturing through May 25, 2020	\$	35,691	\$	37,113
Series G redeemable preferred stock - 181 shares at \$1,000 per share		181		181
Midland States Bank				
FHLB advances – fixed rate, fixed term of \$40.0 million and \$145.0 million, at rates averaging 1.97% and 1.35% at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively – maturing through June 2021, putable fixed rate of \$470.0 million and \$305.0 million at rates averaging 1.73% and 1.29% at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively – maturing through December 2024 with call provisions through December 2020, and callable fixed rate of \$115.0 million, at a rate of				
2.81% at June 30, 2018, maturing in August 2019		625,117		450,137
FHLB advances – variable rate, fixed term, at rates averaging 1.20% at December 31, 2017 – matured in March 2018				9,000
Other		_		5
Alpine Bank				
FHLB advances - fixed rate, fixed term, at rates averaging 2.33% at June 30, 2018 - maturing through February 2023		17,884		_
Total FHLB advances and other borrowings	\$	678,873	\$	496,436

In 2017, the Company entered into a loan agreement with another bank for a term loan in the original principal amount of \$40.0 million. The term loan matures on May 25, 2020 and has a variable rate of interest equal to one-month LIBOR plus 2.25%. Beginning September 1, 2017, the Company was required to begin making quarterly principal and interest payments on the term loan of \$1.4 million with the remaining principal and any unpaid interest due at maturity. The loan is unsecured with a negative pledge of shares of the Bank's common stock. The loan agreement contains financial covenants that require the Company to maintain a minimum total capital to risk-weighted assets ratio, a

minimum adjusted loan loss reserves to nonperforming loans ratio, a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio and a maximum percentage of nonperforming assets to tangible capital. At June 30, 2018, the Company was in compliance with each of these financial covenants.

The Bank's advances from the FHLB are collateralized by a blanket collateral agreement of qualifying mortgage and home equity line of credit loans and certain commercial real estate loans totaling approximately \$2.05 billion and \$1.86 billion at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

#### Note 13 - Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share are calculated utilizing the two-class method. Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the sum of distributed earnings to common shareholders and undistributed earnings allocated to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shareholders outstanding. Diluted earnings per share are calculated by dividing the sum of distributed earnings to common shareholders and undistributed earnings allocated to common shareholders by the weighted average number of shares adjusted for the dilutive effect of common stock awards using the treasury stock method (outstanding stock options and unvested restricted stock) and common stock warrants. Presented below are the calculations for basic and diluted earnings per common share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017:

<b>5</b> 1	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,				
(dollars in thousands, except per share data)		2018		2017		2018		2017		
Net income	\$	12,782	\$	3,539	\$	14,588	\$	12,029		
Preferred stock dividends		(83)		(19)		(166)		(19)		
Amortization of preferred stock premium		47				94				
Net income available to common equity		12,746		3,520		14,516		12,010		
Common shareholder dividends		(5,201)		(3,173)		(9,409)		(6,282)		
Unvested restricted stock award dividends		(32)		(20)		(63)		(40)		
Undistributed earnings to unvested restricted stock awards		(44)				(31)		(31)		
Undistributed earnings to common shareholders	\$	7,469	\$	327	\$	5,013	\$	5,657		
Basic						,				
Distributed earnings to common shareholders	\$	5,201	\$	3,173	\$	9,409	\$	6,282		
Undistributed earnings to common shareholders		7,469		327		5,013		5,657		
Total common shareholders earnings, basic	\$	12,670	\$	3,500	\$	14,422	\$	11,939		
Diluted										
Distributed earnings to common shareholders	\$	5,201	\$	3,173	\$	9,409	\$	6,282		
Undistributed earnings to common shareholders		7,469		327		5,013		5,657		
Total common shareholders earnings		12,670		3,500		14,422		11,939		
Add back:										
Undistributed earnings reallocated from unvested restricted stock										
awards		1		_		1		1		
Total common shareholders earnings, diluted	\$	12,671	\$	3,500	\$	14,423	\$	11,940		
Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic	2	3,815,436		16,803,724		22,365,927		16,272,929		
Options and warrants		452,675		516,365		451,545		565,487		
Weighted average common shares outstanding, diluted	2	4,268,111		17,320,089		22,817,472		16,838,416		
Basic earnings per common share	\$	0.53	\$	0.21	\$	0.64	\$	0.73		
Diluted earnings per common share		0.52		0.20		0.63		0.71		

#### Note 14 - Fair Value of Financial Instruments

ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements, defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value including a three-level valuation hierarchy, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date reflecting assumptions that a market participant would use when pricing an asset or liability. The hierarchy uses three levels of inputs to measure the fair value of assets and liabilities as follows:

- · Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities traded in active markets.
- · Level 2: Observable inputs other than Level 1, including quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices in less active markets, or other observable inputs that can be corroborated by observable market data, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.
- · Level 3: Inputs to a valuation methodology that is unobservable, supported by little or no market activity, and significant to the fair value measurement. These valuation methodologies generally include pricing models, discounted cash flow models, or a determination of fair value that requires significant management judgment or estimation. This category also includes observable inputs from a pricing service not corroborated by observable market data, such as pricing corporate securities.

Fair value is used on a recurring basis to account for securities available for sale and derivative instruments, and for financial assets for which the Company has elected the fair value option. For assets and liabilities measured at the lower of cost or fair value, the fair value measurement criteria may or may not be met during a reporting period and such measurements are therefore considered "nonrecurring" for purposes of disclosing our fair value measurements. Fair value is used on a nonrecurring basis to adjust carrying values for impaired loans and other real estate owned and also to record impairment on certain assets, such as mortgage servicing rights, goodwill, intangible assets and other long-lived assets.

Assets and liabilities measured and recorded at fair value, including financial assets for which the Company has elected the fair value option, on a recurring and nonrecurring basis as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, are summarized below:

	June 30, 2018									
(dollars in thousands)		Total		oted prices in active markets r identical assets Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)		une	gnificant observable inputs Level 3)		
Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:		Iutai		Level 1)	_	(Level 2)		Level 3)		
Assets										
Investment securities available for sale:										
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	24,595	\$	24,595	\$	_	\$	_		
Government sponsored entity debt securities		76,276		_		76,276		_		
Agency mortgage-backed securities		363,061		_		363,061		_		
State and municipal securities		176,779		_		176,779		_		
Corporate securities		63,874		_		58,517		5,357		
Equity securities		3,416		_		3,416		_		
Loans held for sale		41,449		_		41,449		_		
Interest rate lock commitments		4,328		_		4,328		_		
Interest rate swap contracts		306		_		306		_		
Total	\$	754,084	\$	24,595	\$	724,132	\$	5,357		
Liabilities										
Forward commitments to sell mortgage-backed securities	\$	5	\$	_	\$	5	\$	_		
Interest rate swap contracts		306		_		306		_		
Total	\$	311	\$	_	\$	311	\$	_		
Assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis:										
Mortgage servicing rights	\$	52,381	\$	_	\$	_	\$	52,381		
Mortgage servicing rights held for sale		4,806		_		_		4,806		
Impaired loans		3,614		_		3,219		395		
Other real estate owned		60		_		60		_		
Assets held for sale		2,287		_		2,287		_		

	December 31, 2017									
(dollars in thousands)	Total		Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)		Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)		une	gnificant observable inputs Level) 3		
Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:										
Assets										
Investment securities available for sale:										
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	27,718	\$	27,718	\$		\$			
Government sponsored entity debt securities		25,211		_		25,211		_		
Agency mortgage-backed securities		232,387		_		232,387		_		
State and municipal securities		102,567		_		102,567		_		
Corporate securities		59,812		_		55,033		4,779		
Equity securities		2,830		_		2,830		_		
Loans held for sale		50,089		_		50,089				
Interest rate lock commitments		6,331		_		6,331		_		
Forward commitments to sell mortgage-backed securities		31		_		31		_		
Interest rate swap contracts		17		<u> </u>		17				
Total	\$	506,993	\$	27,718	\$	474,496	\$	4,779		
Liabilities										
Interest rate swap contracts	\$	17	\$	_	\$	17	\$	_		
Assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis:										
Mortgage servicing rights	\$	56,352	\$	_	\$	_	\$	56,352		
Mortgage servicing rights held for sale		10,176		10,176		_		_		
Impaired loans		9,385		_		7,631		1,754		
Other real estate owned		801		_		801		_		
Assets held for sale		3,358		_		3,358		_		

The following table presents losses recognized on assets measured on a non-recurring basis for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017:

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,				
(dollars in thousands)		2018		2017		2018	2017		
Mortgage servicing rights	\$	500	\$	1,650	\$	633	\$	1,726	
Mortgage servicing rights held for sale		188		_		188		_	
Impaired loans		2,041		213		2,916		563	
Other real estate owned		126		8		126		180	
Assets held for sale		_		1,130		_		1,130	
Total loss on assets measured on a nonrecurring basis	\$	2,855	\$	3,001	\$	3,863	\$	3,599	

The following table presents activity for assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018:

	Corporate Securities							
	7	Three Months Ended June 30,	Ended June 30					
(dollars in thousands)		20	18					
Balance, beginning of period	\$	4,787	\$	4,779				
Total realized in earnings (1)		63		119				
Total unrealized in other comprehensive income		562		562				
Net settlements (principal and interest)		(55)		(103)				
Balance, end of period	\$	5,357	\$	5,357				

<sup>(1)</sup> Amounts included in interest income from investment securities taxable in the consolidated statements of income.

The following table presents activity for assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017:

	Tl	Corpor Securi Tree Months Ended		Т	Mortgage Secur Three Months Ended	e-Ba ritie	s Six Months Ended
(dollars in thousands)		June 30, 201	_	June 30,	June 30,		
,	đ			φ		φ	1
Balance, beginning of period	Ф	7,734	7,480	Ф	_	Ф	1
Total realized in earnings <sup>(1)</sup>		85	180		_		_
Total unrealized in other comprehensive income		(3)	242		_		_
Net settlements (principal and interest)		(3,076)	(3,162)		_		(1)
Balance, end of period	\$	4,740	4,740	\$	_	\$	_

<sup>(1)</sup> Amounts included in interest income from investment securities taxable in the consolidated statements of income.

The following table presents quantitative information about significant unobservable inputs used in fair value measurements of non-recurring assets (Level 3) at June 30, 2018 (in thousands):

Non-recurring fair value measurements	F	air Value	Valuation technique	Unobservable input / assumptions	Range (weighted average)
Mortgage servicing rights	\$	52,381	Discounted cash flow	Prepayment speed	8.00% - 18.00% (8.25%)
				Discount rate	10.00% - 14.00% (11.02%)
Impaired loans	\$	395	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate	6.55% - 8.10% (7.25%)

*Mortgage Servicing Rights.* When mortgage loans are sold with servicing rights retained, servicing rights are initially recorded at fair value with the effect recorded in net gain on sales of loans in the consolidated statements of operations. Fair value is based on market prices for comparable mortgage servicing contracts, when available, or, alternatively, is based on a valuation model that calculates the present value of estimated future net servicing income.

The Company utilizes the amortization method to subsequently measure the carrying value of its servicing rights. In accordance with GAAP, the Company must record impairment charges on a non-recurring basis when the carrying value exceeds the estimated fair value. The fair value of our servicing rights is estimated by using a cash flow valuation model which calculates the present value of estimated future net servicing cash flows, taking into consideration expected mortgage loan prepayment rates, discount rates, servicing costs, replacement reserves and other economic factors which are estimated based on current market conditions. The determination of fair value of servicing rights relies upon Level 3 inputs. The fair value of mortgage servicing rights was \$52.4 million and \$56.4 million at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

Impaired loans. Impaired loans are measured and recorded at fair value on a non-recurring basis. All of our nonaccrual loans and restructured loans are considered impaired and are reviewed individually for the amount of impairment, if any. Most of our loans are collateral dependent and, accordingly, we measure impaired loans based on the estimated fair value of such collateral. The fair value of each loan's collateral is generally based on estimated market prices from an independently prepared appraisal, which is then adjusted for the cost related to liquidating such collateral; such valuation inputs result in a nonrecurring fair value measurement that is categorized as a Level 2 measurement. When adjustments are made to an appraised value to reflect various factors such as the age of the appraisal or known changes in the market or the collateral, such valuation inputs are considered unobservable and the fair value measurement is categorized as a Level 3 measurement. The impaired loans categorized as Level 3 also include unsecured loans and other secured loans whose fair values are based significantly on unobservable inputs such as the strength of a guarantor, cash flows discounted at the effective loan rate, and management's judgment.

ASC Topic 825, *Financial Instruments*, requires disclosure of the estimated fair value of certain financial instruments and the methods and significant assumptions used to estimate such fair values. Additionally, certain financial instruments and all nonfinancial instruments are excluded from the applicable disclosure requirements.

The Company has elected the fair value option for newly originated residential and commercial loans held for sale. These loans are intended for sale and are hedged with derivative instruments. We have elected the fair value option to mitigate accounting mismatches in cases where hedge accounting is complex and to achieve operational simplification.

The following table presents the difference between the aggregate fair value and the aggregate remaining principal balance for loans for which the fair value option has been elected as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

		June 30, 2018		December 31, 2017							
(dollars in thousands)	Aggregate fair value			Aggregate fair value							
Residential loans held for sale	\$ 25,208	\$ 747	\$ 24,461	\$ 12,243	\$ 375	\$ 11,868					
Commercial loans held for sale	16,241	369	15,872	37,846	343	37,503					
Total loans held for sale	\$ 41,449	\$ 1,116	\$ 40,333	\$ 50,089	\$ 718	\$ 49,371					

The following table presents the amount of gains and losses from fair value changes included in income before income taxes for financial assets carried at fair value for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017:

		Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,			
(dollars in thousands)	2018		2017		2018		2017	
Residential loans held for sale	\$	168	\$	(1)	\$	60	\$	254
Commercial loans held for sale		260		120		25		(616)
Total loans held for sale	\$	428	\$	119	\$	85	\$	(362)

The Company adopted ASU No. 2016-01, effective January 1, 2018. Adoption of the standard resulted in the use of an exit price rather than an entrance price to determine the fair value of loans, excluding loans held for sale, time deposits, FHLB and other borrowings, subordinated debt, and trust preferred debentures as of June 30, 2018. Although the exit price notion represents the value that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability, the actual prices received for a sale of assets or paid to transfer liabilities could be different from the exit price disclosed.

The following tables are a summary of the carrying values and fair value estimates of certain financial instruments as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

			June 30, 2018		
			Quoted prices		
			in active	Significant	
			markets	other	Significant
			for identical	observable	unobservable
(dellars in thousands)	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	assets	inputs (Level 2)	inputs (Level 3)
(dollars in thousands) Assets	Amount	Fair value	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 5)
Cash and due from banks	\$ 274,568	\$ 274,568	\$ 274,568	\$ —	\$ —
Federal funds sold	1,763	1,763	1,763	_	_
Investment securities available for sale	704,585	704,585	24,595	674,633	5,357
Equity Securities	3,416	3,416		3,416	_
Nonmarketable equity securities	44,278	44,278	_	44,278	_
Loans, net	4,077,565	3,993,423	_	_	3,993,423
Loans held for sale	41,449	41,449	_	41,449	_
Accrued interest receivable	14,800	14,800	_	14,800	_
Interest rate lock commitments	4,328	4,328	_	4,328	_
Interest rate swap contracts	306	306	_	306	_
Liabilities					
Deposits	\$ 4,159,857	\$ 4,150,984	\$ —	\$ 4,150,984	\$ —
Short-term borrowings	114,536	114,536	_	114,536	_
FHLB and other borrowings	678,873	676,632	_	676,632	_
Subordinated debt	94,053	61,081	_	61,081	_
Trust preferred debentures	47,559	49,057	_	49,057	_
Accrued interest payable	3,737	3,737	_	3,737	_
Forward commitments to sell mortgage-backed					
securities	5	5	_	5	_
Interest rate swap contracts	306	306	_	306	_

	December 31, 2017										
(dollars in thousands)		Carrying Amount	I	Fair Value	fo	in active in active markets or identical assets (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	uno	gnificant observable inputs Level 3)		
Assets	' <u></u>										
Cash and due from banks	\$	214,519	\$	214,519	\$	214,519	\$ —	\$	_		
Federal funds sold		683		683		683	_		_		
Investment securities available for sale		450,525		450,525		27,718	418,028		4,779		
Nonmarketable equity securities		34,796		34,796		_	34,796		_		
Loans, net		3,210,247		3,200,016		_	_	3	3,200,016		
Loans held for sale		50,089		50,089		_	50,089		_		
Accrued interest receivable		11,715		11,715		_	11,715		_		
Interest rate lock commitments		6,331		6,331		_	6,331		_		
Forward commitments to sell mortgage-backed											
securities		31		31		_	31				
Interest rate swap contracts		17		17		_	17		_		
Liabilities											
Deposits	\$	3,131,089	\$	3,127,626	\$	_	\$ 3,127,626	\$	_		
Short-term borrowings		156,126		156,126		_	156,126				
FHLB and other borrowings		496,436		494,634		_	494,634		_		
Subordinated debt		93,972		90,860		_	90,860		_		
Trust preferred debentures		45,379		46,069		_	46,069		_		
Accrued interest payable		2,531		2,531		_	2,531		_		
Interest rate swap contracts		17		17		_	17		_		

#### Note 15 - Commitments, Contingencies and Credit Risk

In the normal course of business, there are outstanding various contingent liabilities such as claims and legal actions, which are not reflected in the consolidated financial statements. No material losses are anticipated as a result of these actions or claims.

We are a party to financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of our customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit. Those instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit risk in excess of the amount recognized in the balance sheet. The contract amounts of those instruments reflect the extent of involvement we have in particular classes of financial instruments.

Our exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the other party to the financial instrument for commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit is represented by the contractual amount of those instruments. The Bank used the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as it does for on-balance sheet instruments. The commitments are principally tied to variable rates. Loan commitments as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were as follows:

(4-11	June 30,	December 31,
(dollars in thousands)	2018	2017
Commitments to extend credit	\$ 767,339	\$ 568,356
Financial guarantees – standby letters of credit	144.412	142.189

The Company sells residential mortgage loans to investors in the normal course of business. Residential mortgage loans sold to others are predominantly conventional residential first lien mortgages originated under our usual underwriting procedures, and are sold on a nonrecourse basis, primarily to government-sponsored enterprises ("GSEs"). The Company's agreements to sell residential mortgage loans in the normal course of business usually require certain representations and warranties on the underlying loans sold, related to credit information, loan documentation, collateral, and insurability. Subsequent to being sold, if a material underwriting deficiency or documentation defect is discovered, the Company may be obligated to repurchase the loan or reimburse the GSEs for losses incurred. The make-whole requests and any related risk of loss under the representations and warranties are largely driven by borrower performance. The Company establishes a mortgage repurchase liability related to these events that reflect management's estimate of losses on loans for which the Company could have a repurchase obligation based on a combination of factors. Such factors incorporate the volume of loans sold in 2018 and years prior, borrower default expectations, historical investor repurchase demand and appeals success rates, and estimated loss severity. Loans repurchased from investors are initially recorded at fair value, which becomes the Company's new accounting basis. Any difference between the loan's fair value and the outstanding principal amount is charged or credited to the mortgage repurchase liability, as appropriate. Subsequent to repurchase, such loans are carried in loans receivable. The Company incurred losses as a result of make-whole requests and loan repurchases totaling \$9,000 and \$20,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively. There were no losses incurred for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017. The liability for unresolved repurchase demands totaled \$745,000 and \$371,000 at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

#### Note 16 - Segment Information

Our business segments are defined as Banking, Commercial FHA Origination and Servicing, Wealth Management, and Other. The reportable business segments are consistent with the internal reporting and evaluation of the principle lines of business of the Company. The banking segment provides a wide range of financial products and services to consumers and businesses, including commercial, commercial real estate, mortgage and other consumer loan products; commercial equipment leasing; mortgage loan sales and servicing; letters of credit; various types of deposit products, including checking, savings and time deposit accounts; merchant services; and corporate treasury management services. The commercial FHA origination and servicing segment provides for the origination and servicing of government sponsored mortgages for multifamily and healthcare facilities. The wealth management segment consists of

trust and fiduciary services, brokerage and retirement planning services. The other segment includes the operating results of the parent company, our captive insurance business unit, and the elimination of intercompany transactions.

During 2018, the Company re-evaluated its business segments and changed the composition of its reportable segments to those described above and restated all prior period information.

Selected business segment financial information as of and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 were as follows:

(dollars in thousands)		Banking		mmercial FHA rigination and Servicing		Wealth magement		Other		Total
Three Months Ended June 30, 2018										
Net interest income (expense)	\$	50,978	\$	(95)	\$	72	\$	(2,669)	\$	48,286
Provision for loan losses		1,854		_		_		_		1,854
Noninterest income		6,615		447		5,408		3,478		15,948
Noninterest expense		38,941		4,718		2,878		16		46,553
Income before income taxes		16,798		(4,366)		2,602		793		15,827
Income taxes (benefit)		5,201		(1,402)		151		(905)		3,045
Net income (loss)	\$	11,597	\$	(2,964)	\$	2,451	\$	1,698	\$	12,782
Total assets	\$	5,780,313	\$	94,481	\$	17,171	\$	(161,365)	\$	5,730,600
Three Months Ended June 30, 2017										
Net interest income (expense)	\$	30,602	\$	128	\$	157	\$	(1,487)	\$	29,400
Provision for loan losses		458		_		_		_		458
Noninterest income		6,833		4,347		3,406		(967)		13,619
Noninterest expense		31,879		3,646		2,522		(402)		37,645
Income (loss) before income taxes (benefit)		5,098		829		1,041		(2,052)		4,916
Income taxes (benefit)		1,532		362		147		(664)		1,377
Net income (loss)	\$	3,566	\$	467	\$	894	\$	(1,388)	\$	3,539
Total assets	\$	4,500,790	\$	92,643	\$	15,644	\$	(117,435)	\$	4,491,642
(dellaws in thousands)		Danking		mmercial FHA		Wealth		Othor		Total
(dollars in thousands) Six Months Ended June 30, 2018	_	Banking				Wealth magement		Other		Total
Six Months Ended June 30, 2018	\$		Oı	rigination and Servicing	Ma	nagement	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
•	\$	91,609 3.860		rigination and			\$	Other (5,237)	\$	<b>Total</b> 86,471 3.860
Six Months Ended June 30, 2018 Net interest income (expense)	\$	91,609	Oı	rigination and Servicing	Ma	nagement	\$		\$	86,471
Six Months Ended June 30, 2018  Net interest income (expense)  Provision for loan losses	\$	91,609 3,860	Oı	rigination and Servicing (58)	Ma	157 —	\$	(5,237)	\$	86,471 3,860
Six Months Ended June 30, 2018  Net interest income (expense)  Provision for loan losses  Noninterest income  Noninterest expense	\$	91,609 3,860 14,706 83,032	Oı	(58) ————————————————————————————————————	Ma	157 — 9,591 5,397	\$	(5,237) — 4,288 (530)	\$	86,471 3,860 32,553
Net interest income (expense) Provision for loan losses Noninterest income	\$	91,609 3,860 14,706	Oı	cigination and Servicing (58)  — 3,968	Ma	157 — 9,591	\$	(5,237) — 4,288	\$	86,471 3,860 32,553 96,155
Six Months Ended June 30, 2018  Net interest income (expense)  Provision for loan losses  Noninterest income  Noninterest expense  Income (loss) before income taxes (benefit)	\$	91,609 3,860 14,706 83,032 19,423	Oı	(58) ————————————————————————————————————	Ma	157 — 9,591 5,397 4,351	\$	(5,237) — 4,288 (530) (419)	\$	86,471 3,860 32,553 96,155 19,009
Six Months Ended June 30, 2018  Net interest income (expense)  Provision for loan losses  Noninterest income  Noninterest expense  Income (loss) before income taxes (benefit)  Income taxes (benefit)		91,609 3,860 14,706 83,032 19,423 6,580	\$	(58) (58) (3,968 8,256 (4,346) (995)	<u>Ma</u>	157 — 9,591 5,397 4,351 292		(5,237) 4,288 (530) (419) (1,456)	_	86,471 3,860 32,553 96,155 19,009 4,421
Six Months Ended June 30, 2018  Net interest income (expense)  Provision for loan losses  Noninterest income  Noninterest expense  Income (loss) before income taxes (benefit)  Income taxes (benefit)  Net income (loss)	\$	91,609 3,860 14,706 83,032 19,423 6,580 12,843	\$	(58) (58) (58) (58) (4,346) (995) (3,351)	\$ \$	157 —— 9,591 5,397 4,351 292 4,059	\$	(5,237) 	\$	86,471 3,860 32,553 96,155 19,009 4,421 14,588
Six Months Ended June 30, 2018  Net interest income (expense)  Provision for loan losses  Noninterest income  Noninterest expense  Income (loss) before income taxes (benefit)  Income taxes (benefit)  Net income (loss)  Total assets	\$	91,609 3,860 14,706 83,032 19,423 6,580 12,843	\$	(58) (58) (58) (58) (4,346) (995) (3,351)	\$ \$	157 —— 9,591 5,397 4,351 292 4,059	\$	(5,237) 	\$	86,471 3,860 32,553 96,155 19,009 4,421 14,588
Six Months Ended June 30, 2018  Net interest income (expense)  Provision for loan losses  Noninterest income  Noninterest expense  Income (loss) before income taxes (benefit)  Income taxes (benefit)  Net income (loss)  Total assets  Six Months Ended June 30, 2017	\$	91,609 3,860 14,706 83,032 19,423 6,580 12,843 5,780,313	\$ \$	(58) (58) 3,968 8,256 (4,346) (995) (3,351) 94,481	\$ \$ \$	157 — 9,591 5,397 4,351 292 4,059 17,171	\$	(5,237)  4,288 (530) (419) (1,456) 1,037 (161,365)	\$	86,471 3,860 32,553 96,155 19,009 4,421 14,588 5,730,600
Six Months Ended June 30, 2018  Net interest income (expense)  Provision for loan losses  Noninterest income  Noninterest expense  Income (loss) before income taxes (benefit)  Income taxes (benefit)  Net income (loss)  Total assets  Six Months Ended June 30, 2017  Net interest income (expense)	\$	91,609 3,860 14,706 83,032 19,423 6,580 12,843 5,780,313	\$ \$	(58) (58) 3,968 8,256 (4,346) (995) (3,351) 94,481	\$ \$ \$	157 — 9,591 5,397 4,351 292 4,059 17,171	\$	(5,237)  4,288 (530) (419) (1,456) 1,037 (161,365)	\$	86,471 3,860 32,553 96,155 19,009 4,421 14,588 5,730,600
Six Months Ended June 30, 2018  Net interest income (expense)  Provision for loan losses  Noninterest income  Noninterest expense  Income (loss) before income taxes (benefit)  Income taxes (benefit)  Net income (loss)  Total assets  Six Months Ended June 30, 2017  Net interest income (expense)  Provision for loan losses	\$	91,609 3,860 14,706 83,032 19,423 6,580 12,843 5,780,313	\$ \$	(58) (58) 3,968 8,256 (4,346) (995) (3,351) 94,481	\$ \$ \$	157 — 9,591 5,397 4,351 292 4,059 17,171	\$	(5,237)  4,288 (530) (419) (1,456) 1,037 (161,365)	\$	86,471 3,860 32,553 96,155 19,009 4,421 14,588 5,730,600 56,861 1,991 29,961 68,442
Six Months Ended June 30, 2018  Net interest income (expense)  Provision for loan losses  Noninterest income  Noninterest expense  Income (loss) before income taxes (benefit)  Income taxes (benefit)  Net income (loss)  Total assets  Six Months Ended June 30, 2017  Net interest income (expense)  Provision for loan losses  Noninterest income	\$	91,609 3,860 14,706 83,032 19,423 6,580 12,843 5,780,313 58,982 1,991 15,768	\$ \$	(58) (58) (58) (58) (3,968 (4,346) (995) (3,351) (94,481) (404) (11,223)	\$ \$ \$	157 — 9,591 5,397 4,351 292 4,059 17,171	\$	(5,237)  4,288 (530) (419) (1,456) 1,037 (161,365)  (2,830) — (3,308)	\$	86,471 3,860 32,553 96,155 19,009 4,421 14,588 5,730,600 56,861 1,991 29,961
Six Months Ended June 30, 2018  Net interest income (expense)  Provision for loan losses  Noninterest income  Noninterest expense  Income (loss) before income taxes (benefit)  Income taxes (benefit)  Net income (loss)  Total assets  Six Months Ended June 30, 2017  Net interest income (expense)  Provision for loan losses  Noninterest income  Noninterest expense	\$	91,609 3,860 14,706 83,032 19,423 6,580 12,843 5,780,313 58,982 1,991 15,768 56,789	\$ \$	(58) (58) (58) (58) (3,968 (4,346) (995) (3,351) (94,481) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (4	\$ \$ \$	157 — 9,591 5,397 4,351 292 4,059 17,171 305 — 6,278 4,765	\$	(5,237)  4,288 (530) (419) (1,456) 1,037 (161,365)  (2,830) — (3,308) (841)	\$	86,471 3,860 32,553 96,155 19,009 4,421 14,588 5,730,600 56,861 1,991 29,961 68,442
Six Months Ended June 30, 2018  Net interest income (expense)  Provision for loan losses  Noninterest income  Noninterest expense Income (loss) before income taxes (benefit) Income taxes (benefit)  Net income (loss)  Total assets  Six Months Ended June 30, 2017  Net interest income (expense)  Provision for loan losses  Noninterest income  Noninterest expense Income (loss) before income taxes (benefit)	\$	91,609 3,860 14,706 83,032 19,423 6,580 12,843 5,780,313 58,982 1,991 15,768 56,789 15,970	\$ \$	(58) (58) (58) (58) (3,968 (4,346) (995) (3,351) (94,481) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (404) (4	\$ \$ \$	157 — 9,591 5,397 4,351 292 4,059 17,171 305 — 6,278 4,765 1,818	\$	(5,237)  4,288 (530) (419) (1,456) 1,037 (161,365)  (2,830) — (3,308) (841) (5,297)	\$	86,471 3,860 32,553 96,155 19,009 4,421 14,588 5,730,600 56,861 1,991 29,961 68,442 16,389

#### Note 17 - Revenue From Contracts with Customers

On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted ASU No. 2014-09 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (Topic 606) and all subsequent ASUs that modified Topic 606. As stated in Note 2, Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, the implementation of the new standard did not have a material impact on the measurement or recognition of revenue. Since the impact of applying the standard was determined to be immaterial, the Company did not record a cumulative effect adjustment to beginning retained earnings on January 1, 2018. Results for reporting periods beginning after January 1, 2018 are presented under Topic 606, while prior period amounts were not adjusted and continue to be reported in accordance with previous GAAP.

Topic 606 does not apply to revenue associated with financial instruments, including revenue from loans and investment securities. In addition, certain noninterest income streams such as commercial FHA revenue, residential mortgage banking revenue and gain on sales of investment securities, net are also not in scope of the new guidance. Topic 606 is applicable to noninterest income streams such as wealth management revenue, service charges on deposit accounts, interchange revenue, gain on sales of other real estate owned, and certain other noninterest income streams. The recognition of revenue associated with these noninterest income streams did not change significantly from current practice upon adoption of Topic 606. The noninterest income streams considered in-scope by Topic 606 are discussed below.

# Wealth Management Revenue

Wealth management revenue is primarily comprised of fees earned from the management and administration of trusts and other customer assets. The Company also earns investment advisory fees through its SEC registered investment advisory subsidiary. The Company's performance obligation in both of these instances is generally satisfied over time and the resulting fees are recognized monthly, based upon the month-end market value of the assets under management and contractually determined fee schedules. Payment is generally received a few days after month end through a direct charge to each customer's account. The Company does not earn performance-based incentives. Optional services such as real estate sales and tax return preparation services are also available to existing trust and asset management customers. The Company's performance obligation for these transactional-based services is generally satisfied, and related revenue recognized, at a point in time (i.e., as incurred). Payment is received shortly after services are rendered. Fees generated from transactions executed by the Company's third party broker dealer are remitted by them to the Company on a monthly basis for that month's transactional activity.

# Service Charges on Deposit Accounts

Service charges on deposit accounts consist of fees received under depository agreements with customers to provide access to deposited funds, serve as custodian of deposited funds, and when applicable, pay interest on deposits. These service charges primarily include non-sufficient fund fees and other account related service charges. Non-sufficient fund fees are earned when a depositor presents an item for payment in excess of available funds, and the Company, at its discretion, provides the necessary funds to complete the transaction. The Company generates other account related service charge revenue by providing depositors proper safeguard and remittance of funds as well as by delivering optional services for depositors, such as check imaging or treasury management, that are performed upon the depositor's request. The Company's performance obligation for the proper safeguard and remittance of funds, monthly account analysis and any other monthly service fees is generally satisfied, and the related revenue recognized, over the period in which the service is provided. Payment for service charges on deposit accounts is typically received immediately or in the following month through a direct charge to a customer's account.

# Interchange Revenue

Interchange revenue includes debit / credit card income and ATM user fees. Card income is primarily comprised of interchange fees earned for standing ready to authorize and providing settlement on card transactions processed through the MasterCard interchange network. The levels and structure of interchange rates are set by MasterCard and can vary based on cardholder purchase volumes. Interchange fees from cardholder transactions represent a percentage of the underlying transaction value and are recognized daily, concurrently with completion of the Company's performance obligation, the transaction processing services provided to the cardholder. Payment is typically received immediately or in the following month. ATM fees are primarily generated when a Company cardholder withdraws funds from a non-Company ATM or a non-Company cardholder withdraws funds from a Company ATM.

The Company satisfies its performance obligation for each transaction at the point in time when the ATM withdrawal is processed.

#### Gain on Sales of Other Real Estate Owned

The Company records a gain or loss from the sale of other real estate owned ("OREO") when control of the property transfers to the buyer, which generally occurs at the time of an executed deed. When the Company finances the sale of OREO to a buyer, the Company assesses whether the buyer is committed to perform their obligations under the contract and whether collectability of the transaction price is probable. Once these criteria are met, the OREO asset is derecognized and the gain or loss on sale is recorded upon transfer of control of the property to the buyer. In determining the gain or loss on the sale, the Company adjusts the transaction price and related gain or loss on sale if a significant financing component is present.

# Other Noninterest Income

The other noninterest income revenue streams within the scope of Topic 606 consist of merchant services revenue, safe deposit box rentals, wire transfer fees, paper statement fees, check printing commissions, and other noninterest related fees. Revenue from the Company's merchant services business consists principally of transaction and account management fees charged to merchants for the electronic processing of transactions. These fees are net of interchange fees paid to the credit card issuing bank, card company assessments, and revenue sharing amounts. Account management fees are considered earned at the time the merchant's transactions are processed or other services are performed. Fees related to the other components of other noninterest income within the scope of Topic 606 are largely transactional based, and therefore, the Company's performance obligation is satisfied and related revenue recognized, at the point in time the customer uses the selected service to execute a transaction.

The following presents noninterest income, segregated by revenue streams in-scope and out-of-scope of Topic 606, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

	Three Mor Jun	nths e 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,					
(dollars in thousands)	2018		2017	2018	_	2017			
Noninterest income - in-scope of Topic 606									
Wealth management revenue:									
Trust management/administration fees	\$ 4,322	\$	2,405	\$ 7,441	\$	4,747			
Investment advisory fees	495		445	960		445			
Investment brokerage fees	387		346	754		669			
Other	213		210	444		418			
Service charges on deposit accounts:									
Nonsufficient fund fees	1,991		761	3,441		1,343			
Other	702		361	1,219		671			
Interchange revenues	2,929		1,114	4,974		2,092			
Other income:									
Merchant services revenue	460		97	798		492			
Other	687		423	1,747		880			
Noninterest income - out-of-scope of Topic 606	3,762		7,457	10,775		18,204			
Total noninterest income	\$ 15,948	\$	13,619	\$ 32,553	\$	29,961			

# **Contract Balances**

A contract asset balance occurs when an entity performs a service for a customer before the customer pays consideration (resulting in a contract receivable) or before payment is due (resulting in a contract asset). A contract liability balance is an entity's obligation to transfer a service to a customer for which the entity has already received payment (or payment is due) from the customer. The Company's noninterest revenue streams are largely based on transactional activity, or standard month-end revenue accruals such as asset management fees based on month-end market values. Consideration is often received immediately or shortly after the Company satisfies its performance obligation and revenue is recognized. The Company does not typically enter into long-term revenue contracts with customers, and therefore, does not experience significant contract balances. As of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company did not have any significant contract balances.

# **Contract Acquisition Costs**

In connection with the adoption of Topic 606, an entity is required to capitalize, and subsequently amortize into expense, certain incremental costs of obtaining a contract with a customer if these costs are expected to be recovered. The incremental costs of obtaining a contract are those costs that an entity incurs to obtain a contract with a customer that it would not have incurred if the contract had not been obtained (for example, sales commission). The Company utilizes the practical expedient which allows entities to immediately expense contract acquisition costs when the asset that would have resulted from capitalizing these costs would have been amortized in one year or less. Upon adoption of Topic 606, the Company did not capitalize any contract acquisition costs.

#### Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion explains our financial condition and results of operations as of and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018. Annualized results for these interim periods may not be indicative of results for the full year or future periods. The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes presented elsewhere in this report and our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, filed with the SEC on March 6, 2018.

In addition to the historical information contained herein, this Form 10-Q includes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of such term in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements are subject to many risks and uncertainties, including changes in interest rates and other general economic, business and political conditions, including changes in the financial markets; changes in business plans as circumstances warrant; risks related to mergers and acquisitions and the integration of acquired businesses; and other risks detailed from time to time in filings made by the Company with the SEC. Readers should note that the forward-looking statements included herein are not a guarantee of future events, and that actual events may differ materially from those made in or suggested by the forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements generally can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "will," "propose," "may," "plan," "seek," "expect," "intend," "estimate," "anticipate," "believe," or "continue," or similar terminology. Any forward-looking statements presented herein are made only as of the date of this document, and we do not undertake any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements to reflect changes in assumptions, the occurrence of unanticipated events, or otherwise.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies**

The preparation of our consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. These estimates are based upon historical experience and on various other assumptions that management believes are reasonable under current circumstances. These estimates form the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of certain assets and liabilities that are not readily available from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. The estimates and judgments that management believes have the most effect on the Company's reported financial position and results of operations are set forth in "Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017. There have been no significant changes in critical accounting policies or the assumptions and judgments utilized in applying these policies since December 31, 2017.

#### Overview

Midland States Bancorp, Inc. is a diversified financial holding company headquartered in Effingham, Illinois. Its wholly owned banking subsidiary, Midland States Bank, has branches across Illinois and in Missouri and Colorado, and provides a broad array of traditional community banking and other complementary financial services, including commercial lending, residential mortgage origination, wealth management, merchant services and prime consumer lending. We also originate and service government sponsored mortgages for multifamily and healthcare facilities through our subsidiary, Love Funding Corporation, based in Washington, D.C. Our commercial equipment leasing business, Midland Equipment Finance, operates on a nationwide basis. As of June 30, 2018, we had \$5.7 billion in assets, \$4.2 billion of deposits and \$592.5 million of shareholders' equity.

Our strategic plan is focused on building a diversified financial services company anchored by a strong community bank. In the past several years, we have grown organically and through a series of acquisitions, with an over-arching focus on enhancing shareholder value and maintaining a platform for scalability. In June 2017, we completed the acquisition of Centrue and its subsidiary, Centrue Bank, a regional, full-service community bank headquartered in Ottawa, Illinois. At closing, Centrue had 20 bank branches located principally in northern Illinois and total assets of \$990.2 million. Most recently, on February 28, 2018, the Company completed the acquisition of Alpine, and its subsidiary, Alpine Bank, a regional, full-service community bank headquartered in Belvidere, Illinois. At closing, Alpine had 19 bank branches located principally in and around the Rockford, Illinois area and had total assets of \$1.2 billion.

Our principal business activity has been lending to and accepting deposits from individuals, businesses, municipalities and other entities. We have derived income principally from interest charged on loans and leases and, to a lesser extent, from interest and dividends earned on investment securities. We have also derived income from noninterest

sources, such as: fees received in connection with various lending and deposit services; wealth management services; commercial FHA mortgage loan originations, sales and servicing; residential mortgage loan originations, sales and servicing; and, from time to time, gains on sales of assets. Our principal expenses include interest expense on deposits and borrowings, operating expenses, such as salaries and employee benefits, occupancy and equipment expenses, data processing costs, professional fees and other noninterest expenses, provisions for loan losses and income tax expense.

# **Significant Transactions**

Each item listed below materially affects the comparability of our results of operations and financial condition as of and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, and may affect the comparability of financial information we report in future fiscal periods.

**Recent Acquisitions.** On February 28, 2018, the Company acquired Alpine for total consideration valued at approximately \$173.2 million. Consideration transferred by the Company consisted of \$33.3 million in cash and 4,463,200 shares of common stock. All identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed were adjusted to fair value as of February 28, 2018, and the results of Alpine's operations have been included in the consolidated statements of income beginning on that date. The resultant purchase accounting adjustments have been reflected in the enclosed consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2018. Intangible assets recognized as a result of the transaction consisted of \$65.3 million in goodwill, \$6.3 million in customer relationship intangibles and \$21.1 million in core deposit intangibles.

On June 9, 2017, the Company acquired Centrue for total consideration value of approximately \$176.6 million. Consideration paid by the Company consisted of \$61.0 million in cash, 3,219,238 shares of common stock, 181 shares of Series G preferred stock and 2,636 shares of Series H preferred stock. All identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed were adjusted to fair value as of June 9, 2017, and the results of Centrue's operations have been included in the consolidated statements of income beginning on that date. Intangible assets recognized as a result of the transaction consisted of \$47.4 million in goodwill and \$11.1 million in core deposit intangibles.

*Purchased Credit-Impaired ("PCI") Loans.* Our net interest margin benefits from favorable changes in expected cash flows on our PCI loans and from accretion income associated with purchase accounting discounts established on the non-PCI loans included in our acquisitions. Our reported net interest margin for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 was 3.91% and 3.70%, respectively. Accretion income associated with accounting discounts established on loans acquired totaled \$5.5 million and \$1.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, increasing the reported net interest margin by 40 and 13 basis points for each respective period. The reported net interest margin for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 was 3.81% and 3.78%, respectively. Accretion income associated with purchase accounting discounts established on loans acquired totaled \$7.4 million and \$4.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, increasing the reported net interest margin by 29 and 23 basis points for each respective period.

*Mortgage Servicing Rights.* The Company sells residential and commercial mortgage loans in the secondary market and typically retains the right to service the loans sold. Mortgage servicing rights ("MSR") are carried at the lower of the initial capitalized amount, net of accumulated amortization, or estimated fair value. MSR are amortized in proportion to and over the period of estimated net servicing income, and assessed for impairment at each reporting date.

In the third quarter of 2017, we committed to a plan to sell our Fannie Mae residential mortgage servicing rights and transferred \$14.2 million of residential MSR, net of valuation allowances, to MSR held for sale. As a result of recognizing a \$4.1 million loss in 2017, MSR held for sale had a net carrying value of \$10.2 million at December 31, 2017. The Fannie Mae MSR held for sale was sold on January 2, 2018. During the second quarter of 2018, the Company transferred the remaining \$3.6 million of residential MSR to MSR held for sale. On June 29, 2018, the Company sold \$2.7 million of MSR held for sale, recognizing a loss of \$0.4 million from the sale.

There were no impairment charges on the residential MSR during the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$0.8 million and \$0.7 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively. For commercial FHA MSR, we recognized impairment charges of \$0.5 million and \$0.6 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively, compared to \$0.9 million and \$1.0 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017.

#### **Results of Operations**

**Net Interest Income.** Our primary source of revenue is net interest income, which is the difference between interest income from interest-earning assets (primarily loans and securities) and interest expense of funding sources (primarily interest-bearing deposits and borrowings). Net interest income is impacted by the volume of interest-earning assets and related funding sources, as well as changes in the levels of interest rates. Noninterest-bearing sources of funds, such as demand deposits and shareholders' equity, also support earning assets. The impact of the noninterest-bearing sources of funds is captured in the net interest margin, which is calculated as net interest income divided by average interest-earning assets. The net interest margin is presented on a tax-equivalent basis, which means that tax-free interest income has been adjusted to a pretax-equivalent income, assuming federal income tax rates of 21% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 35% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively.

In the second quarter of 2018, net interest income (on a tax-equivalent basis) was \$48.8 million, an increase of \$18.7 million, or 62.3%, from \$30.1 million of net interest income we generated for the comparative prior year quarter. The tax-equivalent net interest margin was 3.91% for the second quarter of 2018 compared to 3.70% in the second quarter of 2017.

For the six months ended June 30, 2018, we generated \$87.4 million of net interest income (on a tax-equivalent basis), which was an increase of \$29.2 million, or 50.2%, from \$58.2 million of net interest income we produced during the six months ended June 30, 2017. The tax-equivalent net interest margin was 3.81% for the first six months of 2018 compared to 3.78% for the first six months of 2017.

Average Balance Sheet, Interest and Yield/Rate Analysis. The following tables present average balance sheet information, interest income, interest expense and the corresponding average yields earned and rates paid for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. The average balances are principally daily averages and, for loans, include both performing and nonperforming balances. Interest income on loans includes the effects of discount accretion and net deferred loan origination costs accounted for as yield adjustments.

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,									
				2018					2017	
		Average		Interest	Yield /		Average		Interest	Yield /
(tax-equivalent basis, dollars in thousands)		Balance		& Fees	Rate		Balance		& Fees	Rate
EARNING ASSETS:		,"					,			
Federal funds sold & cash investments	\$	227,499	\$	1,014	1.79 %	\$	192,483	\$	487	1.02 %
Investment securities:										
Taxable investment securities		555,053		3,756	2.71		256,109		1,563	2.44
Investment securities exempt from federal income tax (1)	_	175,964		1,564	3.55		106,159		1,449	5.46
Total securities	<u></u>	731,017		5,320	2.91		362,268		3,012	3.33
Loans:	_									
Loans (2)		3,880,427		50,699	5.24		2,573,578		30,254	4.72
Loans exempt from federal income tax (1)		102,531		1,015	3.97		47,561		497	4.19
Total loans		3,982,958		51,714	5.21		2,621,139		30,751	4.71
Loans held for sale	_	31,220		295	3.79		61,718		720	4.68
Nonmarketable equity securities		38,872		482	4.97		22,246		239	4.31
Total earning assets	_	5,011,566	\$	58,825	4.71 %		3,259,854	\$	35,209	4.33 %
Noninterest-earning assets		639,864					372,473			
Total assets	\$	5,651,430				\$	3,632,327			
INTEREST-BEARING LIABILITIES:										
Checking and money market deposits	\$	1,822,290	\$	1,924	0.42 %	\$	1,213,436	\$	819	0.27 %
Savings deposits	-	465,478	-	190	0.16	-	197,518	-	67	0.14
Time deposits		660,089		1,835	1.12		427,914		944	0.88
Brokered deposits		210,959		1,055	2.00		277,697		977	1.41
Total interest-bearing deposits	_	3,158,816		5,004	0.64		2,116,565		2,807	0.53
Short-term borrowings	_	120,794		116	0.38		146,144		82	0.23
FHLB advances and other borrowings		573,107		2,583	1.81		290,401		841	1.16
Subordinated debt		94,035		1,514	6.44		54,542		873	6.40
Trust preferred debentures		47,488		780	6.59		40,820		525	5.15
Total interest-bearing liabilities		3,994,240	\$	9,997	1.00 %		2,648,472	\$	5,128	0.78 %
NONINTEREST-BEARING LIABILITIES	_	,					,			
Noninterest-bearing deposits		1,025,308					579,977			
Other noninterest-bearing liabilities		47,229					42,372			
Total noninterest-bearing liabilities	_	1,072,537				_	622,349			
Shareholders' equity		584,653					361,506			
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	S	5,651,430				\$	3,632,327			
Net interest income / net interest margin (3)	Ψ.	5,551,450	\$	48.828	3.91 %	Ψ	5,052,527	\$	30.081	3.70 %
ivet interest income / net interest margin			Φ	40,020	3.91 %			φ	30,001	3./0 %

<sup>(1)</sup> Interest income and average rates for tax-exempt loans and securities are presented on a tax-equivalent basis, assuming federal income tax rates of 21% and 35% for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Tax-equivalent adjustments totaled \$542,000 and \$681,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

<sup>(2)</sup> Average loan balances include nonaccrual loans. Interest income on loans includes amortization of deferred loan fees, net of deferred loan costs.

<sup>(3)</sup> Net interest margin during the periods presented represents: (i) the difference between interest income on interest-earning assets and the interest expense on interest-bearing liabilities, divided by (ii) average interest-earning assets for the period.

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,									
				2018					2017	,
	Av	/erage		Interest	Yield /		Average	]	Interest	Yield /
(tax-equivalent basis, dollars in thousands)	В	alance		& Fees	Rate		Balance		& Fees	Rate
EARNING ASSETS:			-						,	
Federal funds sold & cash investments	\$	183,133	\$	1,535	1.69 %	\$	178,474	\$	798	0.90 %
Investment securities:										
Taxable investment securities		486,458		6,399	2.63		241,401		2,802	2.32
Investment securities exempt from federal income tax (1)		153,640		2,850	3.71		104,266		2,853	5.47
Total securities		640,098		9,249	2.89		345,667		5,655	3.27
Loans:									,	
Loans (2)	3	,648,407		91,730	5.07		2,445,250		58,327	4.81
Loans exempt from federal income tax (1)		83,426		1,606	3.88		46,727		984	4.25
Total loans	3	,731,833		93,336	5.04		2,491,977		59,311	4.80
Loans held for sale		36,003		723	4.05		67,782		1,489	4.43
Nonmarketable equity securities		36,892		881	4.82		21,152		457	4.36
Total earning assets	4	,627,959	\$	105,724	4.61 %		3,105,052	\$	67,710	4.40 %
Noninterest-earning assets		588,592					354,360			
Total assets	\$ 5	,216,551				\$	3,459,412			
INTEREST-BEARING LIABILITIES						_				
NOW and money market deposits	\$ 1	,702,919	\$	3,575	0.42 %	\$	1,156,342	\$	1,427	0.25 %
Savings deposits		405,302	-	351	0.17	-	182,963	-	132	0.15
Time deposits		612,507		3,285	1.08		412,612		1,833	0.9
Brokered deposits		197,685		1,910	1.95		255,258		1,801	1.42
Total interest-bearing deposits	2	,918,413		9,121	0.63		2,007,175		5,193	0.52
Short-term borrowings		134,671		240	0.36		144,870		162	0.23
FHLB advances and other borrowings		531,567		4,454	1.69		269,340		1,407	1.05
Subordinated debt		94,014		3,028	6.44		54,530		1,746	6.4
Trust preferred debentures		47,431		1,474	6.27		39,957		998	5.25
Total interest-bearing liabilities	3	,726,096	\$	18,317	0.99 %		2,515,872	\$	9,506	0.76 %
NONINTEREST-BEARING LIABILITIES										
Noninterest-bearing deposits		904,409					553,072			
Other noninterest-bearing liabilities		44.012					46,895			
Total noninterest-bearing liabilities		948,421					599,967			
Shareholders' equity		542,034					343,573			
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 5	,216,551				\$	3,459,412			
Net interest income / net interest margin (3)		, .,,,,,,	\$	87,407	3.81 %	Ť	-, -:,	\$	58,204	3.78 %

<sup>(1)</sup> Interest income and average rates for tax-exempt loans and securities are presented on a tax-equivalent basis, assuming federal income tax rates of 21% and 35% for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Tax-equivalent adjustments totaled \$936,000 and \$1.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

<sup>(2)</sup> Average loan balances include nonaccrual loans. Interest income on loans includes amortization of deferred loan fees, net of deferred loan costs.

<sup>(3)</sup> Net interest margin during the periods presented represents: (i) the difference between interest income on interest-earning assets and the interest expense on interest-bearing liabilities, divided by (ii) average interest-earning assets for the period.

Interest Rates and Operating Interest Differential. Increases and decreases in interest income and interest expense result from changes in average balances (volume) of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, as well as changes in average interest rates. The following table shows the effect that these factors had on the interest earned on our interest-earning assets and the interest incurred on our interest-bearing liabilities. The effect of changes in volume is determined by multiplying the change in volume by the previous period's average rate. Similarly, the effect of rate changes is calculated by multiplying the change in average rate by the previous period's volume. Changes which are not due solely to volume or rate have been allocated proportionally to the change due to volume and the change due to rate.

	J Co Thre J	e Months E lune 30, 201 ompared w e Months E lune 30, 201	8 ith Ended 17	C Six Month	ne 30, 2018 ith ne 30, 2017	
(tax-equivalent basis, dollars in thousands)	Change Volume	due to:	Interest Variance	Volume	due to:	Interest Variance
EARNING ASSETS:	Volume	Kate	variance	voiune	Nate	variance
Federal funds sold & cash investments	\$ 122	\$ 405	\$ 527	\$ 30	\$ 707	\$ 737
Investment securities:						
Taxable investment securities	1,924	269	2,193	3,035	562	3,597
Investment securities exempt from federal income tax	786	(671)	115	1,133	(1,136)	(3)
Total securities	2,710	(402)	2,308	4,168	(574)	3,594
Loans:						
Loans	16,219	4,226	20,445	29,474	3,929	33,403
Loans exempt from federal income tax	559	(41)	518	740	(118)	622
Total loans	16,778	4,185	20,963	30,214	3,811	34,025
Loans held for sale	(322)	(103)	(425)	(668)	(98)	(766)
Nonmarketable equity securities	192	51	243	358	66	424
Total earning assets	\$19,480	\$4,136	\$23,616	\$34,102	\$ 3,912	\$38,014
INTEREST-BEARING LIABILITIES:						
Checking and money market deposits	\$ 527	\$ 578	\$ 1,105	\$ 910	\$ 1,238	\$ 2,148
Savings deposits	100	23	123	177	42	219
Time deposits	578	313	891	980	472	1,452
Brokered deposits	(284)	362	78	(481)	590	109
Total interest-bearing deposits	921	1,276	2,197	1,586	2,342	3,928
Short-term borrowings	(19)	53	34	(15)	93	78
FHLB advances and other borrowings	1,047	695	1,742	1,784	1,263	3,047
Subordinated debt	634	7	641	1,268	14	1,282
Trust preferred debentures	97	158	255	209	267	476
Total interest-bearing liabilities	\$ 2,680	\$2,189	\$ 4,869	\$ 4,832	\$ 3,979	\$ 8,811
Net interest income	\$16,800	\$1,947	\$18,747	\$29,270	\$ (67)	\$29,203

Interest Income. The \$21.0 million, or 68.2%, increase in interest income on loans (on a tax-equivalent basis) for the second quarter of 2018 was primarily due to a 52.0% increase in the average balance of loans outstanding combined with a 50 basis point increase in the average yield on total loans. The average balance increase was primarily driven by the addition of \$679.6 million of loans from Centrue in June 2017 and \$786.2 million of loans from Alpine in February 2018. The increase in the average yield on loans was mainly due to a \$4.2 million increase in accretion income from purchase accounting discounts on acquired loans combined with the impact of higher market interest rates. The reported yield on total loans for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 was 5.21% and 4.71%, respectively. Accretion income associated with accounting discounts established on loans acquired totaled \$5.5 million and \$1.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, increasing the reported yields by 40 and 13 basis points for each respective period.

For the six months ended June 30, 2018, the \$34.0 million, or 57.4%, increase in interest income on loans was primarily due to a 49.8% increase in the average balance of loans outstanding combined with a 24 basis point increase in the average yield. The average balance increase was primarily due to loans added from the Centrue and Alpine acquisitions. The increase in the average yield on loans was mainly due to a \$3.4 million increase in accretion income from purchase accounting discounts on acquired loans combined with the impact of higher market interest rates. The reported yield on total loans for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 was 5.04% and 4.80%, respectively. Accretion income associated with purchase accounting discounts established on loans acquired totaled \$7.4 million and \$4.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, increasing the reported net yields by 29 and 23 basis points for each respective period.

Interest income on our investment securities portfolio on a tax-equivalent basis increased \$2.3 million and \$3.6 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively, mainly attributable to increases in the average balances of investment securities of 101.8% and 85.2% for the respective periods. The increases in average balances were primarily due to the addition of \$149.0 million of investment securities from Centrue in June 2017 and the addition of \$301.8 million of investment securities from Alpine in February 2018.

Interest income on short-term cash investments increased to \$1.0 million and \$1.5 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively, compared to \$0.5 million and \$0.8 million for the corresponding periods in 2017. These increases were primarily attributable to an increase in short-term interest rates.

Interest Expense. Interest expense on deposits increased to \$5.0 million and \$9.1 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively, as compared to \$2.8 million and \$5.2 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively. The \$2.2 million, or 78.3%, increase in interest expense on deposits for the second quarter of 2018 was primarily due to the average balance of interest-bearing deposits increasing 49.2% combined with an 11 basis point increase in the average rate paid. For the six-month period, the \$3.9 million, or 75.6%, increase in interest expense on deposits was mainly attributable to the average balance of deposits increasing 45.4% coupled with an 11 basis point increase in the average rate paid. The increase in the average balance of deposits primarily reflected the addition of \$583.7 million of interest-bearing deposits from Centrue in June 2017 and \$770.2 million of interest-bearing deposits from Alpine in February 2018. The increase in the average rate paid was primarily due to the impact of higher market interest rates.

Interest expense on borrowings increased to \$5.0 million and \$9.2 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, as compared to \$2.3 million and \$4.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017. The \$2.7 million and \$4.9 million increases in interest expense on borrowings for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively, were primarily due to expanded usage of FHLB advances as a short-term and long-term funding source, the full effect of \$90.0 million of FHLB advances and \$10.0 million of trust preferred debentures assumed from Centrue, the addition of \$18.1 million of FHLB advances assumed from Alpine, entering into a \$40.0 million term loan in May 2017 to help fund the acquisition of Centrue, issuing \$40.0 million of subordinated debt in October 2017 to assist with funding the acquisition of Alpine, and the impact of higher market interest rates on new FHLB advances and our variable rate trust preferred debentures.

**Provision for Loan Losses.** The provision for loan losses totaled \$1.8 million and \$3.9 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$0.5 million and \$2.0 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017. The provision for loan losses recorded during the three months ended 2018 was primarily due to the growth of our loan portfolio.

The increase in provision for loan losses in first six months of 2018 resulted primarily from the increase in specific reserves of two commercial loans that were classified as nonaccrual during the first quarter of 2018 and then charged off in the second quarter of 2018. The remaining provision increase resulted from the growth of our loan portfolio and as a result, an increase in the required reserves.

**Noninterest Income.** The following table sets forth the major components of our noninterest income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,					ncrease
(dollars in thousands)		2018 2017		2017	(d	ecrease)
Noninterest income:						
Commercial FHA revenue	\$	326	\$	4,153	\$	(3,827)
Residential mortgage banking revenue		2,116		2,330		(214)
Wealth management revenue		5,417		3,406		2,011
Service charges on deposit accounts		2,693		1,122		1,571
Interchange revenue		2,929		1,114		1,815
(Loss) gain on sales of investment securities, net		(70)		55		(125)
Gain (loss) on sales of other real estate owned		166		(4)		170
Other income		2,371		1,443		928
Total noninterest income	\$	15,948	\$	13,619	\$	2,329

	Fo	or the Six M June	т,	ncrease		
(dollars in thousands)	2018 2017			2017		ecrease)_
Noninterest income:						
Commercial FHA revenue	\$	3,656	\$	10,848	\$	(7,192)
Residential mortgage banking revenue		3,534		5,246		(1,712)
Wealth management revenue		9,599		6,279		3,320
Service charges on deposit accounts		4,660		2,014		2,646
Interchange revenue		4,974		2,092		2,882
(Loss) gain on sales of investment securities, net		(5)		122		(127)
Gain on sales of other real estate owned		473		32		441
Other income		5,662		3,328		2,334
Total noninterest income	\$	32,553	\$	29,961	\$	2,592

The \$2.3 million increase in noninterest income for the three months ended June 30, 2018 was primarily due to the impact of the Alpine acquisition and a full quarter's effect of the Centrue acquisition, which was a primary factor in wealth management revenue increasing \$2.0 million between the quarters. Included in the Alpine acquisition were \$1.1 billion of wealth management assets under administration. These increases were offset in part by a \$3.8 million decrease in commercial FHA revenue which resulted primarily from interest rate lock commitments declining from \$151.6 million in the second quarter of 2017 to \$11.1 million in the second quarter of 2018.

For the six months ended June 30, 2018, the \$2.6 million increase in noninterest income resulted mainly from the impact of the Alpine acquisition and the effect of the Centrue acquisition. These increases were offset in part by a \$7.2 million decrease in commercial FHA revenue and a \$1.7 million decrease in residential mortgage banking revenue. The decrease in commercial FHA revenue resulted primarily from interest rate lock commitments declining from \$368.5 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017 to \$91.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018. The decrease in residential mortgage banking revenue was primarily due to declines in closed production and interest rate lock commitments.

*Noninterest Expense.* The following tables set forth the major components of noninterest expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017:

	For					
(dollars in thousands)		2018	e 30,	2017		icrease ecrease)
Noninterest expense:	_	2010		2017	_(u	cercusey
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	23,467	\$	21,842	\$	1,625
Occupancy and equipment		4,708		3,472		1,236
Data processing		4,852		2,949		1,903
FDIC insurance		539		468		71
Professional		3,575		3,142		433
Marketing		1,411		804		607
Communications		699		386		313
Loan expense		552		482		70
Other real estate owned		166		167		(1)
Amortization of intangible assets		1,576		579		997
Other		5,008		3,354		1,654
Total noninterest expense	\$	46,553	\$	37,645	\$	8,908

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,					ncrease	
(dollars in thousands)	_	2018		2017	(decrease)		
Noninterest expense:							
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	51,862	\$	38,957	\$	12,905	
Occupancy and equipment		8,960		6,655		2,305	
Data processing		9,138		5,746		3,392	
FDIC insurance		1,087		838		249	
Professional		7,649		6,134		1,515	
Marketing		2,617		1,446		1,171	
Communications		2,246		932		1,314	
Loan expense		1,076		902		174	
Other real estate owned		256		579		(323)	
Amortization of intangible assets		3,251		1,104		2,147	
Other		8,013		5,149		2,864	
Total noninterest expense	\$	96,155	\$	68,442	\$	27,713	

The \$8.9 million increase in noninterest expense for the three months ended June 30, 2018 was primarily due to the impact of the Alpine acquisition and a full quarter's effect of the Centrue acquisition. Included in salaries and employee benefits expense for the three months ended June 30, 2017 was \$4.1 million of change in control costs, severance and other benefit related expenses associated with the acquisition of Centrue.

For the six months ended June 30, 2018, the \$27.7 million increase in noninterest expense resulted primarily from the impact of the Alpine acquisition and the effect of the Centrue acquisition. Included in salaries and employee benefits expense for the first three months of 2018 was \$9.3 million of change in control costs, severance and other benefit related expenses associated with the acquisition of Alpine.

Income Tax Expense. Income tax expense was \$3.0 million and \$4.4 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively, compared to \$1.3 million and \$4.4 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017. Effective tax rates were 19.2% and 23.3% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively, compared to 28.0% and 26.6% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017. Although the federal corporate income tax rate decreased to 21% beginning in 2018 from 35%, our effective tax rate was higher during the six months ended 2018 as the Company recorded additional income tax expense of \$0.7 million for the revaluation of net deferred state tax liabilities as a result of the Alpine acquisition.

#### **Financial Condition**

*Assets.* Total assets increased \$1.3 billion to \$5.7 billion at June 30, 2018 as compared to December 31, 2017. This increase primarily reflected the addition of \$1.2 billion of assets from the Alpine acquisition.

*Loans.* The loan portfolio is the largest category of our assets. At June 30, 2018, total loans were \$4.1 billion. The following table shows loans by non-PCI and PCI loan category as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

		June 30, 2018	1	D	ecember 31, 20	17
(dollars in thousands)	Non-PCI Loans	PCI Loans	Total	Non-PCI Loans	PCI Loans	Total
Commercial	\$ 755,727	\$ 6,822	\$ 762,549	\$ 553,257	\$ 2,673	\$ 555,930
Commercial real estate	1,695,622	15,674	1,711,296	1,427,076	12,935	1,440,011
Construction and land development	238,695	9,194	247,889	199,853	734	200,587
Total commercial loans	2,690,044	31,690	2,721,734	2,180,186	16,342	2,196,528
Residential real estate	585,710	16,098	601,808	447,602	5,950	453,552
Consumer	541,246	2,408	543,654	371,286	169	371,455
Lease financing	228,615	_	228,615	205,143	_	205,143
Total loans	\$4,045,615	\$ 50,196	\$ 4,095,811	\$3,204,217	\$ 22,461	\$3,226,678

Loans increased \$869.1 million to \$4.1 billion at June 30, 2018 as compared to December 31, 2017. The increase in loans was primarily due to \$786.2 million of loans added from the Alpine acquisition. The remaining increase reflected organic loan growth primarily from our equipment financing business and consumer loans originated through home improvement specialty retailers. The \$27.7 million increase in PCI loans at June 30, 2018 compared to December 31, 2017 reflected the addition of \$29.0 million of PCI loans from the Alpine acquisition, partially offset by loan payoffs and repayments.

Outstanding loan balances increase due to new loan originations, advances on outstanding commitments and loans acquired as a result of acquisitions of other financial institutions, net of amounts received for loan payments and payoffs, charge-offs of loans and transfers of loans to OREO. The following table shows the fair values of those loans acquired at acquisition date and the net growth for the periods presented.

	For the Six I June 3	 	For the Y	 
(dollars in thousands)	Acquired	Net Growth (Attrition)	Acquired	Net Growth (Attrition)
Commercial	\$ 198,866	\$ 7,753	\$ 104,812	\$ (6,709)
Commercial real estate	347,360	(76,075)	484,772	(14,376)
Construction and land development	44,856	2,446	28,458	(5,196)
Total commercial loans	591,082	(65,876)	618,042	(26,281)
Residential real estate	120,645	27,611	58,857	140,982
Consumer	74,459	97,740	3,047	98,391
Lease financing	_	23,472	_	13,664
Total loans	\$ 786,186	\$ 82,947	\$ 679,946	\$ 226,756

The principal categories of our loan portfolio are discussed below:

Commercial loans. We provide a mix of variable and fixed rate commercial loans. The loans are typically made to small- and medium-sized manufacturing, wholesale, retail and service businesses for working capital needs, business expansions and farm operations. Commercial loans generally include lines of credit and loans with maturities of five years or less. The loans are generally made with business operations as the primary source of repayment, but may also include collateralization by inventory, accounts receivable and equipment, and generally include personal guarantees.

Commercial real estate loans. Our commercial real estate loans consist of both real estate occupied by the borrower for ongoing operations and non-owner occupied real estate properties. The real estate securing our existing commercial real estate loans includes a wide variety of property types, such as owner occupied offices, warehouses and production facilities, office buildings, hotels, mixed-use residential and commercial facilities, retail centers, multifamily properties and assisted living facilities. Our commercial real estate loan portfolio also includes farmland loans. Farmland loans are generally made to a borrower actively involved in farming rather than to passive investors.

Construction and land development loans. Our construction and land development loans are comprised of residential construction, commercial construction and land acquisition and development loans. Interest reserves are generally established on real estate construction loans.

*Residential real estate loans.* Our residential real estate loans consist of residential properties that generally do not qualify for secondary market sale.

Consumer loans. Our consumer loans include direct personal loans, indirect automobile loans, lines of credit and installment loans originated through home improvement specialty retailers and contractors. Personal loans are generally secured by automobiles, boats and other types of personal property and are made on an installment basis.

*Lease financing.* Our custom equipment leasing business provides indirect financing leases to varying types of small businesses, nationwide, for purchases of business equipment and software. All indirect financing leases require monthly payments, and the weighted average maturity of our leases is less than four years.

The following table shows the contractual maturities of our loan portfolio and the distribution between fixed and adjustable interest rate loans at June 30, 2018:

				June 30, 2018			
	Within (	One Year	One Year to	Five Years	After Fi	ve Years	
(dollars in thousands)	Fixed Rate	Adjustable Rate	Fixed Rate	Adjustable ixed Rate F		Adjustable Rate	Total
Loans:							
Commercial	\$ 45,170	\$ 257,451	\$ 192,025	\$ 119,865	\$ 108,349	\$ 39,689	\$ 762,549
Commercial real estate	186,590	98,335	843,608	223,214	80,564	278,985	1,711,296
Construction and land development	11,293	65,194	39,564	117,074	261	14,503	247,889
Total commercial loans	243,053	420,980	1,075,197	460,153	189,174	333,177	2,721,734
Residential real estate	5,733	13,464	31,234	50,556	196,988	303,833	601,808
Consumer	5,600	2,990	521,219	11,599	1,941	305	543,654
Lease financing	8,098	_	215,275	_	5,242	_	228,615
Total loans	\$ 262,484	\$ 437,434	\$ 1,842,925	\$ 522,308	\$ 393,345	\$ 637,315	\$4,095,811

#### Loan Quality

We use what we believe is a comprehensive methodology to monitor credit quality and prudently manage credit concentration within our loan portfolio. Our underwriting policies and practices govern the risk profile and credit and geographic concentration for our loan portfolio. We also have what we believe to be a comprehensive methodology to monitor these credit quality standards, including a risk classification system that identifies potential problem loans based on risk characteristics by loan type as well as the early identification of deterioration at the individual loan level. In addition to our allowance for loan losses, our purchase discounts on acquired loans provide additional protections against credit losses.

Discounts on PCI Loans. PCI loans are loans that have evidence of credit deterioration since origination and for which it is probable at the date of acquisition that we will not collect all contractually required principal and interest payments. These loans are recorded at estimated fair value on their purchase date without a carryover of the related allowance for loan losses. At June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, we had PCI loans totaling \$50.2 million and \$22.5 million, respectively.

In determining the fair value of purchased credit-impaired loans at acquisition, we first determine the contractually required payments due, which represent the total undiscounted amount of all uncollected principal and interest payments, adjusted for the effect of estimated prepayments. We then estimate the undiscounted cash flows we expect to collect. We incorporate several key assumptions to estimate cash flows expected to be collected, including probability of default rates, loss given default assumptions and the amount and timing of prepayments. We calculate fair value by discounting the estimated cash flows we expect to collect using an observable market rate of interest, when available, adjusted for factors that a market participant would consider in determining fair value. We have aggregated certain credit-impaired loans acquired in the same transaction into pools based on common risk characteristics. A pool is accounted for as one asset with a single composite interest rate and an aggregate fair value and expected cash flows.

The difference between contractually required payments due and the cash flows expected to be collected, considering the impact of prepayments, is referred to as the nonaccretable difference. The nonaccretable difference, which is neither accreted into income nor recorded on our consolidated balance sheet, reflects estimated future credit losses expected to be incurred over the life of the loans. The excess of cash flows expected to be collected over the estimated fair value of PCI loans is referred to as the accretable yield. This amount is not recorded on our consolidated balance sheet, but is accreted into interest income over the remaining life of the loans, or pool of loans, using the effective yield method. The outstanding customer balance for PCI loans totaled \$68.2 million and \$32.8 million as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

Subsequent to acquisition, we periodically evaluate our estimates of cash flows expected to be collected. These evaluations, performed quarterly, require the continued use of key assumptions and estimates, similar to the initial estimate of fair value. Subsequent changes in the estimated cash flows expected to be collected may result in changes in the accretable yield and nonaccretable difference or reclassifications between accretable yield and the nonaccretable difference. Decreases in expected cash flows due to further credit deterioration will result in an impairment charge to the provision for loan losses, resulting in an increase to the allowance for loan losses and a reclassification from accretable yield to nonaccretable difference. Increases in expected cash flows due to credit improvements will result in an increase in the accretable yield through a reclassification from the nonaccretable difference or as a reduction in the allowance for loan losses to the extent established on specific pools subsequent to acquisition. The adjusted accretable yield is recognized in interest income over the remaining life of the loan, or pool of loans.

The following table shows changes in the accretable yield for PCI loans for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017:

	Three Months Ended June 30,				 Six Mont Jun		
(dollars in thousands)		2018 2017		2017	2018		2017
Balance, beginning of period	\$	7,630	\$	8,833	\$ 5,732	\$	9,035
New loans purchased - Alpine acquisition		_		_	1,245		_
New loans purchased - Centrue acquisition		_		9,849	_		9,849
Accretion		(1,190)		(950)	(2,351)		(3,193)
Other adjustments (including maturities, charge-offs, and impact of changes							
in timing of expected cash flows)		354		(1,554)	1,014		(1,545)
Reclassification from non-accretable		(530)		(513)	624		1,519
Balance, end of period	\$	6,264	\$	15,665	\$ 6,264	\$	15,665

As of June 30, 2018, the balance of accretable discounts on our PCI loan portfolio was \$6.3 million compared to \$5.7 million at December 31, 2017. We may not accrete the full amount of these discounts into interest income in future periods if the assets to which these discounts are applied do not perform according to our current expectations.

We have also recorded accretable discounts in purchase accounting for loans that are not considered PCI loans. Similar to the way in which we employ the fair value methodology for PCI loans, we consider expected prepayments and estimate the amount and timing of undiscounted cash flows in order to determine the accretable discount for non-PCI loans. Such discounts are accreted into income on a level yield basis.

*Analysis of the Allowance for Loan Losses.* The following table allocates the allowance for loan losses, or the allowance, by loan category:

		June 30,		Decembe		
(dollars in thousands)	Bo	ok Value	% <sup>(1)</sup>	Bo	ok Value	% <sup>(1)</sup>
Loans:						
Commercial	\$	6,203	0.81 %	\$	5,256	0.95 %
Commercial real estate		5,377	0.31		5,044	0.35
Construction and land development		505	0.20		518	0.26
Total commercial loans		12,085	0.44		10,818	0.49
Residential real estate		2,742	0.46		2,750	0.61
Consumer		1,629	0.30		1,344	0.36
Lease financing		1,790	0.78		1,519	0.74
Total allowance for loan losses	\$	18,246	0.45	\$	16,431	0.51

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents the percentage of the allowance to total loans in the respective category.

The allowance and the balance of nonaccretable discounts represent our estimate of probable and reasonably estimable credit losses inherent in loans held for investment as of the respective balance sheet date. We assess the appropriateness of our allowance for non-PCI loans separately from our allowance for PCI loans.

The allowance for loan losses was \$18.2 million at June 30, 2018 compared to \$16.4 million at December 31, 2017. The increase in the allowance at June 30, 2018 compared to December 31, 2017 was mainly attributable to loan growth during first six months of 2018.

Individual loans considered to be uncollectible are charged off against the allowance. Factors used in determining the amount and timing of charge-offs on loans include consideration of the loan type, length of delinquency, sufficiency of collateral value, lien priority and the overall financial condition of the borrower. Collateral value is determined using updated appraisals and/or other market comparable information. Charge-offs are generally taken on loans once the impairment is determined to be other-than-temporary. Recoveries on loans previously charged off are added to the allowance. Net charge-offs to average loans were 0.11% and 0.28% for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and the year ended December 31, 2017, respectively.

Allowance for non-PCI loans. Our methodology for assessing the appropriateness of the allowance for non-PCI loans includes a general allowance for performing loans, which are grouped based on similar characteristics, and a specific allowance for individual impaired loans or loans considered by management to be in a high risk category. General allowances are established based on a number of factors, including historical loss rates, an assessment of portfolio trends and conditions, accrual status and economic conditions.

For commercial and commercial real estate loans, a specific allowance may be assigned to individual loans based on an impairment analysis. Loans are considered impaired when it is probable that we will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. The amount of impairment is based on an analysis of the most probable source of repayment, including the present value of the loan's expected future cash flows and the estimated market value or the fair value of the underlying collateral. Interest income on impaired loans is accrued as earned, unless the loan is placed on nonaccrual status.

Allowance for PCI loans. PCI loans are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of acquisition, with the estimated fair value including a component for estimated credit losses. An allowance related to PCI loans may be recorded subsequent to acquisition if a PCI loan pool experiences a decrease in expected cash flows as compared to the expected cash flows projected in the previous quarter. Loans considered to be uncollectible are initially charged off against the specific loan pool's non-accretable difference. When the pool's non-accretable difference has been fully utilized, uncollectible amounts are charged off against the corresponding allowance. The following table shows our allowance by loan portfolio and by non-PCI and PCI loans as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	June	e 30, 2018			December 31, 2017							
 	]	PCI Loans		Total	-	Non-PCI PCI Loans Loans		Tota				
\$ 5,639	\$	564	\$	6,203	\$	4,756	\$	500	\$	5,256		
4,976		401		5,377		4,708		336		5,044		
505		_		505		514		4		518		
11,120		965		12,085		9,978		840		10,818		
2,262		480		2,742		2,210		540		2,750		
1,480		149		1,629		1,195		149		1,344		
1,790		_		1,790		1,519		_		1,519		
\$ 16,652	\$	1,594	\$	18,246	\$	14,902	\$	1,529	\$	16,431		
	4,976 505 11,120 2,262 1,480 1,790	\$ 5,639 \$ 4,976 505 11,120 2,262 1,480 1,790	Loans         Loans           \$ 5,639         \$ 564           4,976         401           505         —           11,120         965           2,262         480           1,480         149           1,790         —	Non-PCI Loans         PCI Loans           \$ 5,639         \$ 564         \$ 4,976         401           505         —         11,120         965         2,262         480         1,480         149         1,790         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         — </td <td>Non-PCI Loans         PCI Loans         Total           \$ 5,639         \$ 564         \$ 6,203           4,976         401         5,377           505         —         505           11,120         965         12,085           2,262         480         2,742           1,480         149         1,629           1,790         —         1,790</td> <td>Non-PCI Loans         PCI Loans         Total           \$ 5,639         \$ 564         \$ 6,203         \$ 4,976           4,976         401         5,377           505         —         505           11,120         965         12,085           2,262         480         2,742           1,480         149         1,629           1,790         —         1,790</td> <td>Non-PCI Loans         PCI Loans         Total         Non-PCI Loans           \$ 5,639         \$ 564         \$ 6,203         \$ 4,756           4,976         401         5,377         4,708           505         —         505         514           11,120         965         12,085         9,978           2,262         480         2,742         2,210           1,480         149         1,629         1,195           1,790         —         1,790         1,519</td> <td>Non-PCI Loans         PCI Loans         Non-PCI Loans           \$ 5,639         \$ 564         \$ 6,203         \$ 4,756         \$ 4,976         \$ 401         5,377         4,708         \$ 505         514         \$ 505         514         \$ 505         514         \$ 505         \$ 2,262         480         2,742         2,210         \$ 1,480         149         1,629         1,195         1,790          1,790         1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,520         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519</td> <td>Non-PCI Loans         PCI Loans         Total         Non-PCI Loans         PCI Loans           \$ 5,639         \$ 564         \$ 6,203         \$ 4,756         \$ 500           4,976         401         5,377         4,708         336           505         —         505         514         4           11,120         965         12,085         9,978         840           2,262         480         2,742         2,210         540           1,480         149         1,629         1,195         149           1,790         —         1,790         1,519         —</td> <td>Non-PCI Loans         PCI Loans         Non-PCI Loans         PCI Loans           \$ 5,639         \$ 564         \$ 6,203         \$ 4,756         \$ 500         \$ 4,976         401         5,377         4,708         336         336         505         —         505         514         4         4         11,120         965         12,085         9,978         840         2,262         480         2,742         2,210         540         1,480         149         1,629         1,195         149         1,790         —         1,519         —</td>	Non-PCI Loans         PCI Loans         Total           \$ 5,639         \$ 564         \$ 6,203           4,976         401         5,377           505         —         505           11,120         965         12,085           2,262         480         2,742           1,480         149         1,629           1,790         —         1,790	Non-PCI Loans         PCI Loans         Total           \$ 5,639         \$ 564         \$ 6,203         \$ 4,976           4,976         401         5,377           505         —         505           11,120         965         12,085           2,262         480         2,742           1,480         149         1,629           1,790         —         1,790	Non-PCI Loans         PCI Loans         Total         Non-PCI Loans           \$ 5,639         \$ 564         \$ 6,203         \$ 4,756           4,976         401         5,377         4,708           505         —         505         514           11,120         965         12,085         9,978           2,262         480         2,742         2,210           1,480         149         1,629         1,195           1,790         —         1,790         1,519	Non-PCI Loans         PCI Loans         Non-PCI Loans           \$ 5,639         \$ 564         \$ 6,203         \$ 4,756         \$ 4,976         \$ 401         5,377         4,708         \$ 505         514         \$ 505         514         \$ 505         514         \$ 505         \$ 2,262         480         2,742         2,210         \$ 1,480         149         1,629         1,195         1,790          1,790         1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,520         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519         \$ 1,519	Non-PCI Loans         PCI Loans         Total         Non-PCI Loans         PCI Loans           \$ 5,639         \$ 564         \$ 6,203         \$ 4,756         \$ 500           4,976         401         5,377         4,708         336           505         —         505         514         4           11,120         965         12,085         9,978         840           2,262         480         2,742         2,210         540           1,480         149         1,629         1,195         149           1,790         —         1,790         1,519         —	Non-PCI Loans         PCI Loans         Non-PCI Loans         PCI Loans           \$ 5,639         \$ 564         \$ 6,203         \$ 4,756         \$ 500         \$ 4,976         401         5,377         4,708         336         336         505         —         505         514         4         4         11,120         965         12,085         9,978         840         2,262         480         2,742         2,210         540         1,480         149         1,629         1,195         149         1,790         —         1,519         —		

Provision for Loan Losses. In determining the allowance and the related provision for loan losses, we consider three principal elements: (i) valuation allowances based upon probable losses identified during the review of impaired commercial, commercial real estate, and construction and land development loans, (ii) allocations, by loan classes, on loan portfolios based on historical loan loss experience and qualitative factors, and (iii) valuation allowances on PCI loan pools based on decreases in expected cash flows. Provisions for loan losses are charged to operations to adjust the total allowance to a level deemed appropriate by us.

The following table provides an analysis of the allowance for loan losses, provision for loan losses and net charge-offs for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017:

		As of an Three Mon June				the ded		
(dollars in thousands)		2018		2017		2018		2017
Balance, beginning of period	\$	17,704	\$	15,805	\$	16,431	\$	14,862
Charge-offs:								
Commercial		1,120		728		1,145		737
Commercial real estate		99		174		259		470
Construction and land development		_		_		_		_
Residential real estate		103		155		139		327
Consumer		349		255		783		431
Lease financing		473		42		959		556
Total charge-offs		2,144		1,354		3,285		2,521
Recoveries:		<u> </u>						
Commercial		197		30		301		83
Commercial real estate		301		199		395		379
Construction and land development		20		12		45		35
Residential real estate		62		174		113		229
Consumer		147		68		242		116
Lease financing		105		32		144		250
Total recoveries	<u> </u>	832		515		1,240		1,092
Net charge-offs	-	1,312		839		2,045		1,429
Provision for loan losses		1,854		458		3,860		1,991
Balance, end of period	\$	18,246	\$	15,424	\$	18,246	\$	15,424
Gross loans, end of period	\$ 4,	095,811	\$ 3	3,184,063	\$ 4	,095,811	\$ 3	,184,063
Average loans	\$ 3,	982,958	\$ 2	2,621,139	\$3	,731,833	\$ 2	,491,844
Net charge-offs to average loans		0.13 %	ó	0.13 %		0.11 %		0.12 %
Allowance to total loans		0.45 %	6	0.48 %		0.45 %		0.48 %

Impaired Loans. The following table sets forth our nonperforming assets by asset categories as of the dates indicated. Impaired loans include nonaccrual loans, loans past due 90 days or more and still accruing interest and loans modified under troubled debt restructurings. The balances of impaired loans reflect the net investment in these assets, including deductions for purchase discounts. PCI loans are excluded from nonperforming status because we expect to fully collect their new carrying values, which reflect significant purchase discounts. If our expectation of reasonably estimable future cash flows from PCI loans deteriorates, the loans may be classified as nonaccrual loans and interest income will not be recognized until the timing and amount of future cash flows can be reasonably estimated.

(dollars in thousands)	J	une 30, 2018	Dec	ember 31, 2017
Impaired loans:				
Commercial	\$	2,010	\$	4,103
Commercial real estate		18,004		13,997
Construction and land development		820		843
Residential real estate		6,554		6,184
Consumer		186		287
Lease financing		768		1,346
Total impaired loans		28,342		26,760
Other real estate owned, non-covered/non-guaranteed		3,200		4,134
Nonperforming assets	\$	31,542	\$	30,894
Impaired loans to total loans		0.69 %		0.83 %
Nonperforming assets to total assets		0.55 %		0.70 %

We did not recognize any interest income on nonaccrual loans during the six months ended June 30, 2018 and the year ended December 31, 2017 while the loans were in nonaccrual status. Additional interest income that we would have recognized on these loans had they been current in accordance with their original terms was \$0.8 million and \$0.9 million during the six months ended June 30, 2018 and year ended December 31, 2017, respectively. We recognized interest income on commercial and commercial real estate loans modified under troubled debt restructurings of \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million during the six months ended June 30, 2018 and the year ended December 31, 2017, respectively.

We use a ten grade risk rating system to categorize and determine the credit risk of our loans. Potential problem loans include loans with a risk grade of 7, which are "special mention," and loans with a risk grade of 8, which are "substandard" loans that are not considered to be impaired. These loans generally require more frequent loan officer contact and receipt of financial data to closely monitor borrower performance. Potential problem loans are managed and monitored regularly through a number of processes, procedures and committees, including oversight by a loan administration committee comprised of executive officers and other members of the Bank's senior management team.

The following table presents the recorded investment of potential problem commercial loans (excluding PCI loans) by loan category at the dates indicated:

	 Comr Risk C		_	Comr Real Risk C	Esta	te	Land Development Risk Category					
(dollars in thousands)	7	8 (1)		7		8 (1)		7		8 (1)		Total
June 30, 2018	\$ 19,606	\$ 29,983	\$	19,655	\$	14,621	\$	_	\$		\$	83,865
December 31, 2017	12,588	27,419		12,260		14,770		_		_		67,037

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes only those 8-rated loans that are not included in impaired loans.

**Investment Securities.** Our investment strategy aims to maximize earnings while maintaining liquidity in securities with minimal credit risk. The types and maturities of securities purchased are primarily based on our current and projected liquidity and interest rate sensitivity positions.

The following table sets forth the book value and percentage of each category of investment securities at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017. The book value for investment securities classified as available for sale and equity securities is equal to fair market value.

	June 3 2018		December 201		
(dollars in thousands)	Book Value	% of Total	Book Value	% of Total	
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 24,595	3.4 %	\$ 27,718	6.1 %	
Government sponsored entity debt securities	76,276	10.8	25,211	5.6	
Agency mortgage-backed securities	363,061	51.3	232,387	51.6	
State and municipal securities	176,779	25.0	102,567	22.8	
Corporate securities	63,874	9.0	59,812	13.3	
Total investment securities, available for sale, at fair value	704,585	99.5 %	447,695	99.4 %	
Equity securities	3,416	0.5	2,830	0.6 %	
Total investment securities, at fair value	\$ 708,001	100.0 %	\$ 450,525	100.0 %	

The following table sets forth the book value, maturities and weighted average yields for our investment portfolio at June 30, 2018. The book value for investment securities classified as available for sale is equal to fair market value.

		June 30, 2018					
(dollars in thousands)		Book Value	% of Total Investment Securities	Weighted Average Yield			
Investment securities, available for sale							
U.S. Treasury securities:							
Maturing within one year	\$	5,034	0.7 %	2.4 %			
Maturing in one to five years		19,561	2.7	1.5			
Maturing in five to ten years		_	0.0	0.0			
Maturing after ten years		_	0.0	0.0			
Total U.S. Treasury securities	\$	24,595	3.4 %	1.7 %			
Government sponsored entity debt securities:							
Maturing within one year	\$	986	0.2 %	1.6 %			
Maturing in one to five years		59,703	8.4	2.4			
Maturing in five to ten years		15,098	2.1	2.5			
Maturing after ten years		489	0.1	2.6			
Total government sponsored entity debt securities	\$	76,276	10.8 %	2.4 %			
Agency mortgage-backed securities:							
Maturing within one year	\$	18,956	2.7 %	2.8 %			
Maturing in one to five years	<b>\$</b>	285,290	40.3	2.8			
Maturing in five to ten years		51,913	7.3	2.8			
Maturing after ten years		6,902	1.0	2.9			
Total agency mortgage-backed securities	\$	363,061	51.3 %	2.8 %			
State and municipal securities (1):							
Maturing within one year	\$	20,114	2.9 %	3.0 %			
Maturing in one to five years		50,354	7.1	3.8			
Maturing in five to ten years		72,037	10.2	4.1			
Maturing after ten years		34,274	4.8	3.9			
Total state and municipal securities	\$	176,779	25.0 %	3.9 %			
Corporate securities:							
Maturing within one year	\$	1.001	0.1 %	3.7 %			
Maturing in one to five years	<b>\$</b>	8,995	1.3	3.5			
Maturing in five to ten years		50,479	7.1	5.1			
Maturing after ten years		3,399	0.5	6.7			
Total corporate securities	\$	63,874	9.0 %	4.9 %			
Total investment securities, available for sale	\$	704,585	99.5 %	3.2 %			
Equity securities:							
No stated maturity	\$	3,416	0.5 %	2.3 %			
Total investment securities	\$ \$	708,001	100.0 %	3.2 %			

<sup>(1)</sup> Weighted average yield for tax-exempt securities are presented on a tax-equivalent basis assuming a federal income tax rate of 21%.

The table below presents the credit ratings at June 30, 2018 at fair value for our investment securities classified as available for sale.

				June 30	, 2018			
	Amortized	Estimated			Average Ci	redit Rating		
(dollars in thousands)	Cost	Fair Value	AAA	AA+/-	A+/-	BBB+/-	<bbb-< th=""><th>Not Rated</th></bbb-<>	Not Rated
Investment securities available for sale:								
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 25,038	\$ 24,595	\$ —	\$ 24,595	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Government sponsored entity debt securities	77,346	76,276	_	76,276	_	_	_	_
Agency mortgage-backed securities	367,485	363,061	16,407	346,654	_	_	_	_
State and municipal securities	174,500	176,779	30,211	114,268	11,773	5,885	736	13,906
Corporate securities	63,399	63,874	_	_	4,484	33,180	_	26,210
Total investment securities, available for sale	\$ 707,768	\$ 704,585	\$ 46,618	\$561,793	\$ 16,257	\$ 39,065	\$ 736	\$ 40,116

Cash and Cash Equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents increased \$61.1 million to \$276.3 million as of June 30, 2018 compared to December 31, 2017. This increase was primarily due to cash flows from financing activities and operating activities totaling \$32.1 million and \$50.1 million, respectively. These increases were offset in part by cash flows used in investing activities of \$21.1 million. Cash flows provided by financing activities primarily consisted of FHLB proceeds exceeding payments by \$165.7 million, offset in part by a \$82.4 million decrease in deposits, \$9.5 million in payments made on common dividends and a \$41.6 million decrease in short-term borrowings.

Cash provided by operating activities primarily reflected \$14.6 million of net income, \$18.4 million of proceeds received from sales of loans held for sale exceeding originations, and \$13.1 million of proceeds from the sale of residential MSR held for sale. Cash used in investing activities primarily reflected loan growth exceeding net cash flows received from investment security transactions and net cash received from the Alpine acquisition.

*Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets.* Goodwill was \$164.0 million at June 30, 2018 compared to \$98.6 million at December 31, 2017. Goodwill represents the excess of consideration paid in an acquisition over the fair value of the net assets acquired. The \$65.4 million increase during the first six months of 2018 primarily resulted from goodwill associated with the Alpine acquisition.

Our other intangible assets, which consist of core deposit and customer relationship intangibles, were \$41.1 million and \$16.9 million at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. The increase in other intangibles primarily reflected the impact of a \$21.1 million core deposit intangible and a \$6.3 million customer relationship intangible associated with the Alpine acquisition.

 $\it Liabilities.$  Total liabilities increased \$1.2 billion to \$5.1 billion at June 30, 2018 due primarily to the Alpine acquisition.

**Deposits.** We emphasize developing total client relationships with our customers in order to increase our retail and commercial core deposit bases, which are our primary funding sources. Our deposits consist of noninterest-bearing and interest-bearing demand, savings and time deposit accounts.

The following table summarizes our average deposit balances and weighted average rates for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017:

	June 30	, 2018	June 30	, 2017
(dollars in thousands)	Weighted Average Average Balance Rate Balance		Weighted Average Rate	
Deposits:				
Noninterest-bearing demand	\$ 1,025,308	_	\$ 579,977	_
Interest-bearing:				
Checking	1,001,628	0.23 %	762,842	0.23 %
Money market	820,662	0.66	450,594	0.35
Savings	465,478	0.16	197,518	0.14
Time, less than \$250,000	576,245	1.10	371,935	0.86
Time, \$250,000 and over	83,844	1.21	55,979	1.01
Time, brokered	210,959	2.00	277,697	1.41
Total interest-bearing	\$ 3,158,816	0.64 %	\$ 2,116,565	0.53 %
Total deposits	\$ 4,184,124	0.48 %	\$ 2,696,542	0.42 %

The following table sets forth the maturity of time deposits of \$250,000 or more and brokered time deposits as of June 30,2018:

	June 30, 2018									
	Maturity Within:									
	Three Three to Six Six to 12 After 12 Months or									
(dollars in thousands)		Less	I	Months		Months	]	Months		Total
Time, \$250,000 and over	\$	25,397	\$	6,911	\$	32,151	\$	16,726	\$	81,185
Brokered deposits		1,783		26,936		108,346		53,725		190,790
Total	\$	27,180	\$	33,847	\$	140,497	\$	70,451	\$	271,975

Total deposits increased \$1.0 billion to \$4.2 billion at June 30, 2018 as compared to December 31, 2017. This increase primarily resulted from \$1.1 billion of deposits added from the Alpine acquisition. At June 30, 2018, total deposits were comprised of 24.1% noninterest-bearing demand accounts, 56.0% interest-bearing transaction accounts and 19.9% of time deposits. At June 30, 2018, brokered time deposits totaled \$190.8 million, or 4.6% of total deposits, compared to \$190.3 million, or 6.1% of total deposits, at December 31, 2017.

**Short-Term Borrowings.** In addition to deposits, we use short-term borrowings, such as federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase, as a source of funds to meet the daily liquidity needs of

our customers and fund growth in earning assets. Short-term borrowings were \$114.5 million at June 30, 2018 compared to \$156.1 million at December 31, 2017. The weighted average interest rate on our short-term borrowings was 0.51% and 0.28% at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

*FHLB Advances and Other Borrowings.* FHLB advances and other borrowings totaled \$678.9 million and \$496.4 million as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. During the first six months of 2018, we increased FHLB advances at the Bank by \$166.0 million and assumed FHLB advances totaling \$18.1 million as a result of the Alpine acquisition.

#### **Capital Resources and Liquidity Management**

*Capital Resources.* Shareholders' equity is influenced primarily by earnings, dividends, issuances and redemptions of common stock and changes in accumulated other comprehensive income caused primarily by fluctuations in unrealized holding gains or losses, net of taxes, on available-for-sale investment securities.

Shareholders' equity increased \$143.0 million to \$592.5 million at June 30, 2018 as compared to December 31, 2017. The increase in shareholders' equity was due primarily to \$139.9 million of common equity issued for the Alpine acquisition. During the first six months of 2018, we generated net income of \$14.6 million, declared dividends to common shareholders of \$9.5 million and had an other comprehensive loss of \$4.1 million.

In conjunction with the acquisition of Alpine, the Company paid \$33.3 million in cash and issued 4,463,200 shares of Midland common stock upon closing of the transaction on February 28, 2018. Additionally, the Company issued \$40.0 million aggregate principal amount of subordinated debentures in October 2017, the proceeds of which were used to fund the payment of the cash portion of the merger consideration.

**Liquidity Management.** Liquidity refers to the measure of our ability to meet the cash flow requirements of depositors and borrowers, while at the same time meeting our operating, capital and strategic cash flow needs, all at a reasonable cost. We continuously monitor our liquidity position to ensure that assets and liabilities are managed in a manner that will meet all short-term and long-term cash requirements. We manage our liquidity position to meet the daily cash flow needs of customers, while maintaining an appropriate balance between assets and liabilities to meet the return on investment objectives of our shareholders.

Integral to our liquidity management is the administration of short-term borrowings. To the extent we are unable to obtain sufficient liquidity through core deposits, we seek to meet our liquidity needs through wholesale funding or other borrowings on either a short- or long-term basis.

Securities sold under agreements to repurchase, which are classified as secured borrowings, generally mature within one to four days from the transaction date. Securities sold under agreements to repurchase are reflected at the amount of cash received in connection with the transaction. The Bank may be required to provide additional collateral based on the fair value of the underlying securities. Investment securities with a carrying amount of \$118.9 million and \$157.2 million at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, were pledged for securities sold under agreements to repurchase.

The Company had available lines of credit of \$116.4 million and \$32.5 million at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, from the Federal Reserve Discount Window. The lines are collateralized by collateral agreements totaling \$139.0 million and \$36.5 million at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. There were no outstanding borrowings under these lines of credit at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

At June 30, 2018, the Company had federal funds lines of credit available totaling \$90.0 million. The lines of credit were unused at June 30, 2018.

The Company is a corporation separate and apart from the Bank and, therefore, must provide for its own liquidity. The Company's main source of funding is dividends declared and paid to us by the Bank. There are statutory, regulatory and debt covenant limitations that affect the ability of the Bank to pay dividends to the Company. Management believes that these limitations will not impact our ability to meet our ongoing short-term cash obligations.

#### **Regulatory Capital Requirements**

We are subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by the federal and state banking regulators. Failure to meet regulatory capital requirements may result in certain mandatory and possible additional discretionary actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on our financial statements. Under capital adequacy guidelines and the regulatory framework for "prompt corrective action", we must meet specific capital guidelines that involve quantitative measures of our assets, liabilities and certain off-balance sheet items as calculated under regulatory accounting policies.

The Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act and the Basel III regulatory capital reforms (the "Basel III Rule") have established capital standards for banks and bank holding companies. The table below summarizes the minimum capital requirements applicable to us under the Basel III Rule.

	Base	4 111
Ratio	Well Capitalized	Adequately Capitalized
Tier 1 leverage ratio	5.0 %	4.0 %
Common equity Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio	6.5	4.5
Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio	8.0	6.0
Total risk-based capital ratio	10.0	8.0

In addition to the minimum regulatory capital requirements set forth in the table above, the Basel III Rule implemented a "capital conservation buffer" that is added to the minimum requirements for capital adequacy purposes. A banking organization that fails to meet the required amount of the capital conservation buffer will be subject to limits on capital distributions (e.g., dividends, stock buybacks, etc.) and certain discretionary bonus payments to executive officers. For community banks, the capital conservation buffer requirement is being phased in over a three-year period beginning on January 1, 2016. The capital conservation buffer in 2016 was 0.625%, was 1.25% in 2017, is 1.875% in 2018 and will be fully phased in at 2.5% on January 1, 2019.

At June 30, 2018, the Company was considered to be "well-capitalized" with a Tier 1 leverage ratio of 8.16%, a common equity Tier 1 capital ratio of 8.28%, a Tier 1 capital ratio of 9.78% and a total capital ratio of 12.27%.

At June 30, 2018, Midland States Bank exceeded all regulatory capital requirements under the Basel III Rule and was considered to be "well-capitalized" with a Tier 1 leverage ratio of 10.34%, a common equity Tier 1 capital ratio of 11.76%, a Tier 1 capital ratio of 11.76% and a total capital ratio of 12.28%.

At June 30, 2018, Alpine Bank exceeded all regulatory capital requirements under the Basel III Rule and was considered to be "well-capitalized" with a Tier 1 leverage ratio of 8.14%, a common equity Tier 1 capital ratio of 11.75%, a Tier 1 capital ratio of 11.75% and a total capital ratio of 11.80%.

#### **Contractual Obligations**

The following table contains supplemental information regarding our total contractual obligations at June 30, 2018:

	Payments Due					
(dollars in thousands)	Less than One Year	One to Three Years	Three to Five Years	More than Five Years	Total	
Deposits without a stated maturity	\$3,330,852	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$3,330,852	
Time deposits	577,745	203,294	42,434	5,532	829,005	
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	114,536	_	_	_	114,536	
FHLB advances and other borrowings	41,667	156,016	411,190	70,000	678,873	
Operating lease obligations	1,508	5,087	4,135	3,660	14,390	
Subordinated debt	_	_	39,399	54,654	94,053	
Trust preferred debentures	_	_	_	47,559	47,559	
Total contractual obligations	\$4,066,308	\$ 364,397	\$497,158	\$ 181,405	\$5,109,268	

We believe that we will be able to meet our contractual obligations as they come due through the maintenance of adequate cash levels. We expect to maintain adequate cash levels through profitability, loan and securities repayment

and maturity activity and continued deposit gathering activities. We have in place various borrowing mechanisms for both short-term and long-term liquidity needs.

#### **Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

*Market Risk.* Market risk represents the risk of loss due to changes in market values of assets and liabilities. We incur market risk in the normal course of business through exposures to market interest rates, equity prices, and credit spreads. We have identified two primary sources of market risk: interest rate risk and price risk.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Overview. Interest rate risk is the risk to earnings and value arising from changes in market interest rates. Interest rate risk arises from timing differences in the repricings and maturities of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities (reprice risk), changes in the expected maturities of assets and liabilities arising from embedded options, such as borrowers' ability to prepay residential mortgage loans at any time and depositors' ability to redeem certificates of deposit before maturity (option risk), changes in the shape of the yield curve where interest rates increase or decrease in a nonparallel fashion (yield curve risk), and changes in spread relationships between different yield curves, such as U.S. Treasuries and LIBOR (basis risk).

Our board of directors' Asset-Liability Committee ("ALCO") establishes broad policy limits with respect to interest rate risk. ALCO establishes specific operating guidelines within the parameters of the board of directors' policies. In general, we seek to minimize the impact of changing interest rates on net interest income and the economic values of assets and liabilities. Our ALCO meets quarterly to monitor the level of interest rate risk sensitivity to ensure compliance with the board of directors' approved risk limits.

Interest rate risk management is an active process that encompasses monitoring loan and deposit flows complemented by investment and funding activities. Effective management of interest rate risk begins with understanding the dynamic characteristics of assets and liabilities and determining the appropriate interest rate risk posture given business forecasts, management objectives, market expectations, and policy constraints.

An asset sensitive position refers to a balance sheet position in which an increase in short-term interest rates is expected to generate higher net interest income, as rates earned on our interest-earning assets would reprice upward more quickly than rates paid on our interest-bearing liabilities, thus expanding our net interest margin. Conversely, a liability sensitive position refers to a balance sheet position in which an increase in short-term interest rates is expected to generate lower net interest income, as rates paid on our interest-bearing liabilities would reprice upward more quickly than rates earned on our interest-earning assets, thus compressing our net interest margin.

*Income Simulation and Economic Value Analysis*. Interest rate risk measurement is calculated and reported to the ALCO at least quarterly. The information reported includes period-end results and identifies any policy limits exceeded, along with an assessment of the policy limit breach and the action plan and timeline for resolution, mitigation, or assumption of the risk.

We use two approaches to model interest rate risk: Net Interest Income at Risk ("NII at Risk") and Economic Value of Equity ("EVE"). Under NII at Risk, net interest income is modeled utilizing various assumptions for assets, liabilities, and derivatives. EVE measures the period end market value of assets minus the market value of liabilities and the change in this value as rates change. EVE is a period end measurement.

The following table shows NII at Risk at the dates indicated:

	Net Interest Income Sensitivity					
	Immediate Change in Rates					
(dollars in thousands)		-50		+100		+200
June 30, 2018:						
Dollar change	\$	(1,250)	\$	(892)	\$	(2,294)
Percent change		(0.7)%		(0.5)%		(1.3)%
December 31, 2017:						
Dollar change	\$	(3,065)	\$	3,546	\$	6,504
Percent change		(2.2)%		2.6 %		4.7 %

We report NII at Risk to isolate the change in income related solely to interest earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities. The NII at Risk results included in the table above reflect the analysis used quarterly by management. It models immediate -50, +100 and +200 basis point parallel shifts in market interest rates. Due to the recent low level of short-term interest rates, the analysis reflects a declining interest rate scenario of 50 basis points, the point at which many assets and liabilities reach zero percent. With the recent increase in the relative level of rates during early 2018, the Company will resume reporting the -100 basis point scenario.

We are within board policy limits for the +100 and +200 basis point scenarios. There is no policy limit for the -50 basis point scenario. The NII at Risk reported at June 30, 2018, projects that our earnings exhibit decreased sensitivity to changes in interest rates compared to December 31, 2017.

The following table shows EVE at the dates indicated:

	 Economic Value of Equity Sensitivity					
	 Immediate Change in Rates					
(dollars in thousands)	 -50	+100			+200	
June 30, 2018:						
Dollar change	\$ (20,929)	\$	26,647	\$	46,192	
Percent change	(3.4)%		4.4 %		7.6 %	
December 31, 2017:						
Dollar change	\$ (20,384)	\$	29,803	\$	53,786	
Percent change	(4.6)%		6.7 %		12.0 %	

The EVE results included in the table above reflect the analysis used quarterly by management. It models immediate -50, +100 and +200 basis point parallel shifts in market interest rates. Due to the recent low level of short-term interest rates, the analysis reflects a declining interest rate scenario of 50 basis points, the point at which many assets and liabilities reach zero percent. With the recent increase in the relative level of rates during early 2018, the Company will resume reporting of the -100 basis point scenario.

We are within board policy limits for the +100 and +200 basis point scenarios. There is no policy limit for the -50 basis point scenario. The EVE reported at June 30, 2018 projects that as interest rates increase, the economic value of equity position will increase, and as interest rates decrease, the economic value of equity position will decrease. When interest rates rise, fixed rate assets generally lose economic value; the longer the duration, the greater the value lost. The opposite is true when interest rates fall.

*Price Risk.* Price risk represents the risk of loss arising from adverse movements in the prices of financial instruments that are carried at fair value and subject to fair value accounting. We have price risk from equity investments and investments in securities backed by mortgage loans.

# Item 3 - Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk are included under "Item 2 – Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk," appearing on pages 60 through 61 of this report.

#### Item 4 - Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures. The Company's management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, have evaluated the effectiveness of our "disclosure controls and procedures" (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")), as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on such evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of such period, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of that date to provide reasonable assurance that the information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC and that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and its Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

<u>Changes in internal control over financial reporting.</u> There have not been any changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the fiscal quarter to which this report relates that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

#### Part II - Other Information

#### Item 1 - Legal Proceedings

In the normal course of business, we are named or threatened to be named as a defendant in various lawsuits, none of which we expect to have a material effect on the Company. However, given the nature, scope and complexity of the extensive legal and regulatory landscape applicable to our business (including laws and regulations governing consumer protection, fair lending, fair labor, privacy, information security, and anti-money laundering and anti-terrorism), we, like all banking organizations, are subject to heightened legal and regulatory compliance and litigation risk. There are no material pending legal proceedings to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries is a party or of which any of their property is the subject.

# Item 1A - Risk Factors

There have been no material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in the "Risk Factors" section included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

# Item 2 – Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

# **Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities**

The following table sets forth information regarding the Company's repurchase of shares of its outstanding common stock during the second quarter of 2018.

	Total Number of Shares	Average Price Paid Per	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans	Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans
Period	Purchased (1)	Share	or Programs	or Programs
April 1 - 30, 2018	136	\$ 31.97	<del>-</del>	=
May 1 - 31, 2018	6,292	32.09	-	=
June 1 -30, 2018	1,855	34.41	-	-
Total	8,283	\$ 32.61		

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents shares of the Company's common stock repurchased under the employee stock purchase program and/or shares withheld to satisfy tax withholding obligations upon the vesting of awards of restricted stock. These shares were purchased pursuant to the terms of the applicable plan and not pursuant to a publicly announced repurchase plan or program.

# Item 6 – Exhibits

Exhibit	
No.	Description
3.5	Articles of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation of Midland States Bancorp, Inc., effective May 8,
	2018 – filed herewith.
31.1	Chief Executive Officer's Certification required by Rule 13(a) – filed herewith.
31.2	Chief Financial Officer's Certification required by Rule 13(a) – filed herewith.
32.1	Chief Executive Officer Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section
	906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 – filed herewith.
32.2	Chief Financial Officer Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section
	906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 – filed herewith.
101	Financial information from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended
	June 30, 2018, formatted in XBRL interactive data files pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T: (i)
	Consolidated Balance Sheets; (ii) Consolidated Statements of Income; (iii) Consolidated Statements of
	Comprehensive Income; (iv) Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity; (v) Consolidated
	Statements of Cash Flows; and (vi) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – filed herewith.

# **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

# MIDLAND STATES BANCORP, INC.

Date: August 8, 2018 By: /s/ Leon J. Holschbach

Leon J. Holschbach Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 8, 2018 By: /s/ Stephen A. Erickson

By: /s/ Stephen A. Erickson
Stephen A. Erickson
Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

# FORM **BCA 10.30** (rev. Dec. 2003) ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT Business Corporation Act

Secretary of State
Department of Business Services
501 S. Second St., Rm. 350
Springfield, IL 62756 217-782-1832 www.cyberdriveillinois.com

Remit payment in the form of a check or money order payable to Secretary of State.

		File # 67254171 Filing Fee: \$50 Approved:								
1.	Submit in duplicate Type or Print clearly in black ink Do not write above this line  Corporate Name (See Note 1 on page 4.): Midland States Bancorp, Inc.									
2.		nner of Adoption of Amendment:								
		e following amendment to the Articles of Incorporation was adopted on he manner indicated below:  May 7 ,2018  Month Day  Year								
	Mar	k an "X" in one box only.								
		By a majority of the incorporators, provided no directors were named in the Articles of Incorporation and no directors have been elected. (See Note 2 on page 4.)								
		By a majority of the board of directors, in accordance with Section 10.10, the Corporation having issued no shares as of the time of adoption of this amendment. (See Note 2 on page 4.)								
		By a majority of the board of directors, in accordance with Section 10.15, shares having been issued but shareholder action not being required for the adoption of the amendment. (See Note 3 on page 4.)								
	☑ By the shareholders, in accordance with Section 10.20, a resolution of the board of directors having been duly adopted and submitted to the shareholders. At a meeting of shareholders, not less than the minimum number of votes required by statute and by the Articles of Incorporation were voted in favor of the amendment. (See Note 4 on page 4.)									
	□ By the shareholders, in accordance with Sections 10.20 and 7.10, a resolution of the board of directors having been duly adopted and submitted to the shareholders. A consent in writing has been signed by shareholders having not less than the minimum number of votes required by statute and by the Articles of Incorporation. Shareholders who have not consented in writing have been given notice in accordance with Section 7.10. (See Notes 4 and 5 on page 4.)									
	☐ By the shareholders, in accordance with Section 10.20, a resolution of the board of directors having been duly adopt- ed and submitted to the shareholders. A consent in writing has been signed by all the shareholders entitled to vote on this amendment. (See Note 5 on page 4.)									
3.	<ul> <li>Text of Amendment:         <ul> <li>When amendment effects a name change, insert the New Corporate Name below. Use page 2 for all other amendments.</li> <li>Article I: Name of the Corporation:</li> </ul> </li> </ul>									
	New Name									
		(All changes other than name include on page 2.)								
		Page 1								
	Printed by authority of the State of Illinois. January 2015 - 1 - C 173.15									

#### **Text of Amendment**

b. If amendment affects the corporate purpose, the amended purpose is required to be set forth in its entirety.

# For more space, attach additional sheets of this size.

Article 5 of the Articles of Incorporation is amended to read in its entirety as follows:

- "Section 5.1. Size; Qualifications. The business and affairs of the corporation shall be managed by or under the direction of the board of directors, which shall consist of no fewer than seven (7) and no greater than thirteen (13) persons, as fixed from time to time by resolution of not less than two-thirds of the number of directors which immediately prior to such proposed change had been fixed, in the manner prescribed herein, by the board of directors of the corporation, provided, however, that the number of directors shall not be reduced as to shorten the term of any director at the time in office. Directors need not be residents of the State of Illinois and need not be shareholders of the corporation.
- Section 5.2 Powers. In addition to the powers and authority expressly conferred upon them by statute or by these Articles of Incorporation or the Bylaws of the corporation, the directors are hereby empowered to exercise all such powers and do all such acts and things as may be exercised or done by the corporation.
- Section 5.3 Classification of Board of Directors. The directors of the corporation shall be divided into three classes, Class I, Class II and Class III, as nearly equal in number as the then total number of directors constituting the entire board of directors permits with the term of office of one class expiring each year. Directors of Class I shall hold office for an initial term expiring at the 2011 annual meeting, directors of Class II shall hold office for an initial term expiring at the 2012 annual meeting and directors of Class III shall hold office for an initial term expiring at the 2013 annual meeting. At each annual meeting of shareholders, the successors to the class of directors whose term shall then expire shall be elected to hold office for a term expiring at the third succeeding annual meeting. Any vacancies in the board of directors for any reason, and any directorships resulting from any increase in the number of directors, may be filled by the board of directors, acting by not less than two-thirds of the directors then in office, although less than a quorum, and any directors so chosen shall hold office until the next election of the class for which such directors shall have been chosen and until their successors shall be elected and qualified. If the number of directors is changed, any increase or decrease in the number of directors shall be apportioned among the classes so as to maintain all classes as equal in number as possible.
- Section 5.4 Quorum. The greater of: (a) a majority of the directors at any time in office; and (b) one-third of the number of directors fixed pursuant to paragraph Section 5.1 of this Article shall constitute a quorum of the board of directors. If at any meeting of the board of directors there shall be less than such a quorum, a majority of the directors present may adjourn the meeting from time to time without further notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum shall be present.
- Section 5.5 Action at Meeting. Every act or decision done or made by a majority of the directors present at a meeting duly held at which a quorum is present shall be regarded as the act of the board of directors unless a greater number is required by law or by these articles of incorporation.

(CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE)

Section 5.6 Resignation and Removal of Directors. A director may resign at any time upon written notice to the board of directors. Notwithstanding any other provisions of these articles of incorporation or the bylaws of the corporation (and notwithstanding the fact that some lesser percentage may be specified by law, these articles of incorporation or the bylaws of the corporation), any director or the entire board of directors of the corporation may be removed at any time, but only for "cause" as defined below, and only by the affirmative vote of the holders of not less than 70% of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation entitled to vote generally in the election of directors (considered for this purpose as one class) cast at an annual meeting of shareholders or at a meeting of the shareholders for which the notice of the meeting names the director or directors to be removed at said meeting. For the purposes of removal of a director, "cause" shall be deemed to exist only if the director whose removal is proposed has been convicted of a felony by a court of competent jurisdiction or has been adjudged by a court of competent jurisdiction to be liable for gross negligence or willful misconduct in the performance of such director's duty to the Corporation and such adjudication is no longer subject to direct appeal.

Section 5.7 No Cumulative Voting. There shall be no cumulative voting for directors of the corporation.

Section 5.8 No Written Ballots. Elections of directors need not be by written ballot unless the bylaws of the corporation shall so provide."

4.	The manner, if not set forth in Article 3b, in which any exchange, reclassification or cancellation of issued shares, or a reduction of the number of authorized shares of any class below the number of issued shares of that class, provided for or effected by this amendment, is as follows (If not applicable, insert "No change"):								
	No Change								
5.	<ol> <li>a. The manner, if not set forth in Article 3b, in which said amendment effects a change in the amount of paid-in capital is as follows (if not applicable, insert "No change"): (Paid-in capital replaces the terms Stated Capital and Paid-in Surplus and is equal to the total of these accounts.)</li> </ol>								
	No Change								
	b. The amount of paid-in capital as changed by this am (Paid-in Capital replaces the terms Stated Capital a accounts.) (See Note 6 on page 4.)								
			Before Amendment	After A	Amendment				
	P	aid-in Capital:	\$	\$	No Change				
	Complete either Item 6 or Item 7 below	ν All signatures	must he in BLACK IN	(					
6	The undersigned Corporation has caused this statemen	· ·			ffirms under				
0.	penalties of perjury, that the facts stated herein are true		a daily dailionzed office	i wiio a	mms, unaci				
	Dated May 8	,2018 Midland	States Bancorp, Inc.						
	Month & Day	Year	Exact Name of Corp	oration					
	/o/ Davelog 1. Tuelog								
	/s/ Douglas J. Tucker  Any Authorized Officer's Signature								
	By: Douglas J. Tucker, Senior Vice President & Corporate Counsel								
	Name and Title (type or print)								
7.	If amendment is authorized pursuant to Section 10.10 type or print name and title. $ \\$	by the incorporate	ors, the incorporators m	ust sign	below, and				
	OR								
	If amendment is authorized by the directors pursuant to directors, or such directors as may be designated by								
	The undersigned affirms, under penalties of perjury, that	at the facts stated	herein are true and cor	rect.					
	Dated .								
	Month & Day Year								
		-							
	_								
					_				
	_								
	Pa	ge 3							
_					_				

#### NOTES AND INSTRUCTIONS

- State the true exact corporate name as it appears on the records of the Office of the Secretary of State BEFORE
  any amendments herein reported.
- 2. Incorporators are permitted to adopt amendments **ONLY** before any shares have been issued and before any directors have been named or elected. (§10.10)
- 3. Directors may adopt amendments without shareholder approval in only seven instances, as follows:
  - a. To remove the names and addresses of directors named in the Articles of Incorporation.
  - b. To remove the name and address of the initial registered agent and registered office, provided a statement pursuant to §5.10 is also filed.
  - c. To increase, decrease, create or eliminate the par value of the shares of any class, so long as no class or series of shares is adversely affected.
  - d. To split the issued whole shares and unissued authorized shares by multiplying them by a whole number, so long as no class or series is adversely affected thereby.
  - e. To change the corporate name by substituting the word "corporation," "incorporated," "company," "limited" or the abbreviation "corp.," "inc.," "co.," or "ltd." for a similar word or abbreviation in the name, or by adding a geographical attribution to the name.
  - f. To reduce the authorized shares of any class pursuant to a cancellation statement filed in accordance with \$9.05
  - g. To restate the Articles of Incorporation as currently amended. (§10.15)
- 4. All amendments not adopted under §10.10 or §10.15 require (1) that the board of directors adopt a resolution setting forth the proposed amendment and (2) that the shareholders approve the amendment.

Shareholder approval may be (1) by vote at a shareholders' meeting (either annual or special) or (2) by consent, in writing, without a meeting.

To be adopted, the amendment must receive the affirmative vote or consent of the holders of at least two-thirds of the outstanding shares entitled to vote on the amendment (but if class voting applies, then also at least a two-thirds vote within each class is required).

The Articles of Incorporation may supersede the two-thirds vote requirement by specifying any smaller or larger vote requirement not less than a majority of the outstanding shares entitled to vote and not less than a majority within each class when class voting applies. (§10.20)

- 5. When shareholder approval is by consent, all shareholders must be given notice of the proposed amendment at least five days before the consent is signed. If the amendment is adopted, shareholders who have not signed the consent must be promptly notified of the passage of the amendment. (§7.10 & §10.20)
- 6. In the event of an increase in paid-in capital, the corporation must pay all applicable franchise taxes, penalties and interest before this document can be accepted for filing.

#### CERTIFICATIONS REQUIRED BY RULE 13a-14(a) OR RULE 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

I, Leon J. Holschbach, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (the "Report") of Midland States Bancorp, Inc. (the "Registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this Report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this Report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this Report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this Report;
- 4. The Registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the Registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this Report is being prepared;
  - b) [Reserved]
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this Report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this Report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this Report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The Registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adverse affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

MIDLAND STATES BANCORP, INC.

Dated as of: August 8, 2018

/s/ Leon J. Holschbach Leon J. Holschbach Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

# CERTIFICATIONS REQUIRED BY RULE 13a-14(a) OR RULE 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

I, Stephen A. Erickson, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (the "Report") of Midland States Bancorp, Inc. (the "Registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this Report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this Report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this Report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this Report;
- 4. The Registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the Registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this Report is being prepared;
  - b) [Reserved]
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this Report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this Report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this Report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The Registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

MIDLAND STATES BANCORP, INC.

Dated as of: August 8, 2018 By: /s

Stephen A. Erickson
Stephen A. Erickson
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Acco

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

# CERTIFICATIONS PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Leon J. Holschbach, President and Chief Executive Officer of Midland States Bancorp, Inc. (the "Company") certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2018 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Sections 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

# MIDLAND STATES BANCORP, INC.

Dated as of: August 8, 2018 By: /s/ Leon J. Holschbach

Leon J. Holschbach Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

# **CERTIFICATIONS PURSUANT TO** 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

- I, Stephen A. Erickson, Chief Financial Officer of Midland States Bancorp, Inc. (the "Company") certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:
- (1) The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2018 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Sections 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

# MIDLAND STATES BANCORP, INC.

Dated as of: August 8, 2018 By: /s/ Stephen A. Erickson

Stephen A. Erickson

Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)